

Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.9536, -65.8565,
45.9800)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(76.9536, -65.8565,
45.9800) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(77.1011,
-65.9796, 46.0614)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	00EB0D
RGB	0, 235, 13
RGB Percent	0%, 92%, 5%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0784, 0.9489
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.94, 0.08
HSL	123°, 100%, 46%
HSV	123°, 100%, 92%
XYZ	29.7810, 59.4458, 10.2854
YIQ	139.4270, -68.7980, -118.8620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

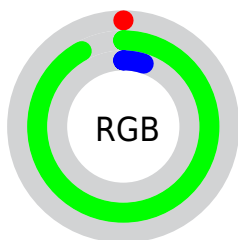
Format	Color
RYB	0, 223, 235
Decimal	60173
CIELab	81.54, -80.81, 77.08
CIELCh	82, 111.677, 136.355
Yxy	59.4483, 0.2993, 0.5974
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278250253 (0xFF00EB0D)
YUV	139.4270, -62.3285, -122.2775
Hunter-Lab	77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614

Details

The HunterLab color **77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF33**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **47.8911, 93.0242, -54.3965**, and the grayscale version is **51.2448, -2.7343, 2.7842**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.0935, -61.0300, 45.8603**, and **56.0752, -48.0845, 33.7115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.1027, -65.9807, 46.0617**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.2852, -65.0796, 45.2500**.

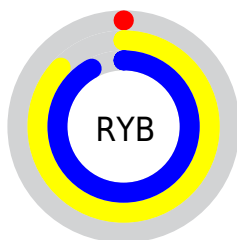
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (92%)

Blue (5%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (92%)

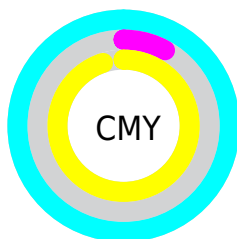


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (8%)


Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 77.1011, -65.9796,
46.0614


 77.1011, -65.9796,
46.0614


205.5629,
-105.4683, 85.2668


 65.5546, -60.7503,
40.9306


 101.9946,
-75.7479, 55.7302

 54.6487, -55.2233,
35.5756


 115.2840,
-80.3558, 60.3100


 44.4252, -49.3298,
29.9985


 129.1053,
-84.8150, 64.7456

 34.9332, -42.9742,
24.4532

 143.4386,
-89.1454, 69.0535

 26.2341, -36.0238,
18.3639

 158.2663,
-93.3635, 73.2480

 18.4081, -29.3686,
12.8857


 173.5724,

 11.5664, -20.2411,


-97.4827, 77.3414


8.0965


189.3423,
-101.5144, 81.3446


 4.1255, -7.2196,
2.8878


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 77.1011, -65.9796,
46.0614


 77.1011, -65.9796,
46.0614


 77.1027, -65.9807,
46.0617


 77.2852, -65.0796,
45.2500


 77.6680, -63.2230,
43.7543


 78.3030, -60.1943,
41.5048


 79.2179, -55.9014,
38.4618

 80.4311, -50.3124,
34.6196

 81.9538, -43.4467,
30.0016

 83.7902, -35.3659,
24.6555

 85.9393, -26.1635,
18.6466

 88.3952, -15.9540,
12.0516

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.1027, -31.3305, 51.5951



77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614



77.1027, -81.5197, 24.1170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.1027, -65.9806, 46.0617



77.1027, -27.2011, -167.7324



77.1027, 123.5675, 27.2238

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614



47.8911, 93.0242, -54.3965

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.1027, 125.5817, -23.0529



77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614



77.1027, 27.4853, -164.4631

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.1027, -65.9806, 46.0617



77.1027, -63.6812, -107.5667



77.1027, 86.7436, -100.4071



77.1027, 81.8261, 46.9951

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614



77.1027, -82.7765, -7.6055



77.1027, 86.7436, -100.4071



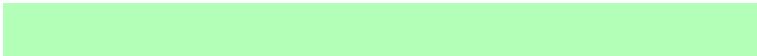
77.1027, 129.2422, 14.3858

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.1027, -65.9806, 46.0617



91.8980, -38.9272, 27.1332



86.6877, -27.7047, 52.9315



42.1029, -19.8158, 13.7434

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.1027, -65.9806, 46.0617



84.5885, -72.3992, 50.5609



78.1094, -59.7039, 31.2536



41.0800, -7.1375, 5.4215



57.5240, -49.1903, 34.2878



16.1343, -13.6912, 9.3889

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.8911, 93.0242, -54.3965



52.5383, 102.0456, -59.6326



43.2416, 76.4470, 9.3796



39.1133, 3.0947, -1.1922



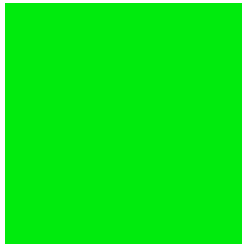
35.7359, 69.4278, -40.6975



10.0360, 19.5319, -11.6921

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

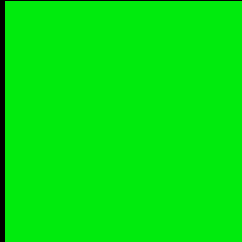
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

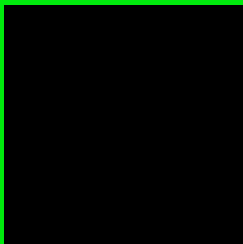
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

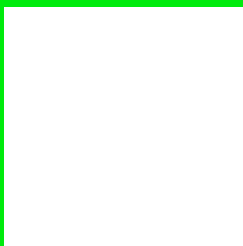
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614.

-65.9796, 46.0614.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

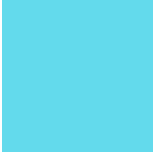
77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614

Protanopia

76.1197, -10.6820, 46.7176

Deuteranopia

76.0068, 5.9666, 44.4052



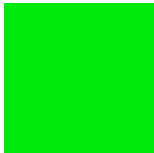


Tritanopia

76.7148, -28.7135, -14.5634

Trichromacy

	Original Color 77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614
	Protanomaly 73.1633, -41.8561, 44.2338
	Deuteranomaly 71.9417, -34.2971, 42.2185
	Tritanomaly 75.3224, -49.7666, 21.1323

Monochromacy

	Original Color 77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614
	Achromatopsia 50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607
	Achromatomaly 57.5649, -35.1979, 24.1887

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 235, 13)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 235, 13)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 235, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 235, 13) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 235, 13) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 235, 13) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 235, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 235, 13); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 235, 13);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 235, 13)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 77.1011, -65.9796, 46.0614 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 235, 13) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 235,  
13) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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