

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(77.0998, -5.1792,  
15.0422)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(77.0998, -5.1792,  
15.0422) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(77.0093, -4.9165,  
14.9386)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3CAB2
RGB	211, 202, 178
RGB Percent	83%, 79%, 70%
CMY	0.1725, 0.2078, 0.3020
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.16, 0.17
HSL	44°, 27%, 76%
HSV	44°, 16%, 83%
XYZ	56.0204, 59.3043, 50.6138
YIQ	201.9550, 13.0680, -5.5560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

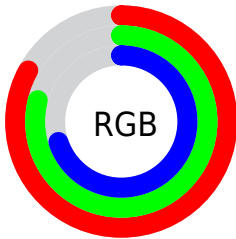
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	190, 211, 178
Decimal	13879986
CIELab	81.46, -0.86, 13.10
CIElCh	81, 13.133, 93.777
Yxy	59.3070, 0.3376, 0.3574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292070066 (0xFFD3CAB2)
YUV	201.9550, -11.8098, 7.9325
Hunter-Lab	77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386

# Details

The HunterLab color  $77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $70.5037, -2.1392, -8.4198$ , and the grayscale version is  $76.8788, -4.1021, 4.1770$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99.3582, -8.8632, 14.6183$ , and  $54.5238, -3.7440, 12.4337$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $74.7491, -4.8714, 20.7084$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $79.3540, -4.6212, 8.3993$ .

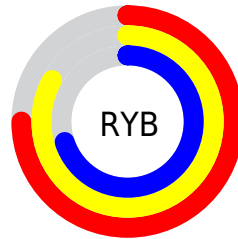
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (79%)

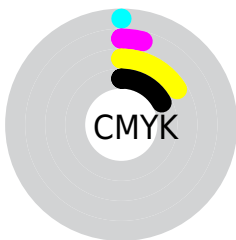
Blue (70%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (70%)

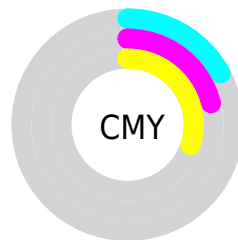


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77.0093, -4.9165,  
14.9386

■ 77.0093, -4.9165,  
14.9386

205.4358,  
-12.0907, 26.6685

■ 65.4678, -4.2595,  
13.6522

■ 101.8939, -6.3268,  
17.5070

■ 54.5669, -3.6321,  
12.3554

115.1792, -7.0734,  
18.7936

■ 44.3489, -3.0382,  
11.0416

128.9964, -7.8470,  
20.0854

■ 34.8628, -2.4796,  
9.6994

143.3258, -8.6466,  
21.3839

■ 26.1701, -1.9586,  
8.3107

158.1497, -9.4715,  
22.6906

■ 18.3512, -1.4779,  
6.8458

173.4522,

■ 11.5177, -1.0405,

-10.3209, 24.0064

5.6674

189.2186,  
-11.1942, 25.3322

■ 4.0204, -1.1523,  
2.8143

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.0093, -4.9165,  
14.9386

■ 77.0093, -4.9165,  
14.9386

■ 74.7491, -4.8714,  
20.7084

■ 79.3540, -4.6212,  
8.3993

■ 72.5710, -4.4682,  
25.6702

■ 81.7752, -3.9925,  
1.1257

■ 70.4793, -3.7005,  
29.7953

■ 84.2716, -3.0470,  
-6.8415

■ 68.4759, -2.5641,  
33.0615

■ 86.5599, -3.3288,  
-11.5229

66.5621, -1.0600,  
35.4590

88.3679, -6.3298,  
-9.1355

64.7384, 0.8032,  
36.9945

90.1984, -9.3087,  
-6.7716

63.0035, 3.0070,  
37.7001

92.0504, -12.2657,  
-4.4309

61.3539, 5.5178,  
37.6473

93.9233, -15.2011,  
-2.1131

60.6546, 6.6690,  
37.4918

95.8163, -18.1152,  
0.1822

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.0110, 1.3765, 13.9328



77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386



77.0110, -10.8080, 13.2652

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.0110, -4.9187, 14.9397



77.0110, -14.0362, -2.5743



77.0110, 7.1904, -1.1387

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386



70.5037, -2.1392, -8.4198

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.0110, 2.8183, -6.1402



77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386



77.0110, -9.4533, -7.0152

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.0110, -4.9187, 14.9397



77.0110, -15.9628, 3.4202



77.0110, -3.3045, -8.3700



77.0110, 8.4992, 4.9557



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386



77.0110, -13.7513, 10.7670



77.0110, -3.3045, -8.3700



77.0110, 6.0234, -3.0194

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.0110, -4.9187, 14.9397



98.4928, -5.6913, 9.9042



70.2092, 8.8104, 3.5481



45.4702, -2.6523, 4.8643

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.0110, -4.9187, 14.9397



94.4055, -6.1232, 21.1721



79.1326, -11.7304, 16.9971



36.3728, -2.2125, 5.0757



47.3083, 4.8370, 29.2358



11.7459, 0.1529, 7.2404



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.5037, -2.1392, -8.4198



84.5457, -1.8834, -14.2826



68.4673, 4.5995, -11.0980



34.5465, -1.4386, -1.4670



21.8696, 27.5800, -86.8725

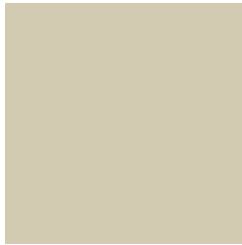


6.3313, 3.5196, -15.5113



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

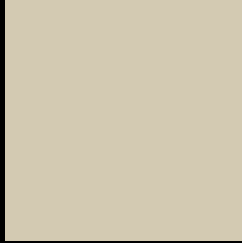
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

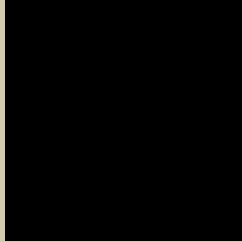
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

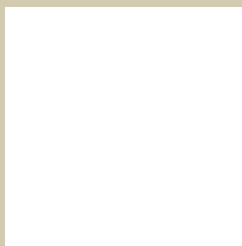
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386.



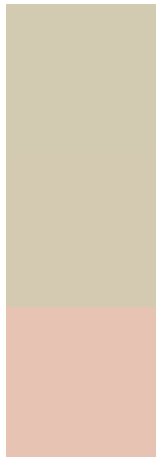
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.0093, -4.9165,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386

### Protanopia

77.1054, -4.5813, 15.0441

### Deuteranopia

76.8816, 5.4236, 14.5797



## Tritanopia

77.0296, 4.9203, -0.9021

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386

## Protanomaly

77.1054, -4.5813, 15.0441

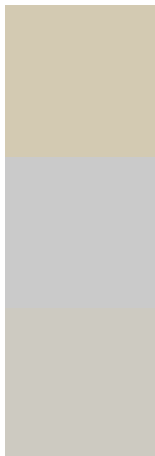
## Deuteranomaly

77.0265, 1.3782, 14.6600

## Tritanomaly

77.0150, 0.9971, 5.4064

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386

## Achromatopsia

76.8517, -4.1006, 4.1755

## Achromatomaly

76.8573, -4.6199, 8.3580

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 202, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 202, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 202, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 202, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 202, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 202, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 202, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 202, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 202, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 202,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 77.0093, -4.9165, 14.9386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 202, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
202, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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