

Converting Colors

HunterLab(77.2459, -0.7110,
-11.0115)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(77.2459, -0.7110,
-11.0115) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(77.2459, -0.7110,
-11.0115)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | C3CAE8 |
| RGB | 195, 202, 232 |
| RGB Percent | 76%, 79%, 91% |
| CMY | 0.2353, 0.2078, 0.0902 |
| CMYK | 0.16, 0.13, 0.00, 0.09 |
| HSL | 229°, 45%, 84% |
| HSV | 229°, 16%, 91% |
| XYZ | 58.1916, 59.6693, 84.7941 |
| YIQ | 203.3270, -13.8020, 7.8460 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

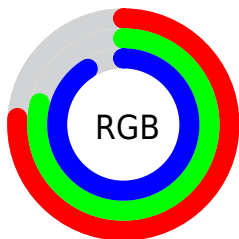
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _{YB} | 195, 201, 232 |
| Decimal | 12831464 |
| CIE Lab | 81.66, 3.62, -15.63 |
| CIE LCh | 82, 16.043, 283.053 |
| Yxy | 59.6718, 0.2871, 0.2944 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4291021544 (0xFFC3CAE8) |
| YUV | 203.3270, 14.1358, -7.3028 |
| Hunter-Lab | 77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115 |

Details

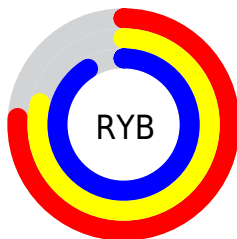
The HunterLab color $77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $86.5714, -7.0557, 17.8609$, and the grayscale version is $77.3657, -4.1280, 4.2034$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99.7173, -6.3204, 5.0828$, and $54.7514, 0.0703, -10.7404$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $69.6577, 2.4053, -22.0169$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $85.0750, -3.3810, -0.8422$.

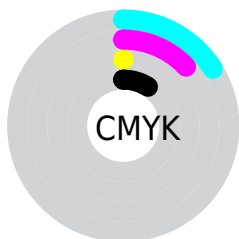
Distribution



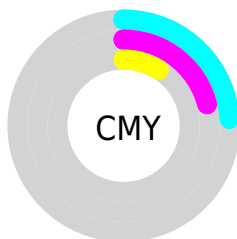
- Red (76%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 77.2459, -0.7110,
-11.0115

■ 77.2459, -0.7110,
-11.0115

205.7637, -6.2777,
-8.9935

■ 65.6918, -0.2715,
-10.9875

102.1535, -1.7148,
-10.8857

■ 54.7778, 0.1250,
-10.9027

115.4496, -2.2714,
-10.7461

■ 44.5457, 0.4728,
-10.7510

129.2772, -2.8622,
-10.5589

■ 35.0444, 0.7668,
-10.5276

143.6167, -3.4856,
-10.3269

■ 26.3352, 0.9995,
-10.2290

158.4503, -4.1400,
-10.0524

■ 18.4980, 1.1608,
-9.8582

173.7621, -4.8243,

■ 11.6434, 1.2345,

-9.7374

-9.4426

189.5376, -5.5372,
-9.3839

4.2862, 3.4547,
-15.4161

0.0000, NaN, -NF

77.2459, -0.7110,
-11.0115

77.2459, -0.7110,
-11.0115

69.6577, 2.4053,
-22.0169

85.0750, -3.3810,
-0.8422

62.3439, 6.0889,
-34.0825

93.1109, -5.6907,
8.6610

55.3569, 10.4879,
-47.4747

99.3007, -9.1805,
15.4443

48.7662, 15.7840,
-62.4942

■ 42.6670, 22.1750,
-79.4091

■ 37.1897, 29.8093,
-98.2754

■ 32.5052, 38.6206,
-118.5485

■ 28.8116, 48.0274,
-138.5117

■ 27.6057, 51.6741,
-146.0542

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.2475, -8.4454, -10.7111



77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115



77.2475, 6.3722, -6.9533

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.2475, -0.7124, -11.0101



77.2475, 7.1315, 13.3167



77.2475, -17.9435, 8.2455

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115



86.5714, -7.0557, 17.8609

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.2475, -14.0916, 13.9124



77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115



77.2475, 0.2907, 16.6352

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.2475, -0.7124, -11.0101



77.2475, 11.0202, 7.3554



77.2475, -7.4811, 16.8419



77.2475, -18.1880, 0.9156

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115



77.2475, 9.6907, -2.5378



77.2475, -7.4811, 16.8419



77.2475, -17.0348, 10.3895

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.2475, -0.7124, -11.0101



95.5210, -4.0161, 0.0661



86.4470, -17.2746, 4.3049



43.9033, -1.7687, -0.3249

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.2475, -0.7124, -11.0101



83.2999, 0.2409, -16.0053



76.1537, 6.3437, -12.4022



37.8501, -1.1457, -1.9862



20.8952, 37.3441, -106.7325



6.6973, 6.9977, -23.4772

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.7507, 9.6184, 5.4659



84.0305, 13.9681, 6.3195



87.7558, -14.2475, 18.9421



37.9636, 1.6839, 2.3617



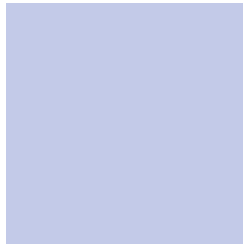
31.0459, 53.5350, 17.2088



8.5145, 14.8297, 3.5761

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

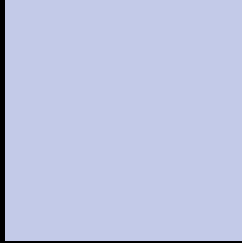
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

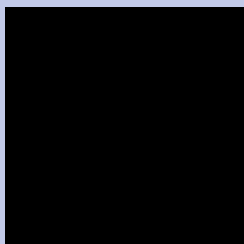
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115.

-11.0115.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115

Protanopia

77.1677, 0.5047, -10.5273

Deuteranopia

77.2536, 5.5533, -11.4645



Tritanopia

77.2596, -4.6592, -4.4362

Trichromacy



Original Color

77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115

Protanomaly

77.0799, 0.2044, -10.6528

Deuteranomaly

77.0886, 3.4702, -11.7293

Tritanomaly

77.1771, -3.0912, -6.6745

Monochromacy



Original Color

77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115

Achromatopsia

77.2788, -4.1234, 4.1987

Achromatomaly

77.3604, -3.1377, -1.1438

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 202, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 202, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 202, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 202, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 202, 232) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 202, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 202, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 202, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 202, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 202,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 77.2459, -0.7110, -11.0115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 202, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
202, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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