

Converting Colors

HunterLab(77.3569, -3.9663,
3.0157)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(77.3569, -3.9663, 3.0157)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(77.2817, -3.9264,
2.7536)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CACBCE
RGB	202, 203, 206
RGB Percent	79%, 80%, 81%
CMY	0.2078, 0.2039, 0.1922
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	225°, 4%, 80%
HSV	225°, 2%, 81%
XYZ	56.8536, 59.7246, 66.9239
YIQ	203.0430, -1.5590, 0.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	202, 203, 206
Decimal	13290446
CIE Lab	81.69, 0.21, -1.62
CIE LCh	82, 1.632, 277.519
Yxy	59.7272, 0.3098, 0.3255
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291480526 (0xFFCACBCE)
YUV	203.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147
Hunter-Lab	77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536

Details

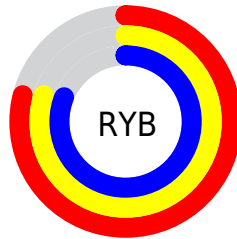
The HunterLab color $77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $78.1332, -4.3529, 5.6671$, and the grayscale version is $77.2931, -4.1242, 4.1995$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $54.8250, -2.7373, 1.6099$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $70.7901, -2.3876, -5.3284$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $83.9352, -5.1788, 10.3820$.

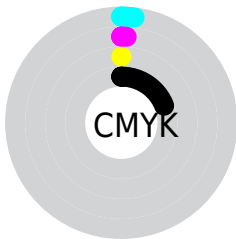
Distribution



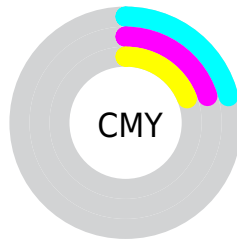
- Red (79%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 77.2817, -3.9264,
2.7536

■ 77.2817, -3.9264,
2.7536

205.8134,
-10.7161, 9.1997

■ 65.7258, -3.3213,
2.2006

102.1929, -5.2391,
3.9716

■ 54.8098, -2.7494,
1.6855

115.4906, -5.9403,
4.6303

■ 44.5755, -2.2146,
1.2127

129.3198, -6.6702,
5.3203

■ 35.0720, -1.7198,
0.7859

143.6608, -7.4277,
6.0404

■ 26.3602, -1.2684,
0.4102

158.4958, -8.2119,
6.7894

■ 18.5202, -0.8651,
0.0925

173.8091, -9.0218,

■ 11.6624, -0.5165,

7.5663

-0.1570

189.5860, -9.8568,
8.3700

■ 4.3250, -0.0158,
-1.3155

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.2817, -3.9264,
2.7536

■ 77.2817, -3.9264,
2.7536

■ 70.7901, -2.3876,
-5.3284

■ 83.9352, -5.1788,
10.3820

■ 64.4753, -0.4926,
-13.9764

■ 90.7298, -6.1899,
17.6401

■ 58.3642, 1.8390,
-23.3237

■ 96.7758, -10.0870,
23.6813

■ 52.4893, 4.7112,
-33.5329

■ 98.6085, -13.0134,
25.4243

■ 46.8933, 8.2532,
-44.7902

■ 41.6328, 12.6158,
-57.2842

■ 36.7827, 17.9536,
-71.1447

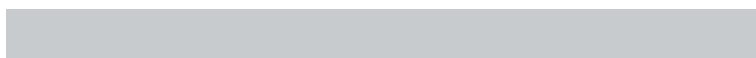
■ 32.4402, 24.3688,
-86.3075

■ 28.7243, 31.7877,
-102.2739

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.2834, -4.7100, 2.8544



77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536



77.2834, -3.1970, 3.0474

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.2834, -3.9282, 2.7549



77.2834, -2.9147, 5.0849



77.2834, -5.5317, 4.7593

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536



78.1332, -4.3529, 5.6671

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.2834, -5.0542, 5.3484



77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536



77.2834, -3.5439, 5.5350

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.2834, -3.9282, 2.7549



77.2834, -2.6103, 4.3963



77.2834, -4.3272, 5.6310



77.2834, -5.6337, 4.0167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536



77.2834, -2.8373, 3.4237



77.2834, -4.3272, 5.6310



77.2834, -5.4098, 4.9816

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.2834, -3.9282, 2.7549



99.1497, -5.1624, 4.4313



78.1694, -5.6306, 4.2924



45.8907, -2.3924, 2.0731

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.2834, -3.9282, 2.7549



98.3015, -4.9853, 3.4236



77.0619, -3.1236, 2.5038



35.8768, -1.8267, 1.3013



20.9045, 28.9356, -88.5924



5.9147, 3.4724, -14.8889

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.2501, -2.6590, 4.1882



98.2575, -3.3008, 5.3269



78.3558, -5.1586, 5.9106



35.8618, -1.2571, 1.9444



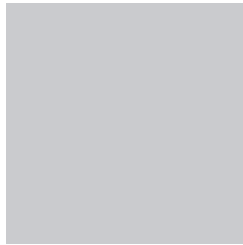
28.7126, 49.7429, 14.1220



6.6171, 11.6498, 1.8128

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

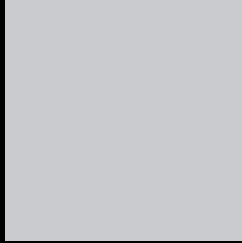
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

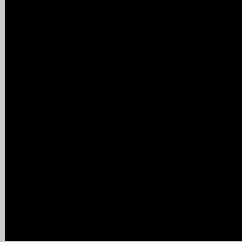
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

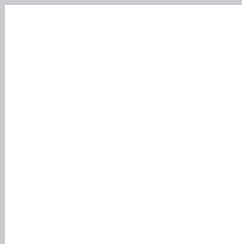
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536.



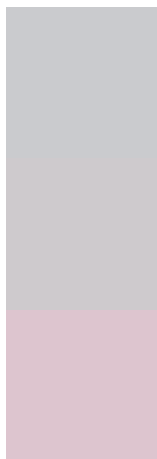
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.2817, -3.9264,

2.7536.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536

Protanopia

77.3115, -2.3206, 3.3042

Deuteranopia

77.3367, 5.5639, 2.4956



Tritanopia

77.2143, -0.3202, -2.8334

Trichromacy



Original Color

77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536

Protanomaly

77.2192, -2.6398, 3.1887

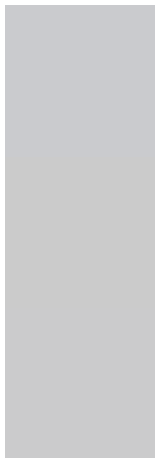
Deuteranomaly

77.2321, 2.1703, 2.3104

Tritanomaly

77.2927, -1.8727, -0.6939

Monochromacy



Original Color

77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536

Achromatopsia

77.2788, -4.1234, 4.1987

Achromatomaly

77.3098, -3.9539, 3.7574

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 203, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 203, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 203, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 203, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 203, 206) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 203, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 203, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 203, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 203, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 203,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 77.2817, -3.9264, 2.7536 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 203, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
203, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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