

Converting Colors

HunterLab(77.3664, -2.9746,
4.9847)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(77.3664, -2.9746, 4.9847)
contains.

HunterLab(77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(77.2186, -2.8275,
4.6287)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CECACA
RGB	206, 202, 202
RGB Percent	81%, 79%, 79%
CMY	0.1922, 0.2078, 0.2078
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.19
HSL	0°, 4%, 80%
HSV	0°, 2%, 81%
XYZ	57.2348, 59.6271, 64.3697
YIQ	203.1960, 2.3840, 0.8480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

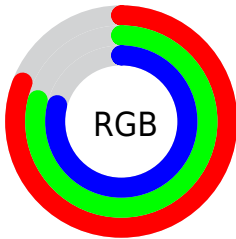
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 202, 202
Decimal	13552330
CIE Lab	81.64, 1.38, 0.48
CIE LCh	82, 1.464, 19.211
Yxy	59.6297, 0.3158, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291742410 (0xFFCECACACA)
YUV	203.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591
Hunter-Lab	77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287

Details

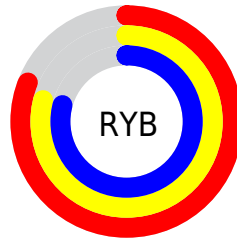
The HunterLab color $77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $78.2014, -5.4473, 3.8198$, and the grayscale version is $77.3658, -4.1280, 4.2034$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $54.7662, -1.6985, 3.3857$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $70.4945, 4.3688, 6.5653$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $84.2514, -9.7336, 2.8143$.

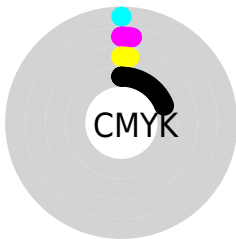
Distribution



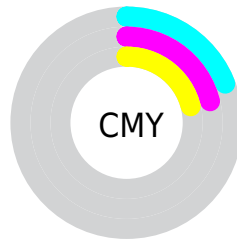
- Red (81%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 77.2186, -2.8275,
4.6287

■ 77.2186, -2.8275,
4.6287

205.7259, -9.1956,
11.7905

■ 65.6660, -2.2799,
3.9784

102.1236, -4.0338,
6.0274

■ 54.7535, -1.7687,
3.3605

115.4185, -4.6851,
6.7707

■ 44.5230, -1.2986,
2.7781

129.2449, -5.3670,
7.5421

■ 35.0235, -0.8734,
2.2336

143.5832, -6.0782,
8.3407

■ 26.3162, -0.4979,
1.7296

158.4157, -6.8177,
9.1657

■ 18.4811, -0.1788,
1.2696

173.7264, -7.5843,

■ 11.6289, 0.0736,

10.0161

0.8583

189.5009, -8.3772,
10.8912

4.2564, 1.1876,
0.7007

0.0000, NaN, NaN

77.2186, -2.8275,
4.6287

77.2186, -2.8275,
4.6287

70.4945, 4.3688,
6.5653

84.2514, -9.7336,
2.8143

64.1268, 11.8870,
8.6327

91.5464, -16.3804,
1.1034

58.1837, 19.7227,
10.8359

95.8447, -20.1079,
0.1822

52.7484, 27.8142,
13.1598

■ 47.9215, 35.9917,
15.5542

■ 43.8177, 43.9190,
17.9142

■ 40.5521, 51.0600,
20.0681

■ 38.2124, 56.7464,
21.7984

■ 36.8171, 60.4083,
22.9162

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.2203, -2.7771, 3.9595



77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287



77.2203, -3.2294, 5.1813

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.2203, -2.8294, 4.6299



77.2203, -5.1566, 5.0480



77.2203, -4.3801, 2.9150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287



78.2014, -5.4473, 3.8198

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.2203, -5.0154, 3.2123



77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287



77.2203, -5.4626, 4.4463

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.2203, -2.8294, 4.6299



77.2203, -4.5737, 5.4211



77.2203, -5.4110, 3.7742



77.2203, -3.6741, 2.9653

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287



77.2203, -3.6387, 5.4091



77.2203, -5.4110, 3.7742



77.2203, -4.6090, 2.9778

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.2203, -2.8294, 4.6299



99.1070, -4.4332, 5.6724



77.3434, -2.1498, 2.8577



45.8719, -2.0717, 2.6188

0.0000, NaN, NaN



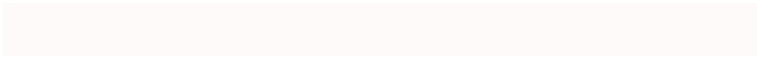
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.2203, -2.8294, 4.6299



98.2180, -3.5269, 5.9131



77.8285, -3.8463, 5.3222



35.8485, -1.3336, 2.1426



28.4310, 48.6600, 18.3709



6.4620, 11.0370, 4.1751

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.2014, -5.4473, 3.8198



99.5202, -7.0014, 4.8379



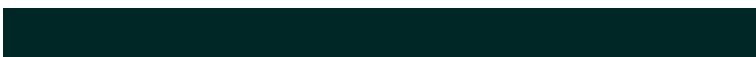
77.5883, -4.4347, 3.1099



36.2888, -2.5084, 1.7791



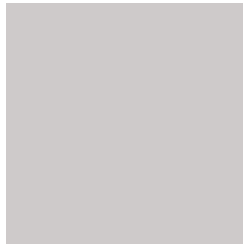
54.6554, -28.9437, -5.8335



12.4163, -6.5767, -1.3220

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

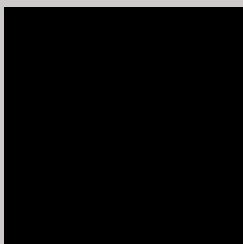
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

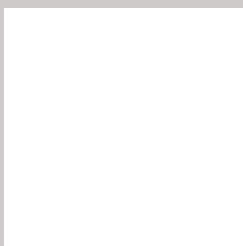
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287.



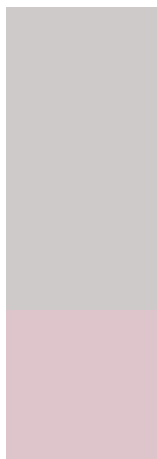
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.2186, -2.8275,

4.6287.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287

Protanopia

77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287

Deuteranopia

77.0203, 5.7604, 4.0669



Tritanopia

77.2504, 1.2828, -2.2376

Trichromacy



Original Color

77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287

Protanomaly

77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287

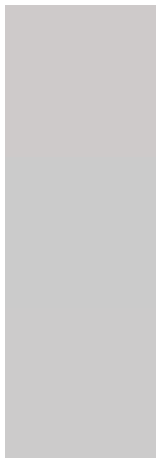
Deuteranomaly

77.0058, 2.6803, 3.9959

Tritanomaly

77.2928, -0.4475, 0.3459

Monochromacy



Original Color

77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287

Achromatopsia

77.2788, -4.1234, 4.1987

Achromatomaly

77.3699, -3.8068, 4.3114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 202, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 202, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 202, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 202, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 202, 202) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 202, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 202, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 202, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 202, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 202,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 77.2186, -2.8275, 4.6287 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 202, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
202, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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