

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(77.4661, -10.1660,  
-18.1532)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(77.4661, -10.1660,  
-18.1532) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(77.4759,  
-10.1574, -17.9355)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A4D1F4
RGB	164, 209, 244
RGB Percent	64%, 82%, 96%
CMY	0.3568, 0.1804, 0.0431
CMYK	0.33, 0.14, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	206°, 78%, 80%
HSV	206°, 33%, 96%
XYZ	54.4395, 60.0252, 94.3048
YIQ	199.5350, -38.0550, 1.3450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

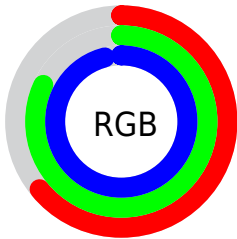
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	164, 193, 244
Decimal	10801652
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	81.85, -6.54, -21.93
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	82, 22.886, 253.396
Yxy	60.0275, 0.2608, 0.2875
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288991732 (0xFFA4D1F4)
YUV	199.5350, 21.9212, -31.1642
Hunter-Lab	77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355

# Details

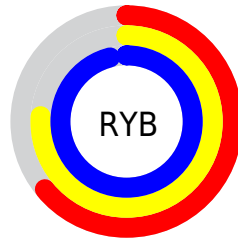
The HunterLab color  $77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $79.2219, 6.5410, 22.6440$ , and the grayscale version is  $75.7233, -4.0404, 4.1142$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $97.0114, -15.8939, 1.6788$ , and  $55.1258, -8.3018, -17.3480$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $72.5339, -10.4166, -25.4487$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $82.6391, -9.2368, -10.6463$ .

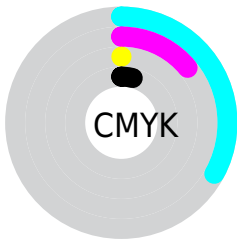
# Distribution



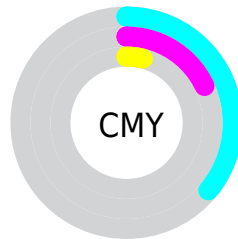
- Red (64%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77.4759, -10.1574,  
-17.9355

■ 77.4759, -10.1574,  
-17.9355

206.0823,  
-19.4106, -17.6801

■ 65.9096, -9.2143,  
-17.6999

■ 102.4058,  
-12.0938, -18.2260

■ 54.9828, -8.2849,  
-17.4034

■ 115.7125,  
-13.0868, -18.2897

■ 44.7371, -7.3680,  
-17.0430

129.5502,  
-14.0971, -18.3021

■ 35.2211, -6.4604,  
-16.6205

143.8994,  
-15.1248, -18.2660

■ 26.4959, -5.5568,  
-16.1456

158.7424,  
-16.1701, -18.1837

■ 18.6409, -4.6481,  
-15.6508

174.0633,

■ 11.7659, -3.7161,

-17.2328, -18.0573

-15.2425

189.8477,  
-18.3130, -17.8889

4.5294, -6.5335,  
-22.9249

0.0000, NaN, -NF

77.4759, -10.1574,  
-17.9355

77.4759, -10.1574,  
-17.9355

72.5339, -10.4166,  
-25.4487

82.6391, -9.2368,  
-10.6463

67.8303, -9.9248,  
-33.1898

87.9994, -7.7329,  
-3.5766

63.3896, -8.5939,  
-41.1439

93.5406, -5.7184,  
3.2892

59.2349, -6.3419,  
-49.2794

98.6031, -5.4906,  
9.1980

■ 55.3871, -3.1096,  
-57.5452

■ 99.6553, -7.2276,  
10.3593

■ 51.8595, 1.1134,  
-65.8773

■ 49.4933, 4.6736,  
-71.9512

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.4774, -19.0809, -11.1108



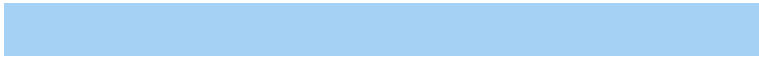
77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355



77.4774, 0.8818, -18.3113

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.4774, -10.1582, -17.9341



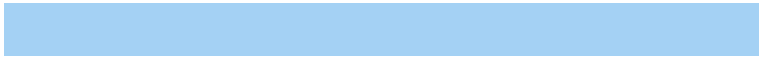
77.4774, 17.7949, 8.7864



77.4774, -18.2976, 17.5975

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355



79.2219, 6.5410, 22.6440

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.4774, -9.0334, 21.5201



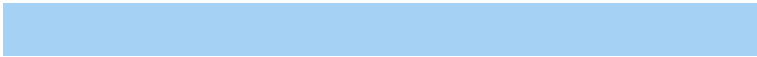
77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355



77.4774, 12.0306, 16.9388

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.4774, -10.1582, -17.9341



77.4774, 17.4516, -1.8275



77.4774, 2.0715, 21.2974

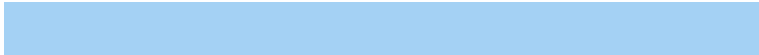


77.4774, -23.5954, 9.8112



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355



77.4774, 7.9946, -14.7737



77.4774, 2.0715, 21.2974



77.4774, -15.5674, 19.3591

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.4774, -10.1582, -17.9341



94.1106, -7.5958, -1.7457



87.5804, -35.1927, 16.9076



43.1637, -3.6425, -1.2820

0.0000, NaN, NaN

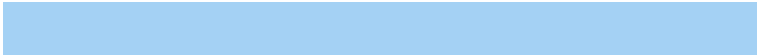


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

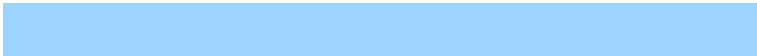


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.4774, -10.1582, -17.9341



78.1516, -10.9382, -23.8093



65.5180, 10.3700, -36.8998



41.8013, -3.3148, -0.6006



36.8732, 2.7667, -52.0608



11.8296, -0.7238, -13.2235



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.9853, 31.9172, -6.0857



70.4373, 41.1336, -8.0246



91.3525, -13.7502, 33.2541



40.7905, 2.5255, 0.6966



33.8702, 60.9976, -1.3211

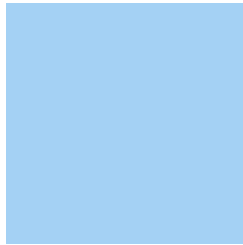


10.1435, 18.4531, -1.8333



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

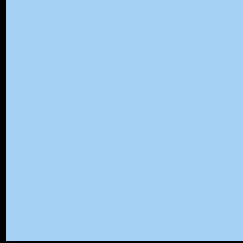
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

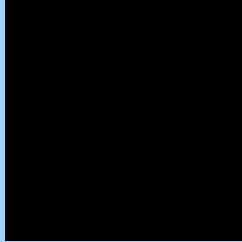
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

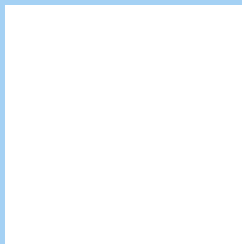
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.4759,

-10.1574, -17.9355.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355

### Protanopia

77.2923, 1.5287, -14.9875

### Deuteranopia

77.4068, 5.5391, -18.9878



## Tritanopia

77.6001, -15.7646, -9.0969

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355

## Protanomaly

77.2832, -3.0456, -16.2756

## Deuteranomaly

77.4570, -0.5600, -18.4061

## Tritanomaly

77.5281, -14.0079, -12.0027

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355

## Achromatopsia

75.9987, -4.0551, 4.1292

## Achromatomaly

76.3116, -6.6631, -3.5687

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 209, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 209, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 209, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 209, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 209, 244) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 209, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 209, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 209, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 209, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 209,  
244) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 77.4759, -10.1574, -17.9355 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 209, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
209, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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