

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(77.5193, 23.2690,  
-5.7630)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(77.5193, 23.2690,  
-5.7630) contains.

<b>HunterLab(77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(77.5193, 23.2690,  
-5.7630)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6BAE0
RGB	246, 186, 224
RGB Percent	96%, 73%, 88%
CMY	0.0353, 0.2706, 0.1216
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.09, 0.04
HSL	322°, 77%, 85%
HSV	322°, 24%, 96%
XYZ	69.0194, 60.0924, 78.4823
YIQ	208.2720, 23.5620, 24.5380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

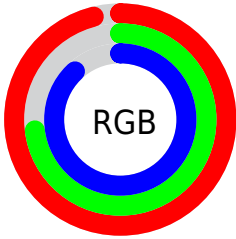
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	246, 186, 224
Decimal	16169696
CIE Lab	81.89, 27.48, -10.55
CIE LCh	82, 29.435, 339.002
Yxy	60.0951, 0.3325, 0.2895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294359776 (0xFFFF6BAE0)
YUV	208.2720, 7.7539, 33.0875
Hunter-Lab	77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630

# Details

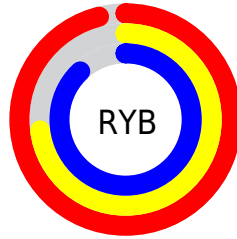
The HunterLab color  $77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCFF}$ . A complement of this color would be  $89.9479, -29.2253, 15.5765$ , and the grayscale version is  $79.4991, -4.2419, 4.3193$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $95.9084, 1.6033, 0.6405$ , and  $54.9417, 22.1085, -6.2650$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $70.8026, 35.1400, -9.5819$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $84.7764, 11.4811, -1.4866$ .

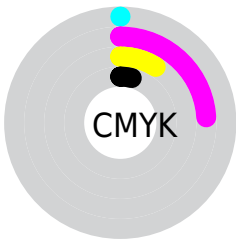
# Distribution



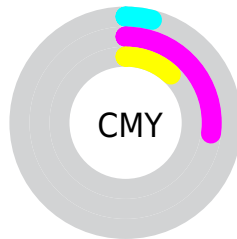
- Red (96%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77.5193, 23.2690,  
-5.7630

77.5193, 23.2690,  
-5.7630

206.1427, 25.8127,  
-2.2057

65.9510, 22.6356,  
-5.9337

102.4537, 24.2806,  
-5.2632

55.0217, 21.9107,  
-6.0489

115.7623, 24.6775,  
-4.9442

44.7734, 21.0813,  
-6.1017

129.6019, 25.0083,  
-4.5824

35.2547, 20.1345,  
-6.0856

143.9530, 25.2777,  
-4.1803

26.5264, 19.0558,  
-5.9926

158.7978, 25.4895,  
-3.7398

18.6680, 17.8311,  
-5.8143


174.1204, 25.6474,

11.7891, 16.4610,


-3.2628


-5.5452


189.9065, 25.7542,  
-2.7510


 4.5740, 25.9465,  
-9.3094


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 77.5193, 23.2690,  
-5.7630


 77.5193, 23.2690,  
-5.7630


 70.8026, 35.1400,  
-9.5819


 84.7764, 11.4811,  
-1.4866


 64.7174, 46.8830,  
-12.7728

 92.4884, -0.1093,  
3.1162

 59.3761, 58.1124,  
-15.1056

 99.0364, -8.9576,  
6.1991

 54.8955, 68.2447,  
-16.3147

 99.1630, -8.2596,  
4.3928

■ 51.3801, 76.5312,  
-16.1508

■ 48.8906, 82.2293,  
-14.4798

■ 47.4025, 84.9213,  
-11.3949

■ 46.8896, 85.4039,  
-9.2666

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.5210, 13.9539, -19.0106



77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630



77.5210, 24.9615, 8.2058

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.5210, 23.2665, -5.7614



77.5210, -8.4004, 25.8820



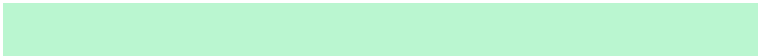
77.5210, -24.3921, -14.1338

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630



89.9479, -29.2253, 15.5765

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.5210, -29.4962, 0.0099



77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630



77.5210, -20.7138, 21.9344

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.5210, 23.2665, -5.7614



77.5210, 5.9713, 24.9005



77.5210, -28.2003, 13.0281



77.5210, -13.7591, -24.4213



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630



77.5210, 21.4315, 15.8714



77.5210, -28.2003, 13.0281



77.5210, -26.7749, -9.5789

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.5210, 23.2665, -5.7614



94.1917, 3.0327, 1.9601



74.2863, 14.6715, -23.5568



43.3501, 1.7395, 0.7710

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.5210, 23.2665, -5.7614



77.4100, 30.0075, -7.9276



76.5562, 18.2924, 7.9637



40.8156, 2.6601, 0.3395



34.2977, 62.5417, -7.3408



10.2646, 18.8885, -3.5225



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.5210, 23.2665, -5.7614



77.4100, 30.0075, -7.9276



90.8433, -24.1036, 2.7613



40.8156, 2.6601, 0.3395



34.2977, 62.5417, -7.3408



10.2646, 18.8885, -3.5225



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

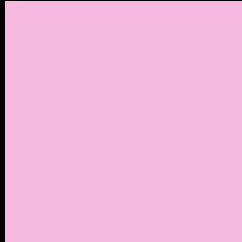
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630.

-5.7630.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630

### Protanopia

77.5805, 0.5828, -11.6748

### Deuteranopia

77.6280, 6.0207, -4.8427



## Tritanopia

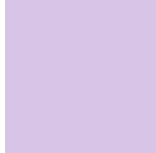
77.3366, 17.1308, 4.1582

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630



## Protanomaly

77.2270, 8.2666, -9.7434



## Deuteranomaly

77.6158, 12.0248, -5.2917



## Tritanomaly

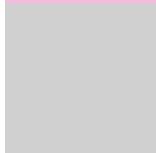
77.3968, 19.1911, 0.8173

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630



## Achromatopsia

79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151



## Achromatomaly

78.5450, 5.5282, 0.4733

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 186, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 186, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 186, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 186, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 186, 224) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 186, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 186, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 186, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 186, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 186,  
224) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 77.5193, 23.2690, -5.7630 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 186, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
186, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor