

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(77.5822, 11.4786,  
-22.3731)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(77.5822, 11.4786,  
-22.3731) contains.

<b>HunterLab(77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(77.6898, 11.4904,  
-22.2107)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3C4FC
RGB	211, 196, 252
RGB Percent	83%, 77%, 99%
CMY	0.1725, 0.2314, 0.0118
CMYK	0.16, 0.22, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	256°, 90%, 88%
HSV	256°, 22%, 99%
XYZ	64.1746, 60.3571, 100.3633
YIQ	206.8690, -9.0360, 20.5960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

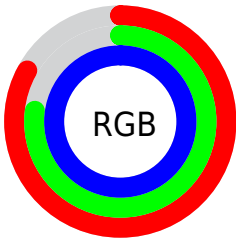
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	211, 196, 252
Decimal	13878524
CIE Lab	82.03, 16.09, -25.62
CIE LCh	82, 30.253, 302.132
Yxy	60.3595, 0.2854, 0.2684
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292068604 (0xFFD3C4FC)
YUV	206.8690, 22.2496, 3.6229
Hunter-Lab	77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107

# Details

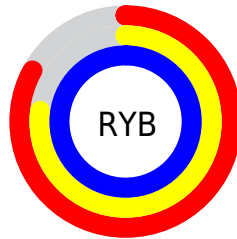
The HunterLab color  $77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $95.7144, -18.8634, 26.2965$ , and the grayscale version is  $78.8469, -4.2071, 4.2839$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99.3633, -4.2744, 4.7000$ , and  $55.0945, 11.2578, -21.4153$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $68.8179, 19.5696, -36.5979$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $86.9380, 3.7763, -9.1712$ .

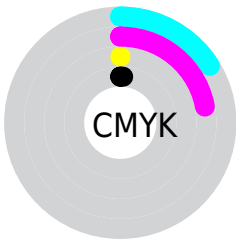
# Distribution



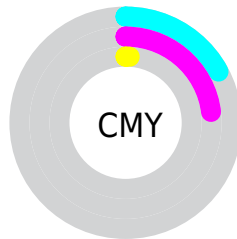
- Red (83%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77.6898, 11.4904,  
-22.2107

■ 77.6898, 11.4904,  
-22.2107

■ 206.3787, 10.2481,  
-22.9136

■ 66.1124, 11.3517,  
-21.8665

■ 102.6407, 11.5686,  
-22.7206

■ 55.1737, 11.1404,  
-21.4648

■ 115.9570, 11.5215,  
-22.8935

■ 44.9153, 10.8460,  
-21.0059

■ 129.8041, 11.4223,  
-23.0144

■ 35.3857, 10.4568,  
-20.4975

■ 144.1623, 11.2743,  
-23.0855

■ 26.6456, 9.9574,  
-19.9614

■ 159.0141, 11.0804,  
-23.1089

■ 18.7740, 9.3270,  
-19.4561

■ 174.3435, 10.8433,

■ 11.8802, 8.5375,

-23.0868

-19.1557

190.1361, 10.5652,  
-23.0211

4.7444, 14.5253,  
-27.7015

0.0000, NaN, -NF

77.6898, 11.4904,  
-22.2107

77.6898, 11.4904,  
-22.2107

68.8179, 19.5696,  
-36.5979

86.9380, 3.7763,  
-9.1712

60.3942, 28.1003,  
-52.7061

96.5015, -3.6478,  
2.8163

52.5279, 37.1356,  
-70.9348

99.9041, -5.8612,  
6.8014

45.3706, 46.6195,  
-91.5780

■ 39.1323, 56.2041,  
-114.4398

■ 34.0831, 64.9498,  
-138.0696

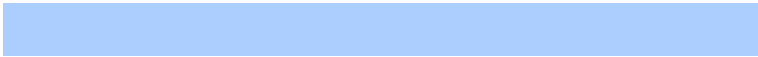
■ 30.4989, 71.1752,  
-158.9967

■ 28.7040, 73.6414,  
-171.2547

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.6914, -3.0936, -27.7849



77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107



77.6914, 22.4958, -9.4426

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.6914, 11.4890, -22.2090



77.6914, 9.5320, 24.4687



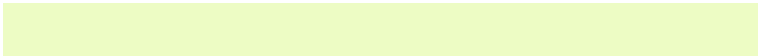
77.6914, -30.4653, 3.2204

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107



95.7144, -18.8634, 26.2965

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.6914, -27.6268, 15.7940



77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107



77.6914, -5.1999, 26.6152

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.6914, 11.4890, -22.2090



77.6914, 21.3081, 17.2327



77.6914, -18.6413, 23.7532



77.6914, -26.7001, -11.5021



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107



77.6914, 25.9311, 0.4511



77.6914, -18.6413, 23.7532



77.6914, -30.2523, 7.8262

# Sweetspot

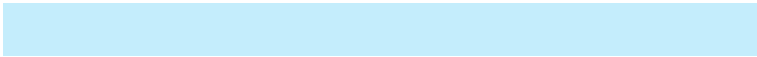
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.6914, 11.4890, -22.2090



93.1345, -0.1296, -2.8411



89.0915, -14.3765, -6.6437



42.8174, 0.1503, -1.6539

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.6914, 11.4890, -22.2090



74.3788, 15.5206, -29.3117



80.5294, 20.6330, -17.8234



41.0705, 0.7911, -2.6637



20.8639, 53.2771, -122.5396



6.7284, 16.5620, -34.7166



# Inverse Universe

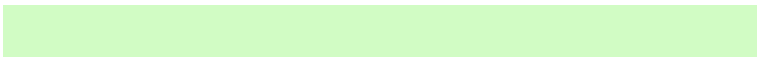
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.4200, 22.3190, -7.7844



79.0758, 28.7778, -10.5909



93.3665, -27.4807, 23.8853



41.7619, 2.9253, -0.1731



35.5248, 66.0154, -17.1853

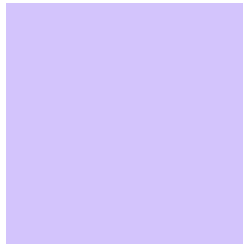


10.8924, 20.3794, -6.3399



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

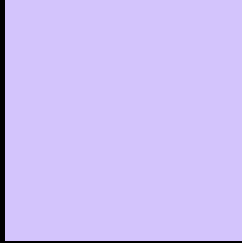
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

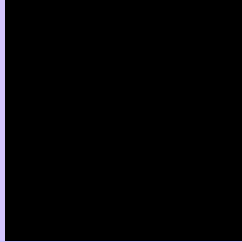
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107.



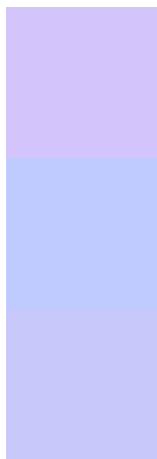
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107.

-22.2107.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107

### Protanopia

77.8058, 2.9961, -24.0975

### Deuteranopia

77.8158, 5.7821, -21.4878



## Tritanopia

77.6416, -0.3400, -2.8154

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107

## Protanomaly

77.7625, 5.8488, -23.4725

## Deuteranomaly

77.8776, 7.5129, -21.3641

## Tritanomaly

77.6448, 3.5962, -9.2584

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107

## Achromatopsia

78.9912, -4.2148, 4.2917

## Achromatomaly

78.3897, 1.0089, -4.4812

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 196, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 196, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 196, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 196, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 196, 252) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 196, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 196, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 196, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 196, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 196,  
252) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 77.6898, 11.4904, -22.2107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 196, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
196, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor