

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(77.6519, -2.8132,  
6.2932)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(77.6519, -2.8132, 6.2932)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(77.7414, -2.7014,  
6.1823)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1CBC8
RGB	209, 203, 200
RGB Percent	82%, 80%, 78%
CMY	0.1804, 0.2039, 0.2157
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.04, 0.18
HSL	20°, 9%, 80%
HSV	20°, 4%, 82%
XYZ	58.0757, 60.4373, 63.2482
YIQ	204.4520, 4.5390, 0.3390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

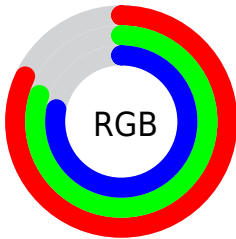
Format	Color
RYB	209, 205, 200
Decimal	13749192
CIELab	82.08, 1.54, 2.22
CIElCh	82, 2.704, 55.222
Yxy	60.4399, 0.3195, 0.3325
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291939272 (0xFFD1CBC8)
YUV	204.4520, -2.1948, 3.9886
Hunter-Lab	77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823

# Details

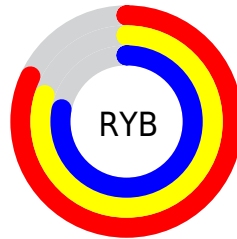
The HunterLab color  $77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $78.1181, -5.5494, 2.2556$ , and the grayscale version is  $77.9088, -4.1570, 4.2329$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $55.2619, -1.5719, 4.8483$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $72.9684, 1.1170, 10.2855$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $82.6802, -6.2441, 1.8327$ .

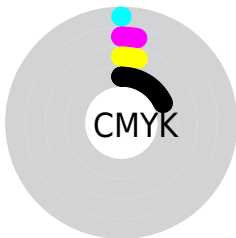
# Distribution



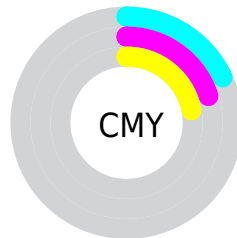
- Red (82%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77.7414, -2.7014,  
6.1823

■ 77.7414, -2.7014,  
6.1823

206.4503, -9.0237,  
13.9575

■ 66.1614, -2.1600,  
5.4482

102.6974, -3.8963,  
7.7364

■ 55.2198, -1.6553,  
4.7413

116.0161, -4.5421,  
8.5524

■ 44.9584, -1.1921,  
4.0639

129.8654, -5.2188,  
9.3936

■ 35.4255, -0.7743,  
3.4166

144.2258, -5.9250,  
10.2595

■ 26.6818, -0.4068,  
2.8002

159.0797, -6.6596,  
11.1494

■ 18.8062, -0.0964,  
2.2147

174.4112, -7.4215,

■ 11.9078, 0.1463,

12.0628

1.6585

190.2058, -8.2098,  
12.9990

■ 4.7948, 1.1456,  
2.1811

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.7414, -2.7014,  
6.1823

■ 77.7414, -2.7014,  
6.1823

■ 72.9684, 1.1170,  
10.2855

■ 82.6802, -6.2441,  
1.8327

■ 68.3751, 5.2450,  
14.0957

■ 87.7638, -9.5333,  
-2.7321

■ 63.9849, 9.7056,  
17.5617

■ 92.7075, -14.1155,  
-3.6264

■ 59.8234, 14.5166,  
20.6199

■ 96.0705, -19.2879,  
0.4733

■ 55.9199, 19.6813,  
23.1962

■ 52.3073, 25.1789,  
25.2080

■ 49.0212, 30.9507,  
26.5718

■ 46.0982, 36.8857,  
27.2194

■ 43.5723, 42.8066,  
27.1295

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.7431, -1.8493, 5.2508



77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823



77.7431, -3.9414, 6.5931

# Triad

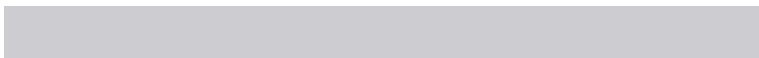
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.7431, -2.7034, 6.1835



77.7431, -6.6586, 4.4321



77.7431, -3.0709, 2.0219

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823



78.1181, -5.5494, 2.2556

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.7431, -4.3631, 1.7940



77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823



77.7431, -6.4289, 3.1988

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.7431, -2.7034, 6.1835



77.7431, -6.2204, 5.5926



77.7431, -5.5908, 2.2280



77.7431, -2.0625, 2.8458



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



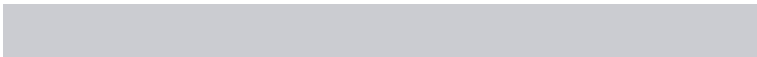
77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823



77.7431, -4.8158, 6.5194



77.7431, -5.5908, 2.2280



77.7431, -3.4867, 1.8725

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.7431, -2.7034, 6.1835



99.3769, -4.8833, 5.9810



77.0201, -0.1569, 2.5056



45.9906, -2.2697, 2.7545

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

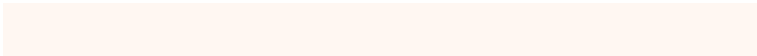


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.7431, -2.7034, 6.1835



96.9047, -3.0386, 8.1414



79.1167, -4.9917, 7.7134



36.1231, -1.0348, 3.1619



33.4703, 35.4750, 21.2453



8.7817, 6.1460, 5.5188



# Inverse Universe

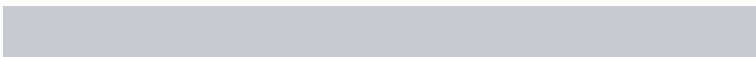
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.1181, -5.5494, 2.2556



97.4559, -7.2218, 2.3682



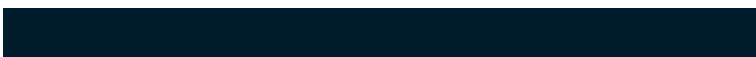
76.7401, -3.2646, 0.6244



36.3531, -2.7809, 0.7523



38.0205, -5.9513, -34.6750

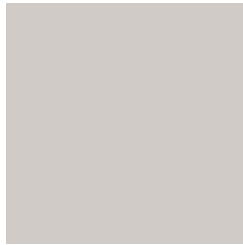


9.7519, -2.5524, -6.6791



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

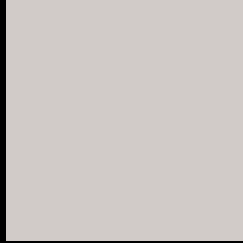
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

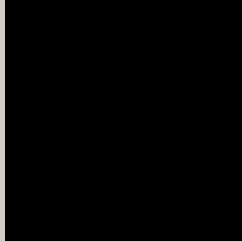
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823.



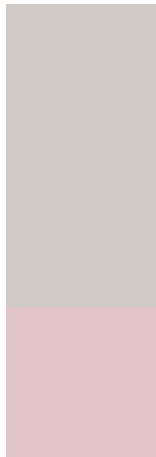
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.7414, -2.7014,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823

### Protanopia

77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823

### Deuteranopia

77.5610, 5.9438, 5.6556



## Tritanopia

77.8332, 1.7271, -1.4975

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823

## Protanomaly

77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823

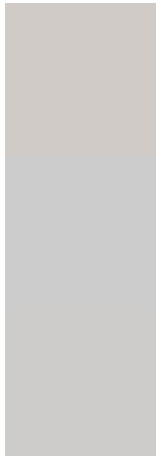
## Deuteranomaly

77.5396, 2.8416, 5.5765

## Tritanomaly

77.8433, -0.1742, 1.5232

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823

## Achromatopsia

77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219

## Achromatomaly

77.8584, -3.6791, 4.8863

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 203, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 203, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 203, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 203, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 203, 200) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 203, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 203, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 203, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 203, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 203,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 77.7414, -2.7014, 6.1823 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 203, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
203, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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