

Converting Colors

HunterLab(77.6638, -32.3982,
23.1689)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(77.6638, -32.3982,
23.1689) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(77.4803,
-32.2648, 23.1098)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	9BDB9C
RGB	155, 219, 156
RGB Percent	61%, 86%, 61%
CMY	0.3922, 0.1412, 0.3882
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.29, 0.14
HSL	121°, 47%, 73%
HSV	121°, 29%, 86%
XYZ	44.8499, 60.0320, 40.6761
YIQ	192.6820, -17.9210, -33.1610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

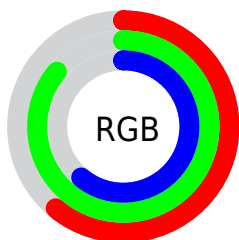
Format	Color
RYB	155, 218, 219
Decimal	10214300
CIELab	81.86, -32.53, 24.68
CIELCh	82, 40.829, 142.817
Yxy	60.0345, 0.3081, 0.4124
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288404380 (0xFF9BDB9C)
YUV	192.6820, -18.0842, -33.0471
Hunter-Lab	77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098

Details

The HunterLab color **77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **66.0046, 29.4232, -18.3974**, and the grayscale version is **72.9722, -3.8936, 3.9647**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.9063, -26.1884, 19.5220**, and **55.1137, -27.6135, 19.3882** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.7587, -39.8494, 28.2058**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.4970, -23.6325, 17.3310**.

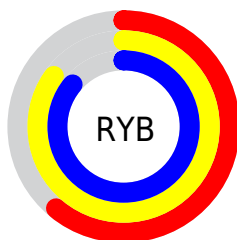
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (86%)

Blue (61%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (86%)

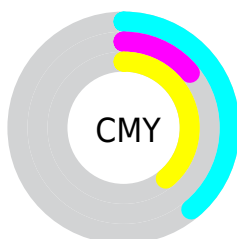


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (39%)


Magenta (14%)


Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 77.4803, -32.2648,
23.1098


 77.4803, -32.2648,
23.1098


206.0886,
-51.4756, 39.3675

 65.9139, -29.9333,
21.1791


 102.4108,
-36.7548, 26.8529

 54.9869, -27.5200,
19.1907


 115.7176,
-38.9327, 28.6813

 44.7409, -25.0031,
17.1271

129.5555,
-41.0772, 30.4897

 35.2246, -22.3489,
14.9622

143.9049,
-43.1944, 32.2827

 26.4991, -19.5062,
12.6577

158.7481,
-45.2890, 34.0641

 18.6437, -16.3918,
10.1581


174.0692,

 11.7683, -13.7152,


-47.3653, 35.8371


8.2378


189.8538,
-49.4266, 37.6042


 4.5340, -7.9346,
3.1738


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 77.4803, -32.2648,
23.1098


 77.4803, -32.2648,
23.1098


 75.7587, -39.8494,
28.2058


 79.4970, -23.6325,
17.3310


 74.3288, -46.2927,
32.5555

 81.7982, -14.0569,
10.9407

 73.1882, -51.5367,
36.1177

 84.3766, -3.6580,
4.0192

 72.3272, -55.5617,
38.8761

 87.2207, 7.4441,
-3.3537

■ 71.7286, -58.3967,
40.8460

■ 88.9637, 14.1035,
-7.9855

■ 71.3669, -60.1275,
42.0792

■ 71.1952, -60.9543,
42.6812

■ 71.1849, -61.0034,
42.7139

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.4819, -18.3929, 30.7782



77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098



77.4819, -38.4912, 8.6220

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.4819, -32.2663, 23.1106



77.4819, -8.8539, -41.1529



77.4819, 34.2804, 17.0193

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098



66.0046, 29.4232, -18.3974

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.4819, 37.4889, -0.4617



77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098



77.4819, 11.2275, -37.2750

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.4819, -32.2663, 23.1106



77.4819, -25.8855, -30.6498



77.4819, 28.6803, -21.0948



77.4819, 20.3079, 27.9292

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098



77.4819, -37.9577, -4.2784



77.4819, 28.6803, -21.0948



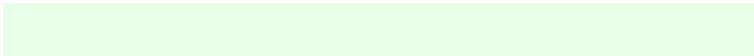
77.4819, 36.7073, 11.8485

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.4819, -32.2663, 23.1106



97.2284, -16.5256, 12.8818



82.5184, -13.6141, 28.3276



44.7867, -8.4488, 6.4952

0.0000, NaN, NaN



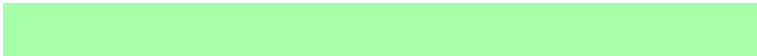
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.4819, -32.2663, 23.1106



90.7719, -43.9658, 31.2377



78.2446, -27.8347, 12.1006



38.2224, -6.6703, 5.1807



54.8149, -46.9651, 32.8702



13.9562, -11.9272, 8.3034

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.0046, 29.4232, -18.3974



74.5467, 43.5183, -27.6146



64.8782, 23.7707, -2.5719



36.4296, 2.9115, -1.2687



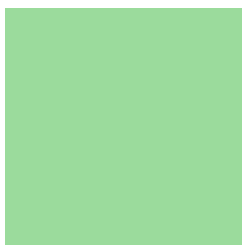
34.4359, 67.4761, -43.6671



8.7715, 17.1974, -11.1995

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

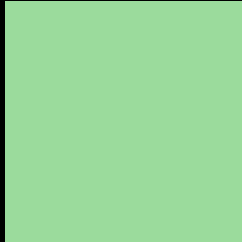
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

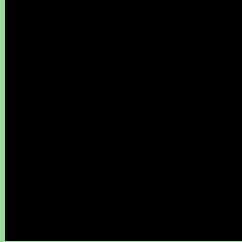
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098.



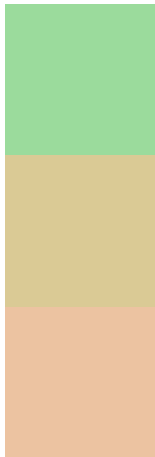
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098.

-32.2648, 23.1098.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098

Protanopia

77.0171, -6.2451, 25.4591

Deuteranopia

77.0949, 5.2542, 21.6665



Tritanopia

77.4365, -13.2040, -8.1580

Trichromacy



Original Color

77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098



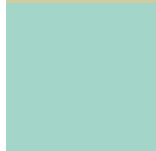
Protanomaly

76.7990, -16.4913, 24.1012



Deuteranomaly

76.7817, -9.7998, 21.8125



Tritanomaly

77.1959, -20.7702, 4.7632

Monochromacy



Original Color

77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098



Achromatopsia

73.0258, -3.8965, 3.9676



Achromatomaly

74.2429, -14.6423, 11.0084

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 219, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 219, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 219, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 219, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 219, 156) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 219, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 219, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 219, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 219, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 219,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 77.4803, -32.2648, 23.1098 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 219, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
219, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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