

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(77.7321, 9.6985,  
-0.0769)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(77.7321, 9.6985, -0.0769)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(77.5662, 9.7076,  
-0.1524)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E3C3D5
RGB	227, 195, 213
RGB Percent	89%, 76%, 84%
CMY	0.1098, 0.2353, 0.1647
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.06, 0.11
HSL	326°, 36%, 83%
HSV	326°, 14%, 89%
XYZ	63.2038, 60.1652, 71.2326
YIQ	206.6200, 13.2940, 12.3820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

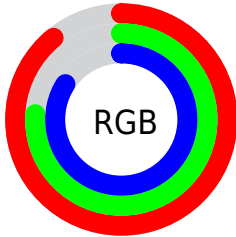
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	227, 195, 213
Decimal	14926805
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	81.93, 14.32, -4.78
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	82, 15.092, 341.540
Yxy	60.1678, 0.3248, 0.3092
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293116885 (0xFFE3C3D5)
YUV	206.6200, 3.1453, 17.8733
Hunter-Lab	77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524

# Details

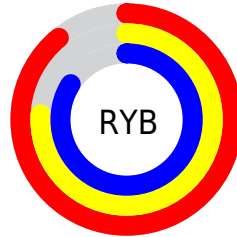
The HunterLab color  $77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $84.3476, -17.4898, 9.2646$ , and the grayscale version is  $78.8126, -4.2052, 4.2820$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99.0459, -3.7429, 4.3328$ , and  $54.9330, 9.4441, -0.8987$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $70.8996, 20.1296, -3.2439$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $84.6436, -0.5404, 3.2793$ .

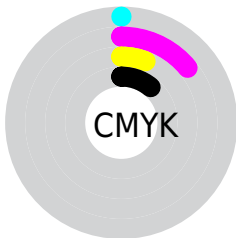
# Distribution



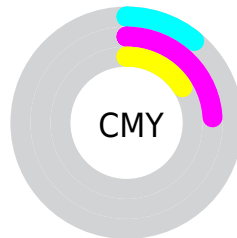
- Red (89%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77.5662, 9.7076,  
-0.1524

77.5662, 9.7076,  
-0.1524

206.2077, 7.8639,  
5.2472

65.9954, 9.6475,  
-0.5648

102.5051, 9.6357,  
0.8034

55.0636, 9.5192,  
-0.9321

115.8159, 9.5181,  
1.3386

44.8125, 9.3119,  
-1.2483

129.6576, 9.3506,  
1.9096

35.2907, 9.0146,  
-1.5081

144.0106, 9.1365,  
2.5147

26.5592, 8.6124,  
-1.7041

158.8573, 8.8785,  
3.1523

18.6972, 8.0850,  
-1.8264

174.1818, 8.5790,

11.8142, 7.4033,

3.8211

-1.8603

189.9697, 8.2402,  
4.5198

4.6215, 13.2505,  
-4.0345

0.0000, NaN, NaN

77.5662, 9.7076,  
-0.1524

77.5662, 9.7076,  
-0.1524

70.8996, 20.1296,  
-3.2439

84.6436, -0.5404,  
3.2793

64.7103, 30.6463,  
-5.8885

92.0683, -10.5787,  
6.9666

59.0869, 41.0743,  
-7.9373

97.1133, -16.3121,  
7.8838

54.1301, 51.0894,  
-9.2058

97.4299, -14.5446,  
3.3671

■ 49.9477, 60.1877,  
-9.4896

■ 97.5044, -14.1293,  
2.3058

■ 46.6394, 67.7055,  
-8.6115

■ 44.2682, 72.9609,  
-6.5025

■ 42.8227, 75.5345,  
-3.2865

■ 42.2860, 76.0815,  
-1.0897

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.5679, 5.4413, -6.5157



77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524



77.5679, 10.1773, 6.8607

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.5679, 9.7054, -0.1510



77.5679, -6.9467, 16.2599



77.5679, -14.4281, -5.2205

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524



84.3476, -17.4898, 9.2646

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.5679, -17.4943, 1.4877



77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524



77.5679, -13.2834, 13.6153

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.5679, 9.7054, -0.1510



77.5679, 0.3773, 15.9096



77.5679, -17.0832, 8.3548



77.5679, -8.5621, -9.6249



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524



77.5679, 8.2576, 10.9229



77.5679, -17.0832, 8.3548



77.5679, -15.8104, -3.1352

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.5679, 9.7054, -0.1510



96.6332, -0.6967, 3.7698



76.2332, 6.2372, -9.4379



44.4173, 0.0833, 1.6017

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.5679, 9.7054, -0.1510



86.1569, 14.6402, -1.2816



77.0722, 7.0698, 6.9155



38.0829, 2.3251, 0.6608



32.3296, 58.2353, -1.3554



8.8936, 16.2106, -1.8497



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.5679, 9.7054, -0.1510



86.1569, 14.6402, -1.2816



84.8355, -14.7503, 2.2987



38.0829, 2.3251, 0.6608



32.3296, 58.2353, -1.3554



8.8936, 16.2106, -1.8497



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

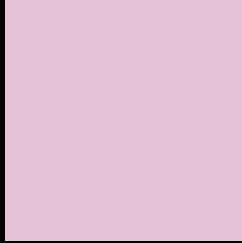
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

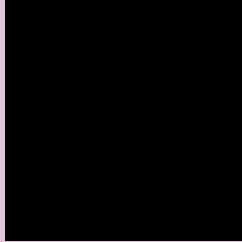
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524.

-0.1524.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524

### Protanopia

77.8532, -1.1695, -2.5618

### Deuteranopia

77.6899, 5.5582, 0.4342



## Tritanopia

77.5011, 9.3625, 0.7730

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524

## Protanomaly

77.6295, 2.5718, -1.7380

## Deuteranomaly

77.7007, 7.1013, 0.4743

## Tritanomaly

77.5336, 9.5346, 0.3116

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524

## Achromatopsia

78.9912, -4.2148, 4.2917

## Achromatomaly

78.4930, 0.4383, 2.8105

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 195, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 195, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 195, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 195, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

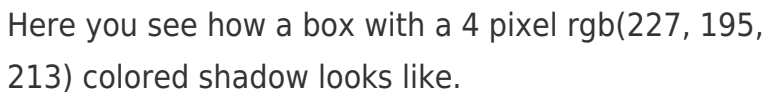
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 195, 213) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 195, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 195, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 195, 213); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 195, 213); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 195, 213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 77.5662, 9.7076, -0.1524 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 195, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
195, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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