

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(77.8086, -10.9287,  
-1.6620)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(77.8086, -10.9287,  
-1.6620) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(77.8627,  
-10.8063, -1.6799)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7D1D8
RGB	183, 209, 216
RGB Percent	72%, 82%, 85%
CMY	0.2823, 0.1804, 0.1529
CMYK	0.15, 0.03, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	193°, 30%, 78%
HSV	193°, 15%, 85%
XYZ	54.7235, 60.6260, 73.7835
YIQ	202.0240, -17.7430, -3.3350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

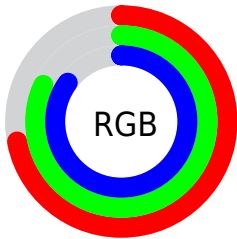
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	183, 198, 216
Decimal	12046808
CIELab	82.18, -7.22, -6.40
CIELCh	82, 9.648, 221.533
Yxy	60.6285, 0.2893, 0.3206
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290236888 (0xFFB7D1D8)
YUV	202.0240, 6.8902, -16.6840
Hunter-Lab	77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799

# Details

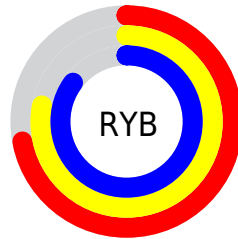
The HunterLab color  $77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $74.0571, 3.6415, 9.8300$ , and the grayscale version is  $76.8403, -4.1000, 4.1749$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $98.5346, -10.4714, 3.6061$ , and  $55.4633, -9.0058, -2.0261$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $74.8095, -14.3151, -5.6425$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $81.0947, -6.7586, 2.3534$ .

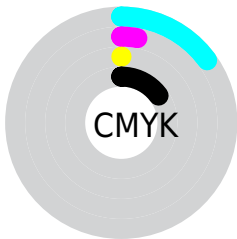
# Distribution



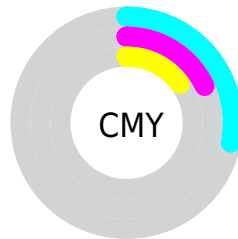
- Red (72%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77.8627, -10.8063,  
-1.6799

■ 77.8627, -10.8063,  
-1.6799

206.6181,  
-20.3164, 3.2003

■ 66.2763, -9.8288,  
-2.0237

■ 102.8304,  
-12.8082, -0.8535

■ 55.3280, -8.8622,  
-2.3190

116.1546,  
-13.8316, -0.3794

■ 45.0594, -7.9056,  
-2.5595

130.0093,  
-14.8710, 0.1327

■ 35.5188, -6.9552,  
-2.7393

144.3748,  
-15.9269, 0.6807

■ 26.7667, -6.0048,  
-2.8505

159.2336,  
-16.9993, 1.2628

■ 18.8818, -5.0439,  
-2.8826

174.5698,

■ 11.9727, -4.0518,

-18.0884, 1.8777

-2.8211

190.3691,  
-19.1941, 2.5240

■ 4.9111, -6.6704,  
-5.1321

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.8627, -10.8063,  
-1.6799

■ 77.8627, -10.8063,  
-1.6799

■ 74.8095, -14.3151,  
-5.6425

■ 81.0947, -6.7586,  
2.3534

■ 71.9393, -17.2274,  
-9.5163

■ 84.4911, -2.2212,  
6.4350

■ 69.2622, -19.4935,  
-13.2752

■ 88.0438, 2.7541,  
10.5508

■ 66.7845, -21.0689,  
-16.8928

■ 90.1852, 2.8775,  
12.9113

■ 64.5103, -21.9208,  
-20.3423

■ 91.5845, 0.4520,  
14.3837

■ 62.4398, -22.0348,  
-23.6001

■ 92.9989, -1.9621,  
15.8527

■ 60.5675, -21.4238,  
-26.6500

■ 94.4280, -4.3648,  
17.3180

■ 58.8794, -20.1406,  
-29.4911

■ 95.8713, -6.7557,  
18.7796

■ 58.1232, -19.3884,  
-30.7950

■ 97.3285, -9.1350,  
20.2375

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.8643, -12.8154, 2.5003



77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799



77.8643, -7.0002, -4.3627

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.8643, -10.8077, -1.6786



77.8643, 4.5979, 1.4663



77.8643, -5.9570, 12.1983

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799



74.0571, 3.6415, 9.8300

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.8643, -1.2760, 11.9580



77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799



77.8643, 4.8933, 5.9372

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.8643, -10.8077, -1.6786



77.8643, 1.9230, -2.4741



77.8643, 2.7209, 9.7246



77.8643, -10.0596, 10.4018



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799



77.8643, -3.9170, -4.8524



77.8643, 2.7209, 9.7246



77.8643, -4.4003, 12.3501

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.8643, -10.8077, -1.6786



97.9534, -8.0362, 2.9529



79.2971, -18.7093, 12.2813



45.1865, -3.8881, 1.2054

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

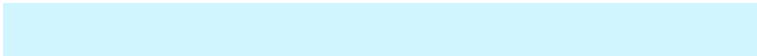


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.8643, -10.8077, -1.6786



92.8745, -14.3363, -3.4186



72.8848, -2.7144, -7.9851



36.9324, -3.9355, 0.3139



44.8974, -15.1655, -23.3799



11.5331, -4.4108, -4.8938



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.8495, 11.5956, -4.0037



85.7432, 17.7160, -6.7382



78.8731, -4.5881, 14.8435



35.4760, 2.4971, -0.3551



32.2177, 60.5703, -21.0149

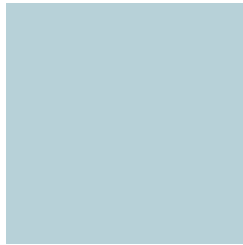


7.9850, 15.1323, -6.1410



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

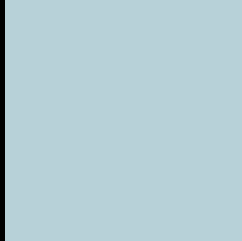
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

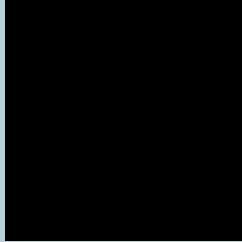
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799.



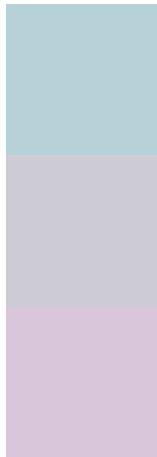
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 77.8627,

-10.8063, -1.6799.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799

### Protanopia

77.7460, -1.9351, 0.3718

### Deuteranopia

77.5898, 5.6199, -2.7767



## Tritanopia

77.9794, -8.2350, -5.7128

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799

## Protanomaly

77.6769, -5.2542, -0.2775

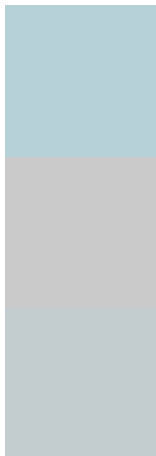
## Deuteranomaly

77.6080, -0.5226, -2.3387

## Tritanomaly

77.7962, -9.0898, -4.3554

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799

## Achromatopsia

76.8517, -4.1006, 4.1755

## Achromatomaly

77.3109, -6.9227, 2.2460

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 209, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 209, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 209, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 209, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 209, 216) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 209, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 209, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 209, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 209, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 209,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 77.8627, -10.8063, -1.6799 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 209, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
209, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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