

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(78.1582, -58.3309,  
28.2590)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(78.1582, -58.3309,  
28.2590) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(78.3049,  
-58.4928, 28.4410)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01EB8C
RGB	1, 235, 140
RGB Percent	0%, 92%, 55%
CMY	0.9960, 0.0784, 0.4510
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.40, 0.08
HSL	156°, 99%, 46%
HSV	156°, 100%, 92%
XYZ	34.4545, 61.3166, 34.8303
YIQ	154.2040, -108.9690, -79.1530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

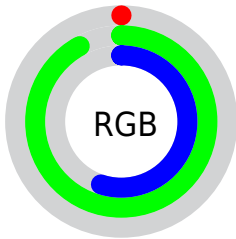
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	1, 148, 235
Decimal	125836
CIELab	82.55, -68.27, 33.13
CIELCh	83, 75.882, 154.113
Yxy	61.3190, 0.2638, 0.4695
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278315916 (0xFF01EB8C)
YUV	154.2040, -7.0026, -134.3599
Hunter-Lab	78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410

# Details

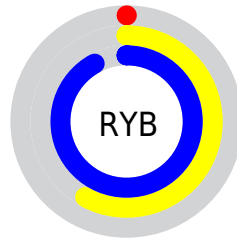
The HunterLab color **78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF99**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **43.0464, 75.5488, 12.5979**, and the grayscale version is **56.9915, -3.0409, 3.0965**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.7299, -50.8127, 19.6808**, and **57.0632, -44.4193, 24.5644** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.2945, -58.5592, 28.5513**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.6174, -56.8257, 25.8330**.

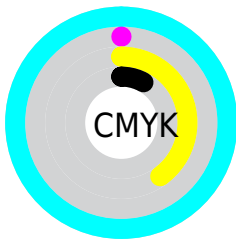
# Distribution



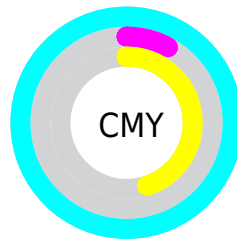
- Red (0%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 78.3049, -58.4928,  
28.4410


 78.3049, -58.4928,  
28.4410


207.2300,  
-92.4338, 48.1546


 66.6953, -54.0669,  
26.0175


 103.3154,  
-66.8038, 33.0829


 55.7227, -49.4067,  
23.5012


 116.6597,  
-70.7443, 35.3256

 45.4280, -44.4561,  
20.8676


 130.5337,  
-74.5695, 37.5286

 35.8594, -39.1360,  
18.0823

 144.9178,  
-78.2953, 39.6990

 27.0767, -33.3330,  
15.0979

 159.7946,  
-81.9348, 41.8425

 19.1579, -26.9463,  
12.1666

175.1483,

 12.2102, -21.3678,

-85.4986, 43.9638

8.5471

190.9645,  
-88.9957, 46.0667

■ 5.3131, -9.2980,  
3.7192

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.3049, -58.4928,  
28.4410

■ 78.3049, -58.4928,  
28.4410

■ 78.2945, -58.5592,  
28.5513

■ 78.6174, -56.8257,  
25.8330

■ 79.0911, -54.4646,  
23.1638

■ 79.7678, -51.2631,  
20.4912

■ 80.6686, -47.1632,  
17.8594

■ 81.8080, -42.1451,  
15.3091

■ 83.1953, -36.2204,  
12.8773

■ 84.8348, -29.4263,  
10.5956

■ 86.7272, -21.8195,  
8.4903

■ 88.8697, -13.4709,  
6.5814

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.3065, -40.2456, 42.1590



78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410



78.3065, -63.2954, -0.7529

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.3065, -58.4935, 28.4416



78.3065, 0.9902, -97.8514



78.3065, 63.9126, 33.5273

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410



43.0464, 75.5488, 12.5979

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.3065, 80.2369, 8.9665



78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410



78.3065, 39.8816, -75.1012

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.3065, -58.4935, 28.4416



78.3065, -32.9057, -84.4307



78.3065, 70.7172, -31.4478



78.3065, 29.3896, 43.9923



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410



78.3065, -59.1478, -28.7630



78.3065, 70.7172, -31.4478



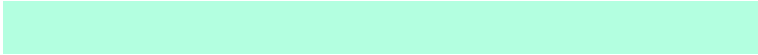
78.3065, 71.9745, 27.1910

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.3065, -58.4935, 28.4416



92.9639, -32.7316, 11.7617



78.7696, -58.9690, 47.4830



42.6443, -16.6457, 5.9238

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.3065, -58.4935, 28.4416



85.8892, -64.2998, 31.4508



74.0700, -34.5813, -17.8801



41.2460, -6.2100, 3.0454



58.4303, -43.5485, 20.9758



16.4313, -11.8467, 5.0360



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.0464, 75.5488, 12.5979



47.1700, 82.8788, 14.2104



42.6426, 69.9050, 27.4592



38.9300, 2.1123, 1.4136



32.1211, 56.5270, 8.9834

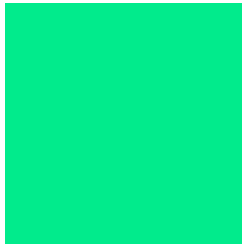


9.1039, 16.2161, 1.0347



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

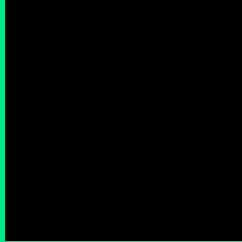
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410.



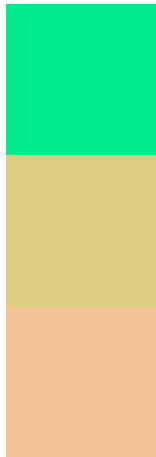
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.3049,

-58.4928, 28.4410.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410

### Protanopia

77.6362, -7.9981, 32.1029

### Deuteranopia

77.3957, 5.7408, 26.0093



## Tritanopia

78.1393, -31.6367, -15.5492

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410



## Protanomaly

74.8449, -36.4861, 28.1874



## Deuteranomaly

74.1880, -29.8303, 23.4589



## Tritanomaly

77.5126, -43.7876, 3.2997

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410



## Achromatopsia

56.8457, -3.0331, 3.0885



## Achromatomaly

62.1559, -30.0987, 10.6505

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 235, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 235, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 235, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 235, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 235, 140) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 235, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 235, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 235, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 235, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 235,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 78.3049, -58.4928, 28.4410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 235, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 235,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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