

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(78.2494, -13.8087,  
-11.5819)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(78.2494, -13.8087,  
-11.5819) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(78.4087,  
-14.0558, -11.3636)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A4D5EB
RGB	164, 213, 235
RGB Percent	64%, 84%, 92%
CMY	0.3568, 0.1647, 0.0784
CMYK	0.30, 0.09, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	199°, 64%, 78%
HSV	199°, 30%, 92%
XYZ	54.0996, 61.4792, 87.6126
YIQ	200.8570, -36.2660, -3.5460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

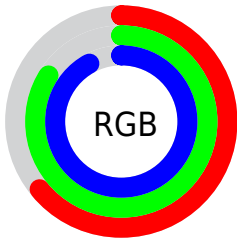
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	164, 193, 235
Decimal	10802667
CIELab	82.64, -10.78, -15.96
CIELCh	83, 19.262, 235.951
Yxy	61.4817, 0.2663, 0.3026
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288992747 (0xFFA4D5EB)
YUV	200.8570, 16.8325, -32.3236
Hunter-Lab	78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636

# Details

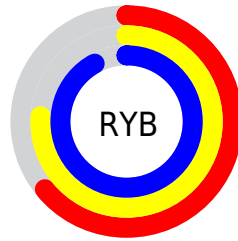
The HunterLab color **78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74.4721, 9.9425, 18.1003**, and the grayscale version is **76.3072, -4.0716, 4.1459**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.9307, -16.1836, 1.5758**, and **55.6986, -11.6048, -11.2796** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.5834, -15.8811, -16.8017**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.4396, -11.5831, -5.9313**.

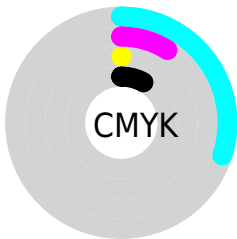
# Distribution



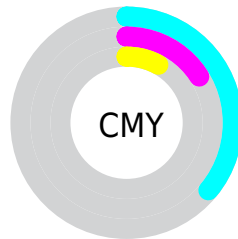
- Red (64%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 78.4087, -14.0558,  
-11.3636

■ 78.4087, -14.0558,  
-11.3636

207.3736,  
-24.8908, -9.4030

■ 66.7937, -12.8957,  
-11.3336

■ 103.4292,  
-16.3941, -11.2505

■ 55.8153, -11.7356,  
-11.2430

■ 116.7782,  
-17.5746, -11.1173

■ 45.5146, -10.5716,  
-11.0858

130.6567,  
-18.7649, -10.9366

■ 35.9394, -9.3966,  
-10.8575

145.0452,  
-19.9660, -10.7110

■ 27.1496, -8.1993,  
-10.5548

159.9263,  
-21.1787, -10.4429

■ 19.2229, -6.9611,  
-10.1805

175.2840,

■ 12.2660, -5.6471,

-22.4034, -10.1343

-9.7606

191.1042,  
-23.6407, -9.7871

■ 5.4031, -8.9862,  
-12.8306

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 78.4087, -14.0558,  
-11.3636

■ 78.4087, -14.0558,  
-11.3636

■ 74.5834, -15.8811,  
-16.8017

■ 82.4396, -11.5831,  
-5.9313

■ 70.9725, -16.9913,  
-22.2252

■ 86.6580, -8.5251,  
-0.5267

■ 67.5896, -17.3272,  
-27.6018

■ 91.0523, -4.9444,  
4.8391

■ 64.4450, -16.8406,  
-32.8953

■ 95.3094, -1.9324,  
9.8010

■ 61.5442, -15.5055,  
-38.0677

■ 97.6027, -5.7738,  
12.2957

■ 58.8853, -13.3339,  
-43.0871

■ 99.3872, -8.7031,  
14.2013

■ 56.4856, -10.5264,  
-47.8787

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.4103, -19.7923, -3.6379



78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636



78.4103, -5.4604, -14.9002

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.4103, -14.0567, -11.3623



78.4103, 14.6751, 3.0440



78.4103, -11.9445, 18.2120

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636



74.4721, 9.9425, 18.1003

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.4103, -2.9074, 19.5596



78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636



78.4103, 12.7409, 11.4280

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.4103, -14.0567, -11.3623



78.4103, 11.3625, -5.9856



78.4103, 6.1943, 17.2236



78.4103, -18.6137, 13.3004



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636



78.4103, 0.8432, -14.1357



78.4103, 6.1943, 17.2236



78.4103, -9.0954, 19.0700

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.4103, -14.0567, -11.3623



95.6300, -8.9212, 0.1144



84.1581, -33.1491, 18.8232



43.9227, -4.3760, -0.3465

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

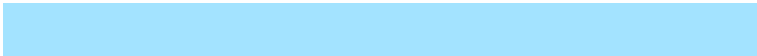


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.4103, -14.0567, -11.3623



83.5010, -16.7030, -16.0159



67.6851, 3.5668, -27.0799



40.3592, -3.8397, -0.0578



42.4195, -8.2803, -35.1460



12.5805, -3.3492, -8.4946



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.0135, 29.2953, -9.6566



72.8335, 39.6291, -13.3258



84.8240, -7.9411, 27.5786



39.0252, 2.6233, 0.0582



33.6293, 61.9907, -12.3728

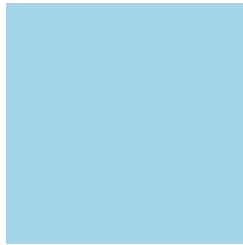


9.5141, 17.6944, -4.7137



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

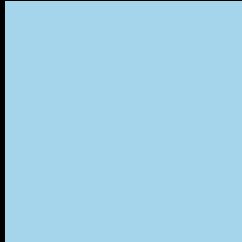
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

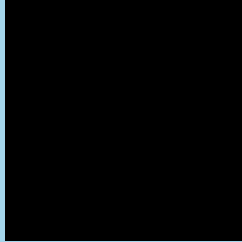
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636.

-14.0558, -11.3636.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636

### Protanopia

78.3578, -0.2339, -7.8105

### Deuteranopia

78.1261, 5.8062, -13.1441



## Tritanopia

78.5170, -15.6085, -8.9797

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636

## Protanomaly

78.1579, -5.5111, -9.2866

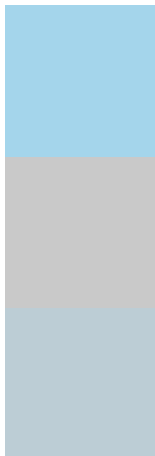
## Deuteranomaly

78.1758, -1.8415, -12.6258

## Tritanomaly

78.5531, -15.4057, -9.4883

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636

## Achromatopsia

76.4250, -4.0778, 4.1523

## Achromatomaly

76.9143, -7.9313, -1.2707

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 213, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 213, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 213, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 213, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 213, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 213, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 213, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 213, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 213, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 213,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 78.4087, -14.0558, -11.3636 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 213, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
213, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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