

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(78.3001, -38.5130,  
-13.6006)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(78.3001, -38.5130,  
-13.6006) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(78.2756,  
-38.4438, -13.7095)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	15E3EE
RGB	21, 227, 238
RGB Percent	8%, 89%, 93%
CMY	0.9175, 0.1098, 0.0667
CMYK	0.91, 0.05, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	183°, 86%, 51%
HSV	183°, 91%, 93%
XYZ	43.2110, 61.2707, 90.4380
YIQ	166.6600, -126.3070, -40.2510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

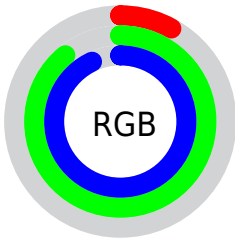
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	21, 127, 238
Decimal	1434606
CIE Lab	82.53, -40.21, -18.13
CIE LCh	83, 44.107, 204.272
Yxy	61.2729, 0.2217, 0.3143
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279624686 (0xFF15E3EE)
YUV	166.6600, 35.1706, -127.7438
Hunter-Lab	78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095

# Details

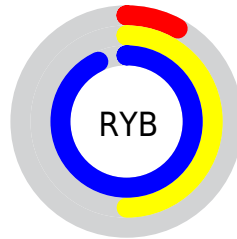
The HunterLab color **78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **43.8938, 69.2334, 27.2984**, and the grayscale version is **61.9259, -3.3042, 3.3646**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.8799, -38.6755, -6.3994**, and **57.0116, -27.7386, -11.3799** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.8020, -38.3893, -14.3742**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.9491, -37.9804, -12.7645**.

# Distribution



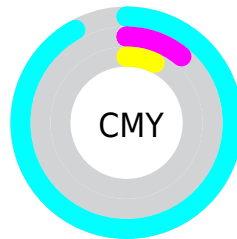
- Red (8%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 78.2756, -38.4438,  
-13.7095


 78.2756, -38.4438,  
-13.7095


207.1893,  
-60.7067, -12.3764


 66.6674, -35.6815,  
-13.6028


 103.2831,  
-43.7192, -13.7464


 55.6964, -32.8088,  
-13.4345


 116.6261,  
-46.2613, -13.6858


 45.4035, -29.7957,  
-13.1996


 130.4988,  
-48.7539, -13.5761

 35.8367, -26.5993,  
-12.8952

 144.8817,  
-51.2049, -13.4201

 27.0561, -23.1550,  
-12.5214

 159.7573,  
-53.6207, -13.2201

 19.1395, -19.3597,  
-12.0894

175.1098,

 12.1943, -16.4161,

-56.0068, -12.9783

-11.6467

190.9249,  
-58.3675, -12.6964

■ 5.2874, -9.2529,  
-15.4578

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 78.2756, -38.4438,  
-13.7095

■ 78.2756, -38.4438,  
-13.7095

■ 77.8020, -38.3893,  
-14.3742

■ 78.9491, -37.9804,  
-12.7645

■ 79.8088, -36.7906,  
-11.5597

■ 80.8776, -34.8018,  
-10.0720

■ 82.1703, -31.9768,  
-8.2932

■ 83.6958, -28.3074,  
-6.2251

■ 85.4588, -23.8092,  
-3.8779

■ 87.4600, -18.5170,  
-1.2680

■ 89.6971, -12.4797,  
1.5839

■ 92.1653, -5.7559,  
4.6544

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.2770, -41.2453, 8.0888



78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095



78.2770, -26.9082, -34.9027

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.2770, -38.4438, -13.7084



78.2770, 32.3225, -22.3862



78.2770, -0.0078, 34.1799

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095



43.8938, 69.2334, 27.2984

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.2770, 21.4774, 29.9533



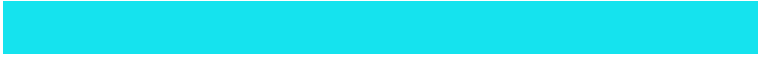
78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095



78.2770, 41.3933, 0.2292

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.2770, -38.4438, -13.7084



78.2770, 13.5652, -40.7866



78.2770, 37.2251, 18.7760



78.2770, -20.4746, 32.3209

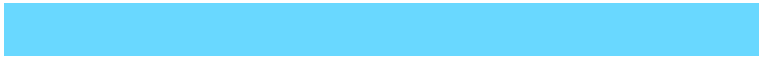


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095



78.2770, -15.0850, -43.8869



78.2770, 37.2251, 18.7760



78.2770, 7.3549, 33.4693

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.2770, -38.4438, -13.7084



93.2691, -23.5260, -3.0808



78.3668, -66.2031, 46.1026



42.8182, -11.7566, -1.8614

0.0000, NaN, NaN

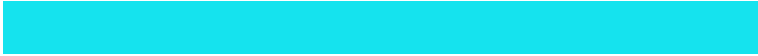


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.2770, -38.4438, -13.7084



84.1238, -41.4963, -15.5689



44.1004, 13.0879, -81.3476



42.1705, -5.3339, 0.9761



58.1630, -28.7362, -10.6656



16.9001, -8.4397, -2.9048



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.2558, 92.8062, -55.5046



52.6072, 102.2857, -60.5338



60.9061, 24.7938, 37.2717



40.0210, 3.1887, -1.2525



36.3434, 70.6791, -41.9402

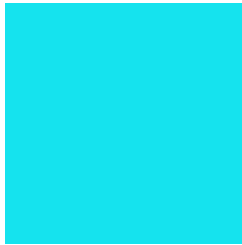


10.5026, 20.4558, -12.3593



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

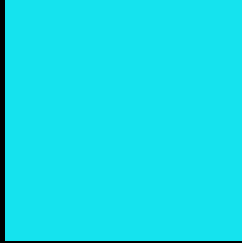
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

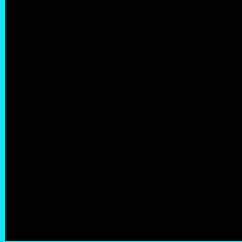
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095.

-38.4438, -13.7095.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095

### Protanopia

77.5058, -0.5325, -5.1159

### Deuteranopia

77.5081, 5.7208, -17.6105



## Tritanopia

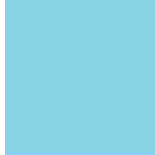
78.2716, -36.2101, -17.2354

# Trichromacy



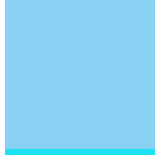
## Original Color

78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095



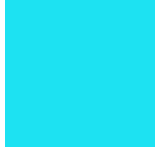
## Protanomaly

75.7788, -20.8396, -11.0982



## Deuteranomaly

75.7166, -16.6484, -19.4150



## Tritanomaly

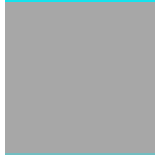
78.1439, -36.8616, -16.2299

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095



## Achromatopsia

62.1634, -3.3169, 3.3775



## Achromatomaly

66.1988, -22.1131, -4.7824

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 227, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 227, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 227, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 227, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 227, 238) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 227, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 227, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 227, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 227, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 227,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 78.2756, -38.4438, -13.7095 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 227, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 227,  
238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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