

Converting Colors

HunterLab(78.3372, -26.6751,
-13.4189)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(78.3372, -26.6751,
-13.4189) contains.

HunterLab(78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(78.1929,
-26.4363, -13.6149)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75DCEE
RGB	117, 220, 238
RGB Percent	46%, 86%, 93%
CMY	0.5412, 0.1372, 0.0667
CMYK	0.51, 0.08, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	189°, 78%, 70%
HSV	189°, 51%, 93%
XYZ	48.3619, 61.1413, 90.1413
YIQ	191.2550, -67.1660, -16.2380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

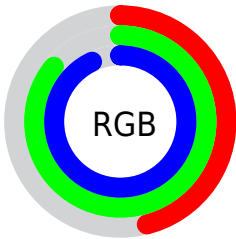
Format	Color
RYB	117, 173, 238
Decimal	7724270
CIELab	82.46, -25.20, -18.04
CIELCh	82, 30.997, 215.601
Yxy	61.1436, 0.2422, 0.3063
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285914350 (0xFF75DCEE)
YUV	191.2550, 23.0453, -65.1216
Hunter-Lab	78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149

Details

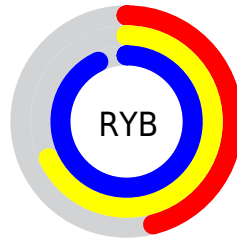
The HunterLab color **78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **60.6554, 32.5675, 21.4933**, and the grayscale version is **72.2154, -3.8532, 3.9236**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.7924, -27.6540, -2.4951**, and **55.7176, -22.6466, -13.1570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.0661, -28.3554, -16.6748**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.5513, -23.7009, -10.3188**.

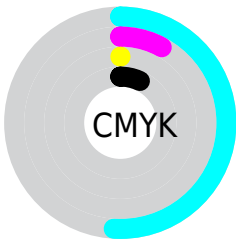
Distribution



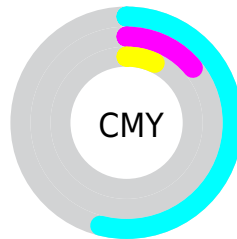
- Red (46%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 78.1929, -26.4363,
-13.6149

■ 78.1929, -26.4363,
-13.6149

207.0750,
-42.7570, -12.2601

■ 66.5891, -24.5120,
-13.5107

■ 103.1925,
-30.1789, -13.6466

■ 55.6226, -22.5368,
-13.3449

■ 116.5317,
-32.0119, -13.5836

■ 45.3345, -20.4947,
-13.1124

■ 130.4008,
-33.8271, -13.4715

■ 35.7730, -18.3622,
-12.8103

144.7802,
-35.6286, -13.3131

■ 26.9981, -16.1033,
-12.4388

159.6525,
-37.4198, -13.1107

■ 19.0879, -13.6592,
-12.0084

175.0017,

■ 12.1499, -11.0459,

-39.2034, -12.8666

-11.5664

190.8136,
-40.9819, -12.5824

■ 5.2142, -9.1249,
-15.5391

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 78.1929, -26.4363,
-13.6149

■ 78.1929, -26.4363,
-13.6149

■ 76.0661, -28.3554,
-16.6748

■ 80.5513, -23.7009,
-10.3188

■ 74.1640, -29.4444,
-19.4830

■ 83.1350, -20.1809,
-6.8147

■ 72.4802, -29.7190,
-22.0276

■ 85.9405, -15.9240,
-3.1282

■ 70.9988, -29.2320,
-24.3125

■ 88.9607, -10.9857,
0.7138

69.7824, -28.2574,
-26.2224

92.1869, -5.4261,
4.6858

95.1256, -0.9642,
8.1819

96.2330, -2.8414,
9.4116

97.3489, -4.7116,
10.6377

98.4730, -6.5748,
11.8602

Harmonies

Analogous

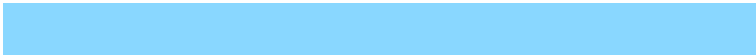
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.1944, -31.0552, 1.5088



78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149



78.1944, -15.8259, -25.3473

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.1944, -26.4367, -13.6137



78.1944, 24.0972, -8.0500



78.1944, -6.9937, 27.0790

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149



60.6554, 32.5675, 21.4933

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.1944, 8.1977, 25.4842



78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149



78.1944, 26.9084, 6.9077

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.1944, -26.4367, -13.6137



78.1944, 13.4760, -21.7316



78.1944, 20.8912, 18.7038



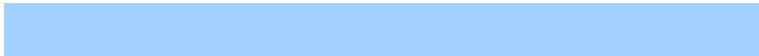
78.1944, -20.3898, 23.5677

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149



78.1944, -6.3935, -28.6399



78.1944, 20.8912, 18.7038



78.1944, -1.9344, 27.1129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.1944, -26.4367, -13.6137



94.8034, -14.2189, -0.9992



81.6268, -50.6633, 33.2567



43.5412, -7.0995, -0.8687

0.0000, NaN, NaN



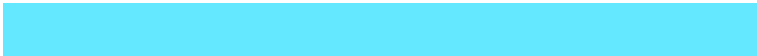
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.1944, -26.4367, -13.6137



82.1789, -30.7282, -18.1567



59.6447, 2.1011, -43.6193



41.8388, -4.8050, 0.5833



52.2669, -21.2956, -19.3579



15.4287, -6.6008, -5.0353

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.0572, 57.0046, -28.8425



60.0729, 74.0190, -36.9353



76.0813, 2.1907, 33.8027



39.9858, 3.0006, -0.7536



35.4276, 67.4736, -29.8415



10.2714, 19.6481, -9.3156

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

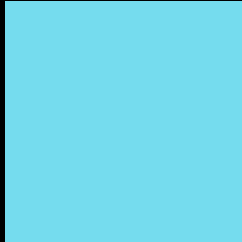
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

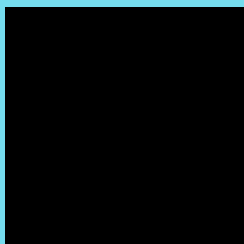
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

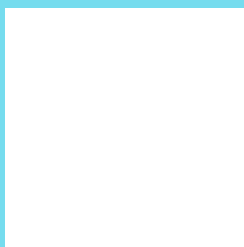
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149.



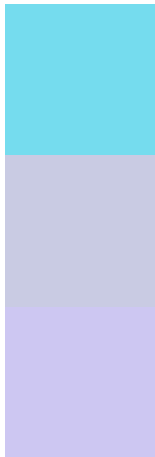
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149.

-26.4363, -13.6149.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149

Protanopia

77.8944, -0.4062, -7.3246

Deuteranopia

77.6124, 5.9144, -16.2451



Tritanopia

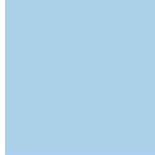
78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149

Trichromacy



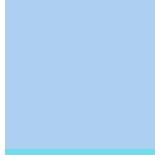
Original Color

78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149



Protanomaly

77.4057, -11.3914, -10.4102



Deuteranomaly

77.3697, -7.5291, -16.2294



Tritanomaly

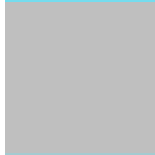
78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149

Monochromacy



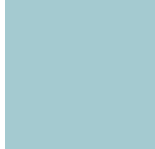
Original Color

78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149



Achromatopsia

72.1800, -3.8513, 3.9217



Achromatomaly

73.9511, -13.9993, -2.5206

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 220, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 220, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 220, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 220, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

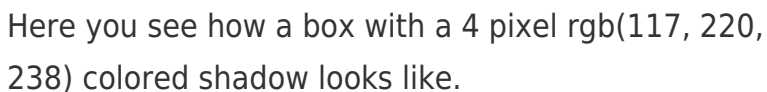
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 220, 238) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 220, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 220, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 220, 238); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 220, 238); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 220, 238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 78.1929, -26.4363, -13.6149 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 220, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
220, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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