

Converting Colors

HunterLab(78.4966, -4.1950,
4.2795)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(78.4966, -4.1950, 4.2795)
contains.

HunterLab(78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**HunterLab(78.5625, -4.1919,
4.2684)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CECECE
RGB	206, 206, 206
RGB Percent	81%, 81%, 81%
CMY	0.1922, 0.1921, 0.1922
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	124°, 0%, 81%
HSV	124°, 0%, 81%
XYZ	58.6655, 61.7207, 67.2139
YIQ	206.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _{YB}	206, 206, 206
Decimal	13553358
CIE Lab	82.77, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	83, 0.008, 288.921
Yxy	61.7233, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291743438 (0xFFCECECE)
YUV	206.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684

Details

The HunterLab color $78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $78.5635, -4.1902, 4.2674$, and the grayscale version is $78.5640, -4.1920, 4.2685$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76.2151, -13.6451, 10.2502$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $81.1542, 5.8925, -2.0530$.

Distribution



- Red (81%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 78.5625, -4.1919,
4.2684

■ 78.5625, -4.1919,
4.2684

207.5864,
-11.0840, 11.2901

■ 66.9397, -3.5730,
3.6373

103.5980, -5.5306,
5.6317

■ 55.9528, -2.9863,
3.0396

116.9540, -6.2438,
6.3584

■ 45.6430, -2.4358,
2.4788

130.8392, -6.9854,
7.1139

■ 36.0581, -1.9240,
1.9575

145.2342, -7.7541,
7.8971

■ 27.2577, -1.4541,
1.4789

160.1215, -8.5491,
8.7072

■ 19.3193, -1.0303,
1.0473

175.4853, -9.3696,

■ 12.3491, -0.6583,

9.5432

0.6685

191.3113,
-10.2148, 10.4044

■ 5.5337, -0.2935,
0.2955

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.5625, -4.1919,
4.2684

■ 78.5625, -4.1919,
4.2684

■ 76.2151, -13.6451,
10.2502

■ 81.1542, 5.8925,
-2.0530

■ 74.1169, -22.3556,
15.8221

■ 83.9735, 16.5116,
-8.6551

■ 72.2775, -30.2205,
20.9179

■ 85.2203, 21.2840,
-12.9361

■ 70.7019, -37.1440,
25.4740

■ 69.3911, -43.0473,
29.4350

■ 68.3416, -47.8774,
32.7596

■ 67.5446, -51.6158,
35.4250

■ 66.9851, -54.2858,
37.4320

■ 66.6405, -55.9597,
38.8075

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.5642, -4.1976, 4.2694



78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684



78.5642, -4.1905, 4.2717

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.5642, -4.1937, 4.2697



78.5642, -4.1912, 4.2819



78.5642, -4.2036, 4.2778

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684



78.5635, -4.1902, 4.2674

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.5642, -4.2019, 4.2812



78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684



78.5642, -4.1947, 4.2835

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.5642, -4.1937, 4.2697



78.5642, -4.1890, 4.2788



78.5642, -4.1986, 4.2833



78.5642, -4.2033, 4.2741

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684



78.5642, -4.1891, 4.2739



78.5642, -4.1986, 4.2833



78.5642, -4.2033, 4.2790

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.5642, -4.1937, 4.2697

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



78.5645, -4.1927, 4.2702



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.5642, -4.1937, 4.2697

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



78.5642, -4.1934, 4.2689



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



52.1593, -44.5606, 30.9990



11.8653, -10.0065, 6.7707

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.5635, -4.1902, 4.2674

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



78.5634, -4.1905, 4.2682



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



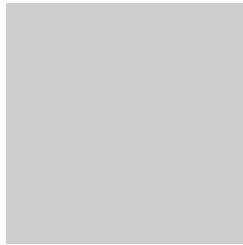
32.3062, 62.6208, -35.6769



7.3648, 14.3174, -8.4572

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

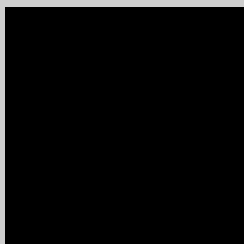
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

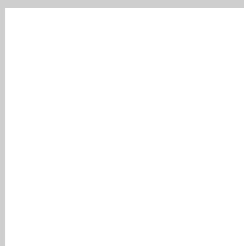
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684.



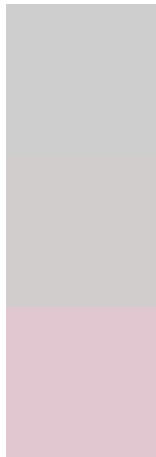
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.5625, -4.1919,

4.2684.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684

Protanopia

78.5952, -2.5703, 4.8143

Deuteranopia

78.3322, 5.8814, 3.6897



Tritanopia

78.5894, -0.0644, -2.6571

Trichromacy



Original Color

78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684

Protanomaly

78.5021, -2.8926, 4.6996

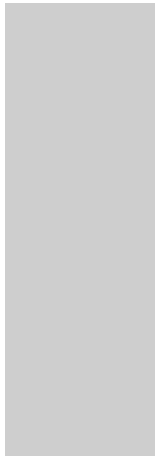
Deuteranomaly

78.5185, 1.9411, 3.8415

Tritanomaly

78.6348, -1.7994, -0.0512

Monochromacy



Original Color

78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684

Achromatopsia

78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684

Achromatomaly

78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 206, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 206, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 206, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 206, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 206, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 206, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 206, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 206, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 206, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 206,  
206) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 206, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
206, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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