

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(78.5889, 3.4380,  
6.3402)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(78.5889, 3.4380, 6.3402)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(78.5656, 3.3251,  
6.3020)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFC9CA
RGB	223, 201, 202
RGB Percent	87%, 79%, 79%
CMY	0.1255, 0.2117, 0.2078
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.09, 0.13
HSL	357°, 26%, 83%
HSV	357°, 10%, 87%
XYZ	61.9788, 61.7255, 64.5247
YIQ	207.6920, 12.7910, 4.9750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

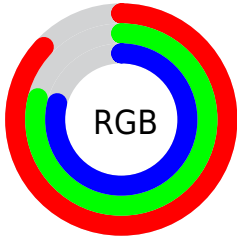
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	223, 201, 202
Decimal	14666186
CIE Lab	82.77, 7.86, 2.30
CIE LCh	83, 8.188, 16.306
Yxy	61.7283, 0.3293, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292856266 (0xFFDFC9CA)
YUV	207.6920, -2.8062, 13.4251
Hunter-Lab	78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020

# Details

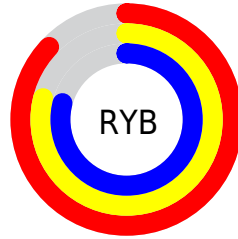
The HunterLab color  $78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $83.9454, -11.5342, 2.7125$ , and the grayscale version is  $79.2973, -4.2311, 4.3084$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $55.9736, 3.8632, 4.8813$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $71.5085, 11.6615, 8.1497$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $86.0060, -4.6908, 4.6458$ .

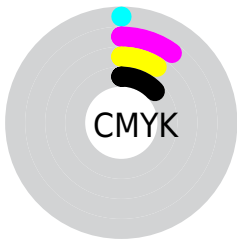
# Distribution



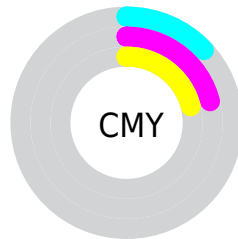
- Red (87%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 78.5656, 3.3251,  
6.3020

■ 78.5656, 3.3251,  
6.3020

207.5907, -0.7832,  
14.1197

■ 66.9426, 3.5677,  
5.5623

103.6015, 2.6866,  
7.8668

■ 55.9556, 3.7576,  
4.8495

116.9576, 2.3021,  
8.6877

■ 45.6456, 3.8866,  
4.1657

130.8429, 1.8772,  
9.5338

■ 36.0605, 3.9468,  
3.5118

145.2380, 1.4142,  
10.4043

■ 27.2599, 3.9277,  
2.8882

160.1254, 0.9150,  
11.2988

■ 19.3212, 3.8140,  
2.2950

175.4894, 0.3814,

■ 12.3507, 3.5823,

12.2165

1.7304

191.3155, -0.1851,  
13.1570

■ 5.5364, 5.8900,  
2.0227

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.5656, 3.3251,  
6.3020

■ 78.5656, 3.3251,  
6.3020

■ 71.5085, 11.6615,  
8.1497

■ 86.0060, -4.6908,  
4.6458

■ 64.8992, 20.3247,  
10.2053

■ 93.7694, -12.4070,  
3.1528

■ 58.8270, 29.2529,  
12.4771

■ 97.1741, -15.3104,  
1.8861

■ 53.3986, 38.2780,  
14.9423

■ 48.7375, 47.0600,  
17.5252

■ 44.9719, 55.0429,  
20.0734

■ 42.2071, 61.5057,  
22.3584

■ 40.4820, 65.7885,  
24.1285

■ 39.6453, 67.9084,  
25.1719

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.5673, 3.4170, 2.5247



78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020



78.5673, 1.1879, 9.3851

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.5673, 3.3229, 6.3033



78.5673, -9.6806, 9.1651



78.5673, -6.0090, -3.1694

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020



83.9454, -11.5342, 2.7125

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.5673, -9.4394, -1.1997



78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020



78.5673, -11.5305, 5.9892

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.5673, 3.3229, 6.3033



78.5673, -6.3442, 10.9799



78.5673, -11.4431, 2.1945



78.5673, -2.0252, -3.0749



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020



78.5673, -1.0815, 10.6859



78.5673, -11.4431, 2.1945



78.5673, -7.2634, -2.7227

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.5673, 3.3229, 6.3033



97.3418, -2.5530, 5.9957



79.1313, 6.5677, -3.4328



44.7089, -0.8345, 2.8448

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.5673, 3.3229, 6.3033



89.5912, 5.9959, 7.7963



81.5144, -1.9661, 9.9995



37.0277, 1.4007, 2.9253



30.4002, 52.1188, 19.1987



8.0261, 13.8048, 4.7219



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.5673, 3.3229, 6.3033



89.5912, 5.9959, 7.7963



80.8618, -6.3483, -1.4730



37.0277, 1.4007, 2.9253



30.4002, 52.1188, 19.1987



8.0261, 13.8048, 4.7219



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

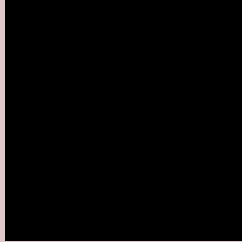
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.5656, 3.3251,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020

### Protanopia

78.5646, -2.7375, 5.2516

### Deuteranopia

78.3850, 5.7509, 6.1359



## Tritanopia

78.5880, 7.2474, 0.0494

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020

## Protanomaly

78.7049, -0.7559, 5.9218

## Deuteranomaly

78.5758, 4.8796, 6.3409

## Tritanomaly

78.6187, 5.5185, 2.5587

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020

## Achromatopsia

79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151

## Achromatomaly

78.9082, -1.4289, 4.7229

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 201, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 201, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 201, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 201, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 201, 202) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 201, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 201, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 201, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 201, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 201,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 78.5656, 3.3251, 6.3020 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 201, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
201, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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