

Converting Colors

HunterLab(78.7649, -10.5086,
9.4865)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(78.7649, -10.5086,
9.4865) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(78.7649,
-10.5086, 9.4865)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6D2C3
RGB	198, 210, 195
RGB Percent	78%, 82%, 76%
CMY	0.2235, 0.1765, 0.2353
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.07, 0.18
HSL	108°, 14%, 79%
HSV	108°, 7%, 82%
XYZ	56.1856, 62.0391, 60.6432
YIQ	204.7020, -2.3370, -7.2090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

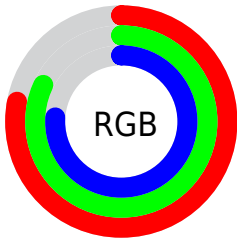
Format	Color
R _{YB}	195, 210, 207
Decimal	13030083
CIE Lab	82.94, -6.81, 6.03
CIE LCh	83, 9.095, 138.513
Yxy	62.0418, 0.3141, 0.3468
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291220163 (0xFFC6D2C3)
YUV	204.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777
Hunter-Lab	78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865

Details

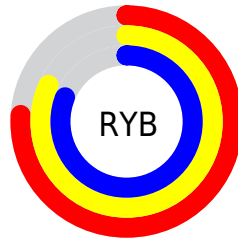
The HunterLab color $78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $75.4655, 2.4806, -1.3613$, and the grayscale version is $78.0287, -4.1634, 4.2394$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99.9041, -5.8614, 6.8020$, and $56.2399, -8.9229, 7.9326$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76.8112, -18.7117, 16.0927$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $80.9141, -1.7160, 2.2240$.

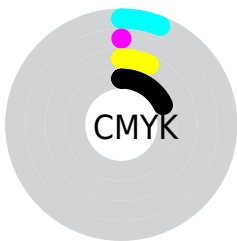
Distribution



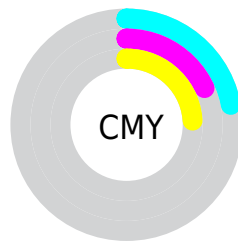
- Red (78%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 78.7649, -10.5086,
9.4865

■ 78.7649, -10.5086,
9.4865

207.8662,
-19.8799, 18.6239

■ 67.1315, -9.5511,
8.5647

103.8200,
-12.4750, 11.3871

■ 56.1336, -8.6056,
7.6585

117.1851,
-13.4818, 12.3647

■ 45.8119, -7.6718,
6.7672

131.0791,
-14.5054, 13.3610

■ 36.2143, -6.7464,
5.8882

145.4825,
-15.5460, 14.3762

■ 27.4000, -5.8242,
5.0168

160.3780,
-16.6038, 15.4101

■ 19.4462, -4.8959,
4.1444

175.7498,

■ 12.4584, -3.9436,

-17.6787, 16.4629

3.2544

191.5836,
-18.7708, 17.5342

■ 5.7008, -5.5123,
3.9906

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.7649, -10.5086,
9.4865

■ 78.7649, -10.5086,
9.4865

■ 76.8112, -18.7117,
16.0927

■ 80.9141, -1.7160,
2.2240

■ 75.0536, -26.2475,
21.9807

■ 83.2466, 7.5985,
-5.6359

■ 73.4982, -33.0493,
27.1009

■ 85.6426, 16.7682,
-12.4305

■ 72.1472, -39.0570,
31.4143

■ 86.3572, 19.0669,
-11.4079

■ 71.0005, -44.2239,
34.8987

■ 70.0551, -48.5210,
37.5533

■ 69.3047, -51.9423,
39.4039

■ 68.7393, -54.5094,
40.5083

■ 68.3433, -56.2822,
40.9781

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.7666, -6.9036, 11.6170



78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865



78.7666, -12.4123, 5.8902

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.7666, -10.5104, 9.4876



78.7666, -5.9026, -4.1072



78.7666, 4.0661, 6.8266

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865



75.4655, 2.4806, -1.3613

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.7666, 4.3485, 2.6504



78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865



78.7666, -1.4737, -3.8220

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.7666, -10.5104, 9.4876



78.7666, -9.7916, -2.0522



78.7666, 2.3011, -1.2933



78.7666, 1.5377, 10.1404

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865



78.7666, -12.4861, 3.0739



78.7666, 2.3011, -1.2933



78.7666, 4.4289, 5.4821

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.7666, -10.5104, 9.4876



99.4536, -7.5676, 7.2814



78.9115, -5.2144, 9.7410



46.0242, -3.4503, 3.3267

0.0000, NaN, NaN



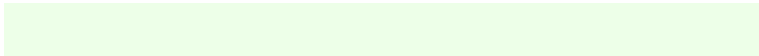
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.7666, -10.5104, 9.4876



97.6173, -15.1513, 13.4943



78.6415, -10.6931, 7.3034



36.4944, -5.7882, 5.1457



53.3388, -44.1280, 32.0946



12.7464, -9.8687, 7.6815

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.4655, 2.4806, -1.3613



92.3913, 5.4191, -3.6864



75.6078, 2.6703, 1.0932



34.4742, 2.1640, -1.4962



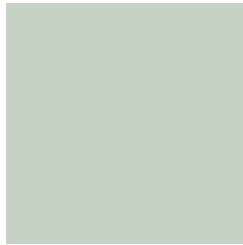
28.2141, 58.3772, -59.7502



6.9005, 14.1171, -13.3687

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

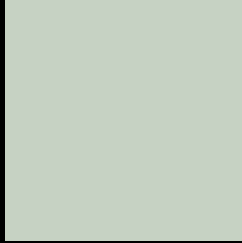
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

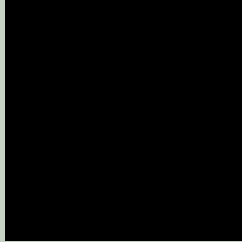
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

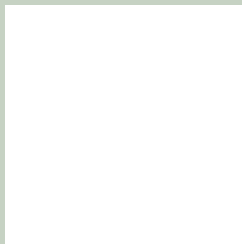
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.7649,

-10.5086, 9.4865.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865

Protanopia

78.8283, -4.0376, 10.5559

Deuteranopia

78.5500, 6.0069, 8.6360



Tritanopia

78.7230, -2.5955, -3.5846

Trichromacy



Original Color

78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865

Protanomaly

78.6960, -6.0185, 9.9337

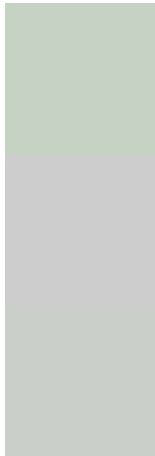
Deuteranomaly

78.4875, -0.3678, 8.9064

Tritanomaly

78.6108, -5.2249, 1.3697

Monochromacy



Original Color

78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865

Achromatopsia

78.1342, -4.1690, 4.2452

Achromatomaly

78.3577, -6.7948, 6.3530

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 210, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 210, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 210, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 210, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 210, 195) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 210, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 210, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 210, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 210, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 210,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 78.7649, -10.5086, 9.4865 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 210, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
210, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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