

Converting Colors

HunterLab(78.9777, -7.4182,
3.2171)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(78.9777, -7.4182, 3.2171)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(78.9598, -7.3736,
3.2308)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7D1D1
RGB	199, 209, 209
RGB Percent	78%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.2196, 0.1804, 0.1804
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	180°, 10%, 80%
HSV	180°, 5%, 82%
XYZ	57.8623, 62.3465, 69.3060
YIQ	206.0100, -5.9600, -2.1200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

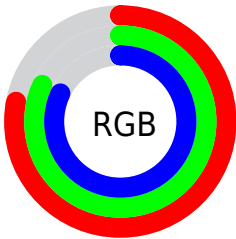
Format	Color
R _Y B	199, 204, 209
Decimal	13095377
CIE Lab	83.10, -3.38, -1.18
CIE LCh	83, 3.584, 199.272
Yxy	62.3491, 0.3053, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291285457 (0xFFC7D1D1)
YUV	206.0100, 1.4741, -6.1478
Hunter-Lab	78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308

Details

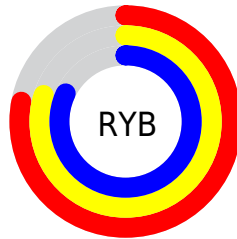
The HunterLab color $78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $76.5032, -0.8183, 5.2487$, and the grayscale version is $78.5640, -4.1920, 4.2685$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $56.4172, -5.9801, 2.0699$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $77.2550, -13.4479, 1.0773$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $80.8749, -0.7242, 5.5958$.

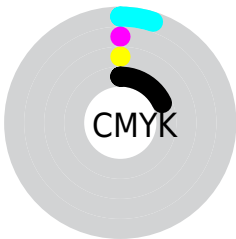
Distribution



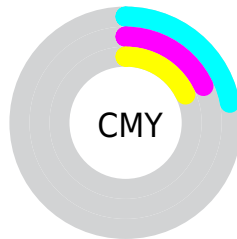
- Red (78%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 78.9598, -7.3736,
3.2308

■ 78.9598, -7.3736,
3.2308

208.1354,
-15.4954, 9.8616

■ 67.3163, -6.5871,
2.6526

104.0336, -9.0231,
4.4955

■ 56.3077, -5.8231,
2.1109

117.4076, -9.8818,
5.1760

■ 45.9746, -5.0834,
1.6097

131.3100,
-10.7633, 5.8871

■ 36.3647, -4.3679,
1.1523

145.7216,
-11.6669, 6.6274

■ 27.5371, -3.6756,
0.7433

160.6250,
-12.5924, 7.3960

■ 19.5685, -3.0046,
0.3884

176.0044,

■ 12.5639, -2.3498,

-13.5392, 8.1918

0.0966

191.8456,
-14.5070, 9.0140

■ 5.8571, -2.8297,
-0.5183

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.9598, -7.3736,
3.2308

■ 78.9598, -7.3736,
3.2308

■ 77.2550, -13.4479,
1.0773

■ 80.8749, -0.7242,
5.5958

■ 75.7591, -18.8881,
-0.8502

■ 82.9901, 6.4469,
8.1486

■ 74.4749, -23.6505,
-2.5351

■ 84.5387, 11.5846,
9.9791

■ 73.4012, -27.7014,
-3.9663

■ 84.5389, 11.5857,
9.9762

72.5336, -31.0227,
-5.1380

84.5391, 11.5868,
9.9732

71.8642, -33.6154,
-6.0512

84.5393, 11.5879,
9.9702

71.3814, -35.5025,
-6.7144

84.5395, 11.5890,
9.9673

71.0689, -36.7320,
-7.1449

84.5397, 11.5901,
9.9643

70.9042, -37.3823,
-7.3707

84.5399, 11.5912,
9.9613

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.9615, -7.5032, 4.8929



78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308



78.9615, -6.4055, 1.8284

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.9615, -7.3753, 3.2320



78.9615, -1.6458, 2.1764



78.9615, -3.5887, 7.3852

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308



76.5032, -0.8183, 5.2487

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.9615, -2.0052, 6.6905



78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308



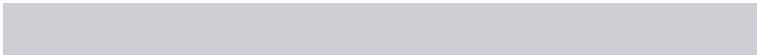
78.9615, -0.8770, 3.6986

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.9615, -7.3753, 3.2320



78.9615, -3.1014, 1.2098



78.9615, -1.0091, 5.3495



78.9615, -5.3273, 7.2664

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308



78.9615, -5.4073, 1.2388



78.9615, -1.0091, 5.3495



78.9615, -3.0204, 7.2397

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.9615, -7.3753, 3.2320



99.7595, -6.1735, 5.1355



78.6715, -9.0075, 7.5972



46.1588, -2.8370, 2.3827

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.9615, -7.3753, 3.2320



98.5964, -10.2537, 3.6863



77.4678, -4.9304, 1.4794



36.8463, -3.9887, 1.3251



55.6349, -29.5073, -5.8409



13.1555, -6.9768, -1.3824

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.5032, -0.8183, 5.2487



94.6982, 0.1455, 6.8848



77.9664, -3.2896, 6.8946



35.2644, 0.2317, 2.6232



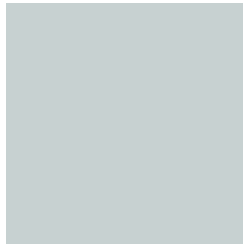
28.9101, 49.5098, 18.6777



6.8363, 11.7078, 4.4140

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

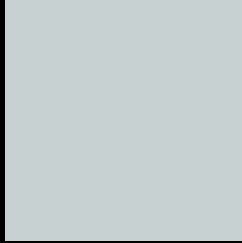
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

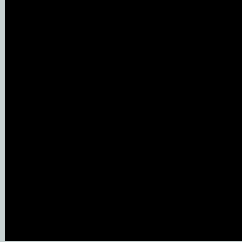
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

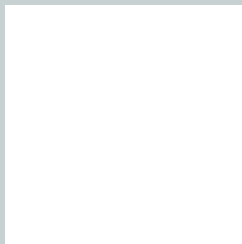
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308.

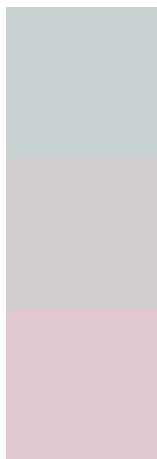


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308

Protanopia

78.9615, -2.7457, 4.2826

Deuteranopia

78.7523, 6.0298, 2.2347



Tritanopia

78.9752, -3.2285, -3.8032

Trichromacy



Original Color

78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308

Protanomaly

78.9313, -4.3609, 3.7357

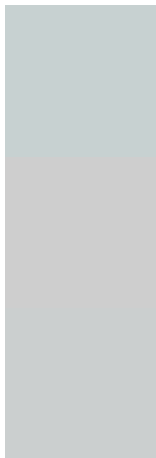
Deuteranomaly

78.7172, 1.2670, 2.6025

Tritanomaly

79.0273, -4.9654, -1.1544

Monochromacy



Original Color

78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308

Achromatopsia

78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684

Achromatomaly

78.6302, -5.4731, 3.8439

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 209, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 209, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 209, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 209, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 209, 209) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 209, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 209, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 209, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 209, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 209,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 78.9598, -7.3736, 3.2308 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 209, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
209, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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