

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(79.0509, -16.0052,  
17.5865)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(79.0509, -16.0052,  
17.5865) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(78.9463,  
-15.7520, 17.5231)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C3D5B0
RGB	195, 213, 176
RGB Percent	76%, 84%, 69%
CMY	0.2353, 0.1647, 0.3098
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.17, 0.16
HSL	89°, 31%, 76%
HSV	89°, 17%, 84%
XYZ	54.1364, 62.3252, 50.2510
YIQ	203.4000, 1.1490, -15.3230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

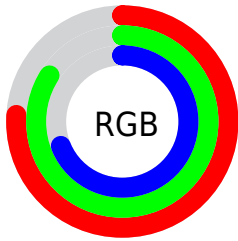
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	176, 213, 194
Decimal	12834224
CIELab	83.09, -12.63, 16.28
CIELCh	83, 20.607, 127.809
Yxy	62.3279, 0.3247, 0.3739
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291024304 (0xFFC3D5B0)
YUV	203.4000, -13.5082, -7.3668
Hunter-Lab	78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231

# Details

The HunterLab color **78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **68.7938, 8.7918, -11.7128**, and the grayscale version is **77.5068, -4.1356, 4.2111**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.0160, -10.1835, 15.1208**, and **56.1663, -13.1617, 14.5979** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.5994, -21.6895, 23.8436**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.4159, -9.3525, 10.3080**.

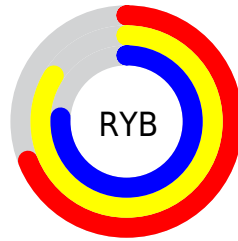
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (84%)

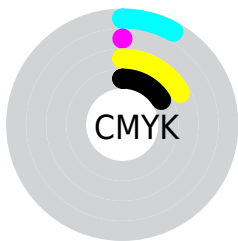
Blue (69%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (76%)

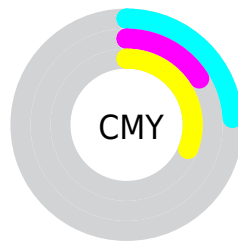


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 78.9463, -15.7520,  
17.5231

■ 78.9463, -15.7520,  
17.5231

208.1168,  
-27.2810, 30.4687

■ 67.3036, -14.4977,  
16.0672

■ 104.0189,  
-18.2674, 20.4031

■ 56.2956, -13.2364,  
14.5898

117.3922,  
-19.5301, 21.8345

■ 45.9634, -11.9642,  
13.0818

131.2941,  
-20.7993, 23.2648

■ 36.3543, -10.6720,  
11.5286

145.7051,  
-22.0763, 24.6964

■ 27.5277, -9.3461,  
9.9079

160.6079,  
-23.3623, 26.1313

■ 19.5600, -7.9638,  
8.1836

175.9868,

■ 12.5566, -6.4831,

-24.6579, 27.5708

6.7153

191.8275,  
-25.9640, 29.0163

■ 5.8464, -9.7279,  
4.0925

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.9463, -15.7520,  
17.5231

■ 78.9463, -15.7520,  
17.5231

■ 77.5994, -21.6895,  
23.8436

■ 80.4159, -9.3525,  
10.3080

■ 76.3712, -27.1325,  
29.2445

■ 82.0013, -2.5153,  
2.2265

■ 75.2635, -32.0612,  
33.7168

■ 83.7020, 4.7254,  
-6.6818

■ 74.2754, -36.4602,  
37.2653

■ 85.2773, 11.0794,  
-13.0357

■ 73.4049, -40.3224,  
39.9123

■ 86.3438, 14.5730,  
-11.5049

■ 72.6483, -43.6511,  
41.7016

■ 87.2187, 17.4084,  
-10.2644

■ 72.0003, -46.4628,  
42.7041

■ 71.4520, -48.7974,  
43.0407

■ 71.3201, -49.3573,  
43.0830

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.9480, -6.8336, 20.4729



78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231



78.9480, -21.3784, 10.9508

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.9480, -15.7539, 17.5241



78.9480, -11.4069, -14.7580



78.9480, 15.9243, 6.7623

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231



68.7938, 8.7918, -11.7128

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.9480, 14.5490, -2.9909



78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231



78.9480, -1.5653, -16.2454

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.9480, -15.7539, 17.5241



78.9480, -18.9579, -7.8654



78.9480, 8.0236, -11.7067



78.9480, 11.6923, 14.7881



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231



78.9480, -22.6714, 4.9993



78.9480, 8.0236, -11.7067



78.9480, 16.1061, 3.5889

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.9480, -15.7539, 17.5241



99.0193, -9.5662, 10.4303



74.7092, -0.4182, 13.4305



45.7484, -4.6959, 5.1406

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

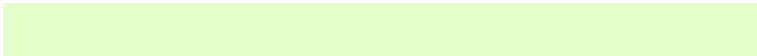


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.9480, -15.7539, 17.5241



96.1287, -22.1789, 24.5922



77.4778, -21.1363, 15.9385



37.6912, -5.0359, 5.5807



55.7946, -38.3496, 33.7090



13.8810, -8.6904, 8.4013



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.7938, 8.7918, -11.7128



81.0040, 14.4332, -19.0801



70.6474, 14.8266, -9.0414



35.0746, 1.2773, -1.9248



21.8618, 50.8618, -89.9247

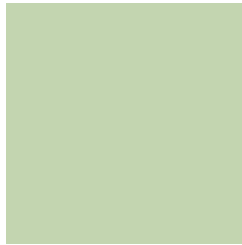


5.8089, 12.9949, -19.8656



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

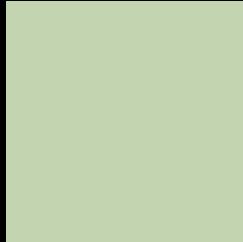
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

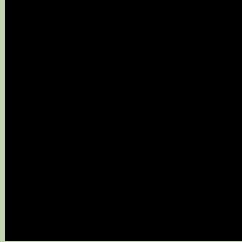
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

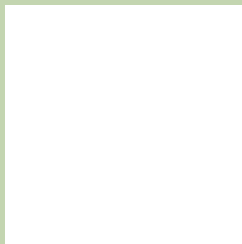
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.9463,

-15.7520, 17.5231.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231

### Protanopia

78.7815, -5.2580, 18.6990

### Deuteranopia

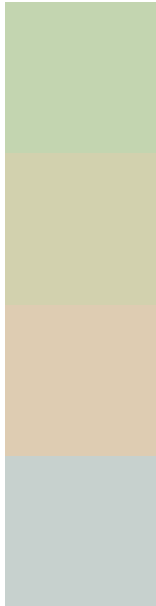
78.8074, 5.8820, 16.5780



## Tritanopia

78.7571, -2.4092, -4.0683

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231

## Protanomaly

78.9674, -9.3063, 18.4305

## Deuteranomaly

78.6954, -2.1830, 16.7202

## Tritanomaly

78.8665, -7.8887, 4.5609

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231

## Achromatopsia

77.2788, -4.1234, 4.1987

## Achromatomaly

77.9457, -8.7162, 9.5004

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 213, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 213, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 213, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 213, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 213, 176) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 213, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 213, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 213, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 213, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 213,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 78.9463, -15.7520, 17.5231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 213, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
213, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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