

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(79.0697, 23.8387,  
0.0903)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(79.0697, 23.8387,  
0.0903) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(79.1612, 23.7345,  
0.0271)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFBDD9
RGB	255, 189, 217
RGB Percent	100%, 74%, 85%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2588, 0.1490
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	335°, 100%, 87%
HSV	335°, 26%, 100%
XYZ	71.9620, 62.6650, 73.9484
YIQ	211.9260, 30.3480, 22.7000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

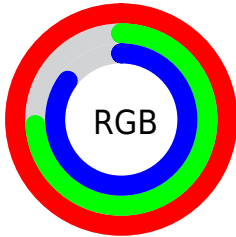
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 189, 217
Decimal	16760281
CIE Lab	83.27, 27.84, -4.65
CIE LCh	83, 28.226, 350.516
Yxy	62.6676, 0.3450, 0.3004
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294950361 (0xFFFFBDD9)
YUV	211.9260, 2.5015, 37.7759
Hunter-Lab	79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271

# Details

The HunterLab color **79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **93.7475, -29.6063, 11.2847**, and the grayscale version is **81.0902, -4.3268, 4.4058**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.1553, -0.5419, 2.1218**, and **56.3976, 22.2447, -0.7941** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.0513, 35.2528, -1.1286**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.8435, 12.3249, 1.7672**.

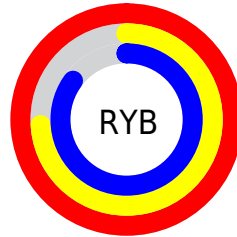
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (74%)

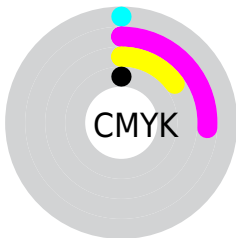
Blue (85%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (85%)

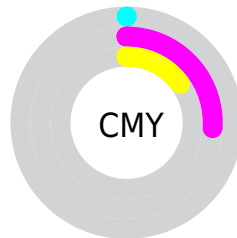


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)


Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 79.1612, 23.7345,  
0.0271

 79.1612, 23.7345,  
0.0271


208.4136, 26.3182,  
5.5092

 67.5073, 23.0977,  
-0.3969


 104.2544, 24.7526,  
1.0040

 56.4876, 22.3710,  
-0.7764


117.6374, 25.1537,  
1.5491

 46.1428, 21.5408,  
-1.1059


131.5486, 25.4890,  
2.1295

 36.5203, 20.5946,  
-1.3801

145.9686, 25.7631,  
2.7437

 27.6790, 19.5183,  
-1.5921

160.8802, 25.9798,  
3.3900

 19.6951, 18.2978,  
-1.7324

176.2675, 26.1426,

 12.6732, 16.9311,

4.0671

-1.7873

192.1163, 26.2545,  
4.7739

6.0141, 20.2472,  
-2.8783

0.0000, NaN, NaN

79.1612, 23.7345,  
0.0271

79.1612, 23.7345,  
0.0271

72.0513, 35.2528,  
-1.1286

86.8435, 12.3249,  
1.7672

65.6154, 46.6754,  
-1.5557

95.0053, 1.1319,  
3.9654

59.9797, 57.6102,  
-1.0893

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

55.2769, 67.4494,  
0.4148

■ 51.6264, 75.4029,  
3.0189

■ 49.0964, 80.6954,  
6.6246

■ 47.6531, 82.9368,  
10.9256

■ 47.2720, 83.2528,  
12.7313

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.1629, 17.3485, -13.5136



79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271



79.1629, 22.2357, 12.6682

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.1629, 23.7313, 0.0285



79.1629, -13.3299, 24.5207



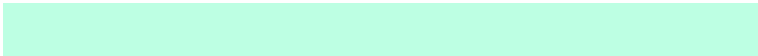
79.1629, -20.4304, -17.7952

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271



93.7475, -29.6063, 11.2847

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.1629, -27.6160, -5.0745



79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271



79.1629, -23.7159, 18.7597

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



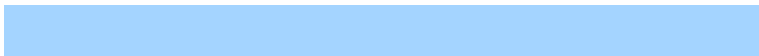
79.1629, 23.7313, 0.0285



79.1629, 0.1993, 25.4115



79.1629, -28.7760, 8.3632



79.1629, -8.5605, -24.9069



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271



79.1629, 17.0090, 19.0384



79.1629, -28.7760, 8.3632



79.1629, -23.4385, -13.9403

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.1629, 23.7313, 0.0285



93.2386, 3.4848, 3.4661



77.3639, 20.9067, -24.4680



42.5617, 2.3878, 1.4444

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.1629, 23.7313, 0.0285



75.4444, 29.6261, -0.6454



79.5323, 16.9946, 13.4118



42.5617, 2.3878, 1.4444



34.2123, 60.3318, 8.6027



10.7748, 19.1884, 1.2551



# Inverse Universe

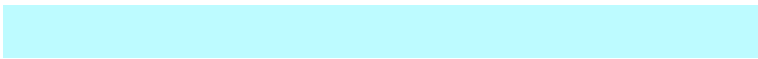
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.1629, 23.7313, 0.0285



75.4444, 29.6261, -0.6454



93.1582, -22.3659, -3.2004



42.5617, 2.3878, 1.4444



34.2123, 60.3318, 8.6027



10.7748, 19.1884, 1.2551



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

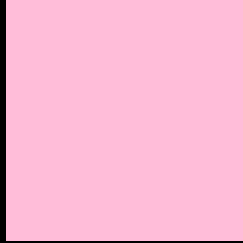
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.1612, 23.7345,

0.0271.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271

### Protanopia

79.2880, -0.2357, -6.0334

### Deuteranopia

79.1752, 6.1903, 0.7525



## Tritanopia

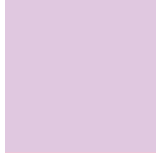
79.2393, 20.4698, 5.4936

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271



## Protanomaly

79.0808, 7.9856, -4.0034



## Deuteranomaly

79.1980, 12.3051, 0.3816



## Tritanomaly

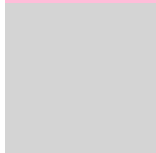
79.0891, 21.6553, 3.4046

# Monochromacy



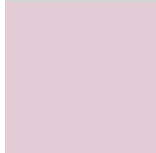
## Original Color

79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271



## Achromatopsia

81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085



## Achromatomaly

80.3335, 5.4572, 2.6433

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 189, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 189, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 189, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 189, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 189, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 189, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 189, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 189, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 189, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 189,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 79.1612, 23.7345, 0.0271 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 189, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
189, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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