

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(79.1279, -17.6158,  
19.0326)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(79.1279, -17.6158,  
19.0326) contains.

<b>HunterLab(78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(78.9995,  
-17.3986, 19.0823)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C1D6AC
RGB	193, 214, 172
RGB Percent	76%, 84%, 67%
CMY	0.2431, 0.1608, 0.3255
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.20, 0.16
HSL	90°, 34%, 76%
HSV	90°, 20%, 84%
XYZ	53.4853, 62.4092, 48.2569
YIQ	202.9330, 0.9660, -17.5140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

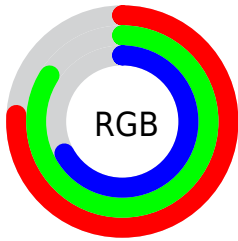
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	172, 214, 193
Decimal	12703404
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	83.13, -14.49, 18.43
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	83, 23.446, 128.181
Yxy	62.4119, 0.3258, 0.3802
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290893484 (0xFFC1D6AC)
YUV	202.9330, -15.2500, -8.7112
Hunter-Lab	78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823

# Details

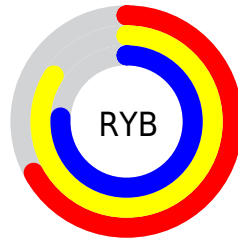
The HunterLab color  $78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCC99$ . A complement of this color would be  $67.6012, 10.7778, -13.9555$ , and the grayscale version is  $77.3145, -4.1253, 4.2006$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $98.6864, -11.6321, 16.9451$ , and  $56.2506, -14.5500, 15.6772$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $77.6523, -23.3383, 25.2150$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $80.4732, -10.9813, 12.0499$ .

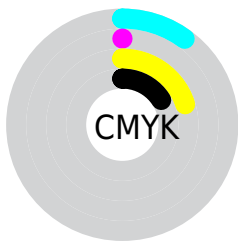
# Distribution



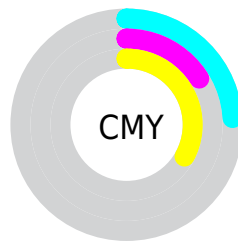
- Red (76%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 78.9995, -17.3986,  
19.0823

■ 78.9995, -17.3986,  
19.0823

208.1903,  
-29.6248, 32.8568

■ 67.3540, -16.0479,  
17.5090

■ 104.0772,  
-20.0918, 22.1768

■ 56.3432, -14.6840,  
15.9056

117.4529,  
-21.4373, 23.7073

■ 46.0078, -13.3016,  
14.2612

131.3571,  
-22.7858, 25.2321

■ 36.3954, -11.8896,  
12.5585

145.7704,  
-24.1392, 26.7543

■ 27.5651, -10.4316,  
10.7715

160.6754,  
-25.4989, 28.2761

■ 19.5935, -8.9001,  
8.8584

176.0563,

■ 12.5854, -7.2450,

-26.8658, 29.7995

7.4227

191.8990,  
-28.2408, 31.3260

■ 5.8884, -10.3047,  
4.1219

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.9995, -17.3986,  
19.0823

■ 78.9995, -17.3986,  
19.0823

■ 77.6523, -23.3383,  
25.2150

■ 80.4732, -10.9813,  
12.0499

■ 76.4273, -28.7674,  
30.4243

■ 82.0664, -4.1118,  
4.1456

■ 75.3263, -33.6658,  
34.7031

■ 83.7784, 3.1747,  
-4.5911

■ 74.3482, -38.0188,  
38.0590

■ 85.5076, 10.3207,  
-12.7298

■ 73.4907, -41.8202,  
40.5179

■ 86.6029, 13.9178,  
-11.1623

■ 72.7498, -45.0754,  
42.1291

■ 87.5076, 16.8563,  
-9.8838

■ 72.1195, -47.8042,  
42.9705

■ 71.5873, -50.0689,  
43.2162

■ 71.5688, -50.1478,  
43.2224

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.0012, -7.3346, 22.3817



78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823



79.0012, -23.6766, 11.7101

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.0012, -17.4005, 19.0833



79.0012, -12.2539, -17.7710



79.0012, 18.8268, 7.2289

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823



67.6012, 10.7778, -13.9555

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.0012, 17.3242, -3.9051



78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823



79.0012, -1.0554, -19.4228

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.0012, -17.4005, 19.0833



79.0012, -20.8254, -9.8047



79.0012, 9.8866, -14.0407



79.0012, 13.8824, 16.2050



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823



79.0012, -25.0844, 4.9636



79.0012, 9.8866, -14.0407



79.0012, 19.0641, 3.6311

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.0012, -17.4005, 19.0833



98.8085, -10.4637, 11.3753



74.4426, -0.1919, 14.7818



45.6548, -5.0938, 5.5513

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

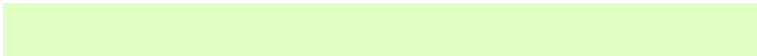


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.0012, -17.4005, 19.0833



95.5598, -24.6337, 26.8582



77.3597, -23.4517, 17.3443



37.6800, -5.0757, 5.5679



55.6956, -38.7573, 33.6408



13.8571, -8.7875, 8.3848



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.6012, 10.7778, -13.9555



78.5025, 17.6105, -22.7725



69.7552, 17.7087, -10.7838



35.0866, 1.3180, -1.9087



22.1049, 51.1306, -88.6232



5.8646, 13.0612, -19.6056



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

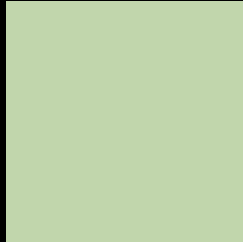
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

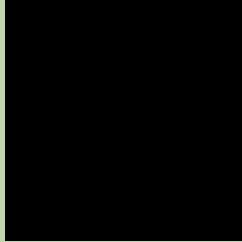
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.9995,

-17.3986, 19.0823.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823

### Protanopia

78.7590, -5.5775, 20.5451

### Deuteranopia

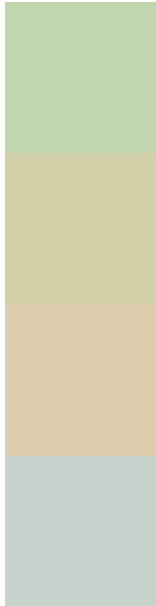
78.8157, 5.7074, 18.1560



## Tritanopia

78.9752, -3.2285, -3.8032

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823

## Protanomaly

78.8461, -9.9791, 20.1839

## Deuteranomaly

78.5947, -2.7323, 18.1733

## Tritanomaly

79.0307, -9.0334, 5.6829

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823

## Achromatopsia

77.2788, -4.1234, 4.1987

## Achromatomaly

77.8290, -9.1863, 9.8068

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 214, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 214, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 214, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 214, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 214, 172) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 214, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 214, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 214, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 214, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 214,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 78.9995, -17.3986, 19.0823 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 214, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
214, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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