

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(79.2265, 6.8479,  
36.2749)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(79.2265, 6.8479,  
36.2749) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(79.3300, 6.6297,  
36.4207)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC675
RGB	255, 198, 117
RGB Percent	100%, 78%, 46%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2235, 0.5412
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.54, 0.00
HSL	35°, 100%, 73%
HSV	35°, 54%, 100%
XYZ	64.6449, 62.9325, 25.5696
YIQ	205.8090, 59.9730, -13.1070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

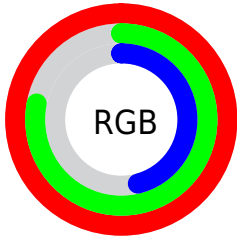
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	214, 255, 117
Decimal	16762485
CIE Lab	83.41, 11.23, 48.00
CIE LCh	83, 49.297, 76.831
Yxy	62.9355, 0.4221, 0.4109
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294952565 (0xFFFFC675)
YUV	205.8090, -43.7828, 43.1405
Hunter-Lab	79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207

# Details

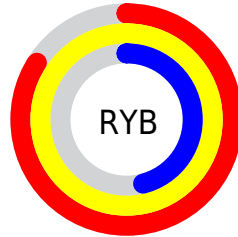
The HunterLab color **79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **64.2434, 0.1625, -47.7234**, and the grayscale version is **78.6456, -4.1963, 4.2730**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.8367, -17.3192, 36.6350**, and **56.5172, 6.7798, 29.5372** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.0043, 10.3038, 39.2041**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.8267, 3.4264, 32.6366**.

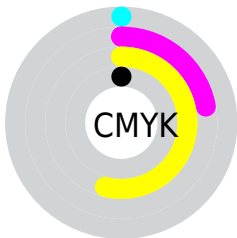
# Distribution



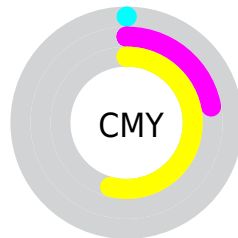
- Red (100%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 79.3300, 6.6297,  
36.4207

 79.3300, 6.6297,  
36.4207


208.6469, 3.6668,  
62.4498


 67.6676, 6.7183,  
33.1029

 104.4397, 6.2762,  
42.7035

 56.6387, 6.7478,  
29.6333


 117.8303, 6.0268,  
45.7037

 46.2841, 6.7076,  
25.9806


 131.7488, 5.7322,  
48.6287

 36.6510, 6.5883,  
22.1057

146.1759, 5.3952,  
51.4895

 27.7981, 6.3771,  
18.0271

161.0942, 5.0183,  
54.2951

 19.8015, 6.0564,  
13.8610

176.4882, 4.6034,

 12.7650, 5.5998,

57.0530

8.9355

192.3434, 4.1524,  
59.7694

■ 6.1428, 7.6389,  
4.2999

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.3300, 6.6297,  
36.4207

■ 79.3300, 6.6297,  
36.4207

■ 76.0043, 10.3038,  
39.2041

■ 82.8267, 3.4264,  
32.6366

■ 72.8528, 14.4549,  
40.9497

■ 86.4792, 0.6966,  
27.9010

■ 69.8850, 19.0574,  
41.6551

■ 90.2798, -1.5794,  
22.2755

■ 67.1054, 24.0627,  
41.3719

■ 94.2193, -3.4228,  
15.8239

65.5532, 27.1382,  
40.8687

98.2887, -4.8578,  
8.6100

100.0000, -5.3359,  
5.4331

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.3319, 30.1123, 30.2602



79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207



79.3319, -17.2450, 36.0403

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.3319, 6.6262, 36.4216



79.3319, -43.9853, -9.5725



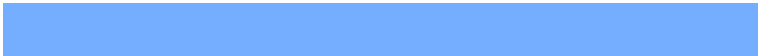
79.3319, 32.5666, -32.2549

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207



64.2434, 0.1625, -47.7234

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.3319, 9.6668, -50.6934



79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207



79.3319, -33.5835, -35.1460

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.3319, 6.6262, 36.4216



79.3319, -44.5924, 13.7408



79.3319, -14.5458, -51.8865



79.3319, 46.2524, -6.4238



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207



79.3319, -30.2084, 32.1711



79.3319, -14.5458, -51.8865



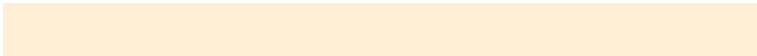
79.3319, 25.5752, -39.8206

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.3319, 6.6262, 36.4216



93.4674, -3.1077, 17.0992



60.8757, 55.5898, -0.7666



42.8644, -1.2706, 8.5412

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.3319, 6.6262, 36.4216



75.7189, 10.6516, 39.4004



95.8894, -26.1342, 48.2226



44.4514, -1.9125, 5.8237



47.7027, 18.9447, 29.7258

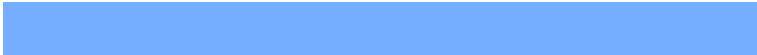


15.5921, 4.4581, 9.6858

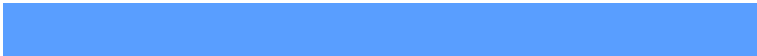


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.2434, 0.1625, -47.7234



58.0597, 4.0646, -60.7652



49.5694, 33.4886, -82.0292



43.1393, -2.5899, -1.2943



30.5983, 17.7781, -76.6231



10.5866, 3.3089, -20.3753



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

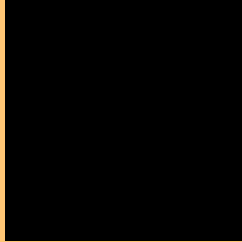
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.3300, 6.6297,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207

### Protanopia

79.3639, -8.4325, 35.2422

### Deuteranopia

79.2107, 6.2307, 36.3212



## Tritanopia

79.2675, 20.3770, 6.9406

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207

## Protanomaly

79.1953, -2.8089, 35.4475

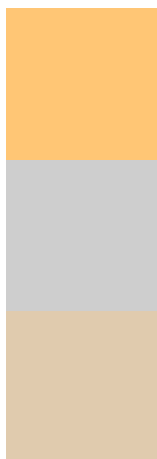
## Deuteranomaly

79.2107, 6.2307, 36.3212

## Tritanomaly

79.2604, 14.3859, 19.8959

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207

## Achromatopsia

78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684

## Achromatomaly

78.4953, -1.5250, 18.0950

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 198, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 198, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 198, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 198, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 198, 117) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 198, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 198, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 198, 117); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 198, 117); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 198, 117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 79.3300, 6.6297, 36.4207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 198, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
198, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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