

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(79.3120, -10.2667,  
2.6121)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(79.3120, -10.2667,  
2.6121) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(79.4529,  
-10.3257, 2.7891)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1D4D3
RGB	193, 212, 211
RGB Percent	76%, 83%, 83%
CMY	0.2431, 0.1686, 0.1725
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	177°, 18%, 79%
HSV	177°, 9%, 83%
XYZ	57.2937, 63.1276, 70.7933
YIQ	206.2050, -11.0030, -4.3390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

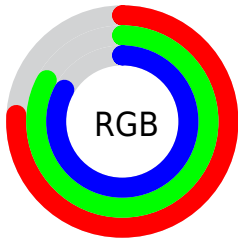
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	193, 203, 212
Decimal	12702931
CIELab	83.51, -6.55, -1.69
CIElCh	84, 6.767, 194.498
Yxy	63.1303, 0.2996, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290893011 (0xFFC1D4D3)
YUV	206.2050, 2.3639, -11.5808
Hunter-Lab	79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891

# Details

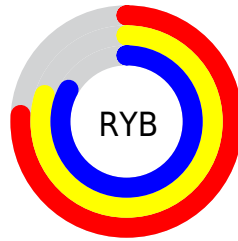
The HunterLab color **79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74.8557, 2.4472, 5.7405**, and the grayscale version is **78.6454, -4.1963, 4.2730**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.5309, -6.9714, 4.8511**, and **56.6014, -8.2588, 1.3195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.7720, -16.4479, 1.2103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.3483, -3.6068, 4.6075**.

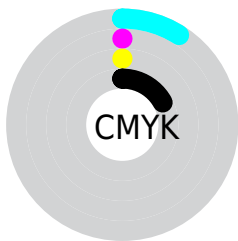
# Distribution



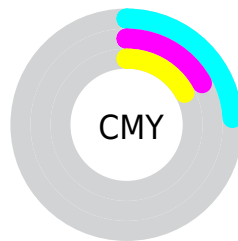
- Red (76%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 79.4529, -10.3257,  
2.7891

■ 79.4529, -10.3257,  
2.7891

208.8162,  
-19.6098, 9.2586

■ 67.7839, -9.3803,  
2.2326

■ 104.5741,  
-12.2695, 4.0133

■ 56.7483, -8.4479,  
1.7138

117.9702,  
-13.2658, 4.6747

■ 46.3866, -7.5284,  
1.2369

131.8940,  
-14.2795, 5.3674

■ 36.7458, -6.6188,  
0.8056

146.3262,  
-15.3107, 6.0901

■ 27.8846, -5.7143,  
0.4246

161.2495,  
-16.3593, 6.8415

■ 19.8787, -4.8064,  
0.1006

176.6483,

■ 12.8318, -3.8791,

-17.4254, 7.6207

-0.1569

192.5082,  
-18.5089, 8.4267

■ 6.2344, -4.9124,  
-0.7871

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.4529, -10.3257,  
2.7891

■ 79.4529, -10.3257,  
2.7891

■ 77.7720, -16.4479,  
1.2103

■ 81.3483, -3.6068,  
4.6075

■ 76.3035, -21.9153,  
-0.1181

■ 83.4485, 3.6545,  
6.6445

■ 75.0496, -26.6854,  
-1.1842

■ 85.5703, 10.8080,  
8.6705

■ 74.0080, -30.7278,  
-1.9828

■ 85.6039, 10.9860,  
8.1897

■ 73.1731, -34.0288,  
-2.5144

■ 85.6377, 11.1650,  
7.7060

■ 72.5355, -36.5955,  
-2.7870

■ 85.6718, 11.3452,  
7.2194

■ 72.0819, -38.4589,  
-2.8161

■ 85.7060, 11.5264,  
6.7299

■ 71.7933, -39.6779,  
-2.6263

■ 85.7405, 11.7087,  
6.2375

■ 71.6361, -40.3780,  
-2.2637

■ 85.7752, 11.8921,  
5.7421

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.4546, -10.2992, 5.9301



79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891



79.4546, -8.7438, -0.0479

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.4546, -10.3273, 2.7903



79.4546, 0.2780, -0.1274



79.4546, -2.5312, 9.9543

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891



74.8557, 2.4472, 5.7405

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.4546, 0.3588, 8.4626



79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891



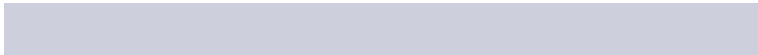
79.4546, 1.9987, 2.6855

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.4546, -10.3273, 2.7903



79.4546, -2.6401, -1.7787



79.4546, 2.0285, 5.8295



79.4546, -5.8348, 9.9798



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891



79.4546, -6.9722, -1.3507



79.4546, 2.0285, 5.8295



79.4546, -1.4779, 9.6105

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.4546, -10.3273, 2.7903



99.2733, -7.8991, 4.7333



79.0219, -12.9491, 10.6114



45.8404, -3.9665, 2.1053

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.4546, -10.3273, 2.7903



97.4514, -14.4160, 2.9943



76.9207, -6.0160, -0.7203



37.5447, -5.0257, 1.2827



56.2777, -31.7483, -1.8067



13.8342, -7.7203, -0.6255

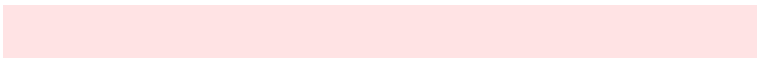


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.8557, 2.4472, 5.7405



90.4413, 5.0654, 7.4948



77.2863, -1.9403, 8.8845



35.2581, 1.3264, 2.7498



29.4293, 50.4658, 18.4959

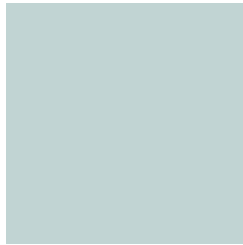


7.2540, 12.4918, 4.1514



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

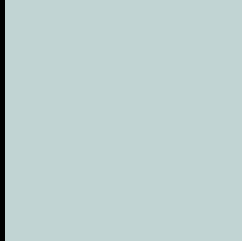
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

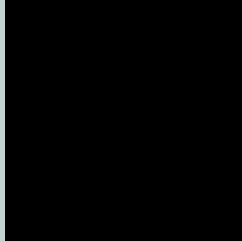
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

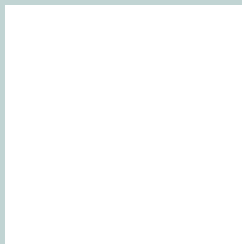
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891.



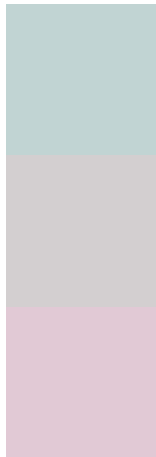
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.4529,

-10.3257, 2.7891.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891

### Protanopia

79.3906, -2.7673, 4.3059

### Deuteranopia

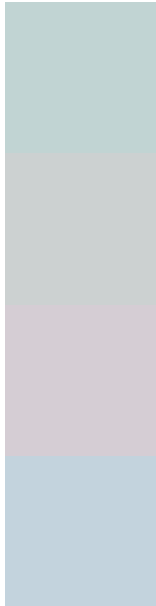
79.1106, 5.8449, 1.6710



## Tritanopia

79.5738, -5.6963, -4.6774

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891

## Protanomaly

79.3988, -5.8333, 3.7787

## Deuteranomaly

79.0963, -0.4062, 2.0415

## Tritanomaly

79.6311, -7.4346, -1.9946

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891

## Achromatopsia

78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684

## Achromatomaly

78.7930, -6.4283, 3.5356

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 212, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 212, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 212, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 212, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 212, 211) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 212, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 212, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 212, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 212, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 212,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 79.4529, -10.3257, 2.7891 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 212, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
212, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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