

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(79.3290, 23.2350,  
11.6541)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(79.3290, 23.2350,  
11.6541) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(78.4254, 19.9468,  
10.5326)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFBDC1
RGB	255, 189, 193
RGB Percent	100%, 74%, 76%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2588, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.24, 0.00
HSL	356°, 100%, 87%
HSV	356°, 26%, 100%
XYZ	69.0632, 61.5054, 58.6837
YIQ	209.1900, 38.0520, 15.2360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

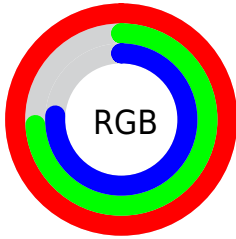
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 189, 193
Decimal	16760257
CIE Lab	82.65, 24.29, 7.33
CIE LCh	83, 25.374, 16.783
Yxy	61.5082, 0.3649, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294950337 (0xFFFFBDC1)
YUV	209.1900, -7.9817, 40.1754
Hunter-Lab	78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326

# Details

The HunterLab color **78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **94.5013, -25.2970, 0.5251**, and the grayscale version is **79.9544, -4.2662, 4.3441**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.9593, -1.6073, 4.9141**, and **55.7599, 19.0200, 8.3103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.0639, 30.3487, 12.9850**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.3813, 9.8765, 8.3630**.

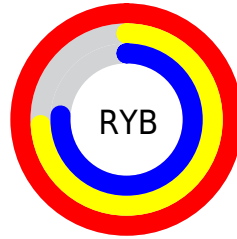
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (74%)

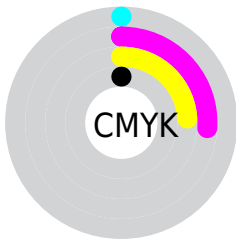
Blue (76%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (76%)

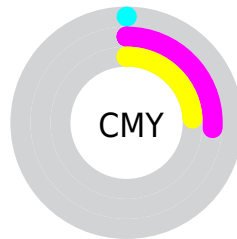


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)


Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 78.4254, 19.9468,  
10.5326

 78.4254, 19.9468,  
10.5326


207.3969, 21.4101,  
20.1345

 66.8098, 19.4532,  
9.5463


 103.4478, 20.6914,  
12.5523

 55.8304, 18.8743,  
8.5710


116.7975, 20.9617,  
13.5851

 45.5287, 18.1967,  
7.6053


130.6768, 21.1699,  
14.6343

 35.9524, 17.4074,  
6.6451

145.0660, 21.3203,  
15.7003

 27.1615, 16.4909,  
5.6835

159.9477, 21.4164,  
16.7832

 19.2335, 15.4297,  
4.7085

175.3061, 21.4616,

 12.2752, 14.2102,

17.8832

3.6970

191.1269, 21.4587,  
19.0003

■ 5.4176, 19.2616,  
3.7923

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.4254, 19.9468,  
10.5326

■ 78.4254, 19.9468,  
10.5326

■ 71.0639, 30.3487,  
12.9850

■ 86.3813, 9.8765,  
8.3630

■ 64.4095, 40.9455,  
15.7138

■ 94.8312, 0.1882,  
6.4501

■ 58.6038, 51.4107,  
18.6675

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 53.7994, 61.1762,  
21.7111

■ 50.1356, 69.4371,  
24.6094

■ 47.6929, 75.3439,  
27.0586

■ 46.4324, 78.4080,  
28.7874

■ 46.1473, 79.1062,  
29.2188

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.4272, 20.3727, -1.0904



78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326



78.4272, 12.7973, 19.0517

# Triad

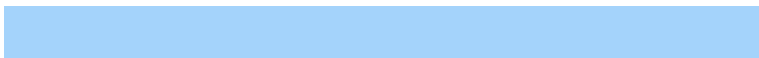
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.4272, 19.9436, 10.5339



78.4272, -20.8037, 18.2539



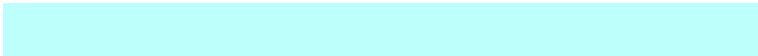
78.4272, -9.5610, -21.1481

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326



94.5013, -25.2970, 0.5251

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.4272, -19.8421, -14.1042



78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326



78.4272, -26.0564, 9.2750

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.4272, 19.9436, 10.5339



78.4272, -10.9489, 23.0117



78.4272, -25.7157, -2.5595



78.4272, 2.8081, -20.6705



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326



78.4272, 5.4237, 22.3684



78.4272, -25.7157, -2.5595



78.4272, -13.3597, -19.5402

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.4272, 19.9436, 10.5339



93.0024, 2.2107, 6.8356



80.0331, 29.1989, -20.2600



42.4322, 1.6915, 3.2920

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

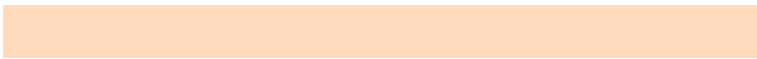
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.4272, 19.9436, 10.5339



74.5764, 25.2349, 11.7532



86.5285, 4.1071, 20.3992



42.4322, 1.6915, 3.2920



33.3681, 57.2204, 20.9688



10.4407, 17.9610, 6.1186



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.4272, 19.9436, 10.5339



74.5764, 25.2349, 11.7532



85.2359, -10.2265, -13.4661



42.4322, 1.6915, 3.2920



33.3681, 57.2204, 20.9688

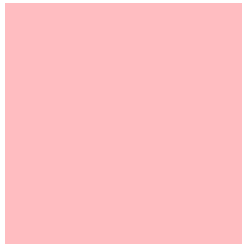


10.4407, 17.9610, 6.1186



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

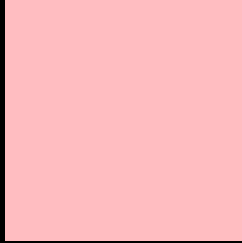
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 78.4254, 19.9468,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326

### Protanopia

78.5976, -2.7447, 6.2326

### Deuteranopia

78.4840, 5.4421, 11.2209



## Tritanopia

78.4160, 21.8501, 6.4537

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326

## Protanomaly

78.2951, 5.2698, 7.4203

## Deuteranomaly

78.3334, 10.9530, 10.7148

## Tritanomaly

78.3262, 21.3878, 7.7379

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326

## Achromatopsia

79.8497, -4.2606, 4.3384

## Achromatomaly

79.1970, 3.9945, 6.5727

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 189, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 189, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 189, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 189, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 189, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 189, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 189, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 189, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 189, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 189,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 78.4254, 19.9468, 10.5326 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 189, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
189, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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