

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(79.3401, 28.7478,  
-11.3574)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(79.3401, 28.7478,  
-11.3574) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(79.3931, 28.7639,  
-11.5587)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFBBEF
RGB	255, 187, 239
RGB Percent	100%, 73%, 94%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2666, 0.0627
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.06, 0.00
HSL	314°, 100%, 87%
HSV	314°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	74.5903, 63.0326, 89.8965
YIQ	213.2600, 23.8360, 30.5880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

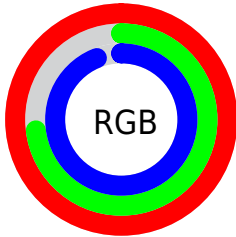
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 187, 239
Decimal	16759791
CIE Lab	83.46, 32.49, -16.14
CIE LCh	83, 36.276, 333.579
Yxy	63.0352, 0.3278, 0.2770
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294949871 (0xFFFFBBEF)
YUV	213.2600, 12.6898, 36.6060
Hunter-Lab	79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587

# Details

The HunterLab color **79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **92.9503, -33.9302, 20.6402**, and the grayscale version is **81.6246, -4.3553, 4.4348**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.5305, 0.5296, 1.3819**, and **56.6253, 26.8739, -11.5452** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.6706, 41.7739, -17.3864**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.7139, 15.7952, -5.3574**.

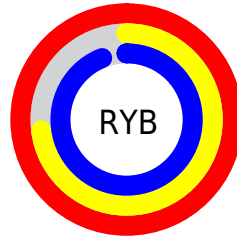
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (73%)

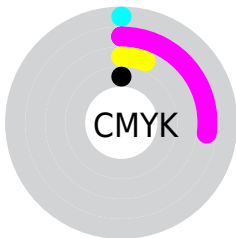
Blue (94%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (94%)

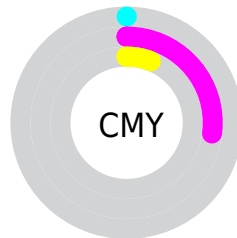


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (6%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 79.3931, 28.7639,  
-11.5587

 79.3931, 28.7639,  
-11.5587


208.7336, 32.8190,  
-9.6177

 67.7272, 27.9402,  
-11.5269


 104.5085, 30.1402,  
-11.4492

 56.6948, 27.0210,  
-11.4349


117.9019, 30.7128,  
-11.3181

 46.3365, 25.9930,  
-11.2768


131.8232, 31.2150,  
-11.1396

 36.6995, 24.8449,  
-11.0479

146.2529, 31.6517,  
-10.9162

 27.8424, 23.5652,  
-10.7450

161.1738, 32.0269,  
-10.6504

 19.8410, 22.1472,  
-10.3707

176.5702, 32.3445,

 12.7992, 20.6098,

-10.3442

-9.9490

192.4278, 32.6075,  
-9.9994

6.1899, 23.7230,  
-11.6667

0.0000, INF, -NF

79.3931, 28.7639,  
-11.5587

79.3931, 28.7639,  
-11.5587

72.6706, 41.7739,  
-17.3864

86.7139, 15.7952,  
-5.3574

66.6454, 54.5449,  
-22.6316

94.5397, 3.0284,  
1.0699

61.4344, 66.5953,  
-26.9980

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

57.1527, 77.2403,  
-30.1254

■ 53.8922, 85.6680,  
-31.6560

■ 51.6877, 91.1685,  
-31.3646

■ 50.4736, 93.4840,  
-29.3123

■ 50.1997, 93.8171,  
-28.4032

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.3947, 15.5705, -27.8347



79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587



79.3947, 32.8499, 6.3255

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.3947, 28.7609, -11.5572



79.3947, -6.3638, 30.4141



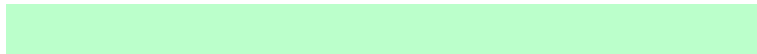
79.3947, -30.7672, -15.8559

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587



92.9503, -33.9302, 20.6402

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.3947, -35.5668, 2.2643



79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587



79.3947, -22.2814, 26.9258

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.3947, 28.7609, -11.5572



79.3947, 11.5546, 28.2817



79.3947, -32.6009, 17.4757



79.3947, -18.8900, -30.6756



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587



79.3947, 29.5918, 16.2632



79.3947, -32.6009, 17.4757



79.3947, -33.2120, -9.8219

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.3947, 28.7609, -11.5572



93.4679, 4.7191, 0.2019



74.4591, 14.5290, -29.1982



42.6884, 3.0670, -0.3575

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.3947, 28.7609, -11.5572



75.7267, 35.7128, -14.7253



78.2417, 22.8833, 4.7791



42.6884, 3.0670, -0.3575



36.3207, 67.9353, -20.9881



11.4073, 21.4608, -7.5543



# Inverse Universe

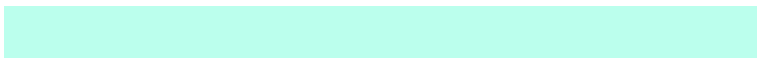
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.3947, 28.7609, -11.5572



75.7267, 35.7128, -14.7253



93.9107, -28.3994, 6.8501



42.6884, 3.0670, -0.3575



36.3207, 67.9353, -20.9881



11.4073, 21.4608, -7.5543



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

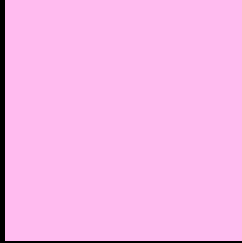
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

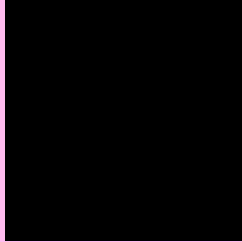
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587.

-11.5587.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587

### Protanopia

79.4837, 2.2296, -19.6810

### Deuteranopia

79.6033, 6.0336, -9.9496



## Tritanopia

79.5005, 18.5793, 4.8089

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587



## Protanomaly

79.1343, 11.3480, -16.9684



## Deuteranomaly

79.2906, 14.0662, -10.8061



## Tritanomaly

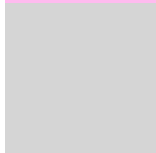
79.4176, 21.8626, -0.7134

# Monochromacy



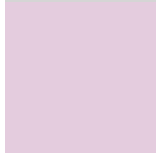
## Original Color

79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587



## Achromatopsia

81.5713, -4.3524, 4.4319



## Achromatomaly

80.5938, 6.8494, -1.0583

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 187, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 187, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 187, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 187, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 187, 239) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 187, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 187, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 187, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 187, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 187,  
239) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 79.3931, 28.7639, -11.5587 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 187, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
187, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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