

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(79.4645, -30.4839,  
-2.4748)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(79.4645, -30.4839,  
-2.4748) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(79.3520,  
-30.1918, -2.7441)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7EE0DD
RGB	126, 224, 221
RGB Percent	49%, 88%, 87%
CMY	0.5059, 0.1216, 0.1333
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.01, 0.12
HSL	178°, 61%, 69%
HSV	178°, 44%, 88%
XYZ	48.3110, 62.9674, 78.0143
YIQ	194.3560, -57.4450, -21.7090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

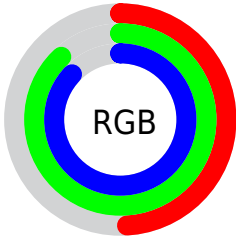
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">126, 176, 224</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8315101</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">83.43, -29.53, -7.54</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">83, 30.475, 194.327</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">62.9699, 0.2552, 0.3326</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286505181</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF7EE0DD</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">194.3560, 13.1355, -59.9482</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441</a>

# Details

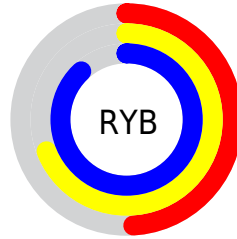
The HunterLab color **79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **56.8822, 32.7755, 13.9740**, and the grayscale version is **73.5653, -3.9253, 3.9969**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.3029, -25.7605, -1.8237**, and **56.5259, -25.6572, -3.4587** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.3689, -34.0122, -3.6969**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.5632, -25.5816, -1.5030**.

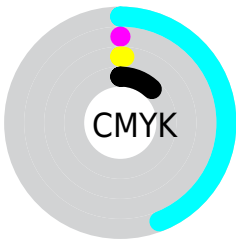
# Distribution



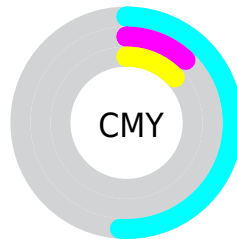
- Red (49%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



79.3520, -30.1918,  
-2.7441

79.3520, -30.1918,  
-2.7441

208.6768,  
-48.1831, 1.8101

67.6881, -28.0362,  
-3.0459

104.4634,  
-34.3615, -1.9979

56.6580, -25.8143,  
-3.2973

117.8550,  
-36.3931, -1.5619

46.3021, -23.5073,  
-3.4924

131.7744,  
-38.3985, -1.0868

36.6677, -21.0873,  
-3.6249

146.2024,  
-40.3829, -0.5748

27.8133, -18.5120,  
-3.6870

161.1216,  
-42.3504, -0.0276

19.8151, -15.7133,  
-3.6684

176.5164,

12.7768, -12.6921,

-44.3045, 0.5532

-3.5562

192.3725,  
-46.2479, 1.1662

■ 6.1590, -10.7783,  
-4.7400

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.3520, -30.1918,  
-2.7441

■ 79.3520, -30.1918,  
-2.7441

■ 78.3689, -34.0122,  
-3.6969

■ 80.5632, -25.5816,  
-1.5030

■ 77.6011, -37.0380,  
-4.3673

■ 82.0021, -20.2028,  
0.0187

■ 77.0381, -39.2914,  
-4.7653

■ 83.6713, -14.0956,  
1.8116

■ 76.6623, -40.8211,  
-4.9107

■ 85.5689, -7.3121,  
3.8605

■ 76.4501, -41.7091,  
-4.8349

■ 87.6909, 0.0873,  
6.1469

■ 76.3744, -42.0393,  
-4.7105

■ 89.4517, 6.0990,  
7.9549

■ 89.4727, 6.2114,  
7.6548

■ 89.4938, 6.3242,  
7.3536

■ 89.5149, 6.4375,  
7.0513

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.3536, -30.0409, 11.3514



79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441



79.3536, -23.7566, -17.2407

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.3536, -30.1925, -2.7430



79.3536, 16.8438, -17.8160



79.3536, 3.6705, 26.3790

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441



56.8822, 32.7755, 13.9740

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.3536, 17.3702, 21.1368



79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441



79.3536, 25.3507, -3.4215

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.3536, -30.1925, -2.7430



79.3536, 2.9944, -26.9733



79.3536, 25.5502, 10.7870



79.3536, -11.2210, 26.4930

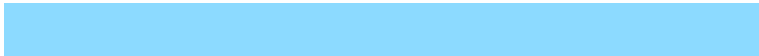


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441



79.3536, -16.3018, -24.4605



79.3536, 25.5502, 10.7870



79.3536, 8.5917, 25.2087

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.3536, -30.1925, -2.7430



97.0467, -15.8344, 2.2449



77.1416, -43.5575, 31.5997



44.6870, -8.0910, 0.8108

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.3536, -30.1925, -2.7430



90.9109, -38.8408, -4.1496



64.6271, -8.0470, -25.0176



39.4522, -5.2577, 1.2439



58.2706, -32.0558, -3.6338



15.3488, -8.3944, -1.0635



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.8822, 32.7755, 13.9740



60.6596, 46.9948, 18.7546



68.3810, 8.7910, 25.1742



37.0234, 1.3771, 2.9877



30.3909, 52.0843, 19.3366



8.0164, 13.7689, 4.8655



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

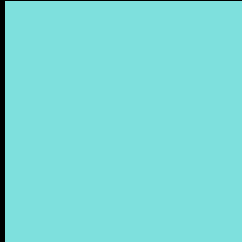
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

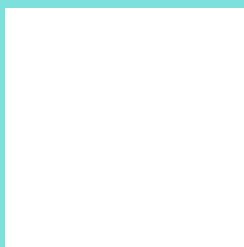
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441.



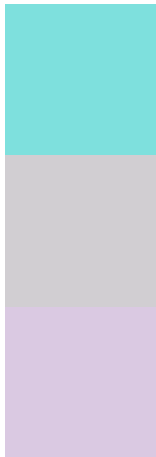
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441.

-30.1918, -2.7441.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441

### Protanopia

78.9627, -2.5541, 2.8297

### Deuteranopia

78.8478, 5.8337, -5.4166



## Tritanopia

79.2276, -24.2038, -12.7153

# Trichromacy



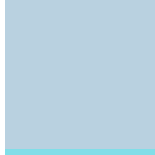
## Original Color

79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441



## Protanomaly

78.7574, -14.2532, 0.3874



## Deuteranomaly

78.2924, -8.7379, -5.3143



## Tritanomaly

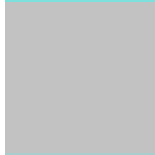
79.2060, -26.5155, -8.8054

# Monochromacy



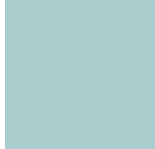
## Original Color

79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441



## Achromatopsia

73.4493, -3.9191, 3.9906



## Achromatomaly

75.1381, -14.8660, 0.9619

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 224, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 224, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 224, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 224, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 224, 221) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 224, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 224, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 224, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 224, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 224,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 79.3520, -30.1918, -2.7441 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 224, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
224, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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