

Converting Colors

HunterLab(79.4676, -4.2440,
4.3233)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(79.4676, -4.2440, 4.3233)
contains.

HunterLab(79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**HunterLab(79.4202, -4.2377,
4.3151)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0D0D0
RGB	208, 208, 208
RGB Percent	82%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.1843, 0.1843, 0.1843
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	120°, 0%, 82%
HSV	120°, 0%, 82%
XYZ	59.9534, 63.0757, 68.6894
YIQ	208.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

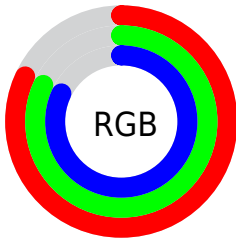
Format	Color
R _Y B	208, 208, 208
Decimal	13684944
CIE Lab	83.48, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	83, 0.008, 288.926
Yxy	63.0784, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291875024 (0xFFD0D0D0)
YUV	208.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151

Details

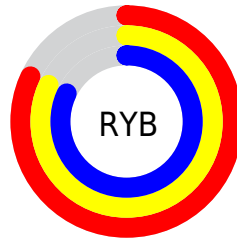
The HunterLab color $79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $79.4212, -4.2359, 4.3139$, and the grayscale version is $79.4217, -4.2377, 4.3151$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $56.8457, -3.0331, 3.0885$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $77.0090, -14.0060, 10.8937$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $82.0864, 6.2014, -2.7106$.

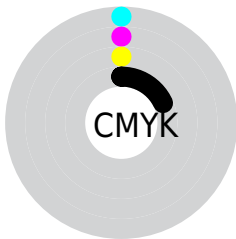
Distribution



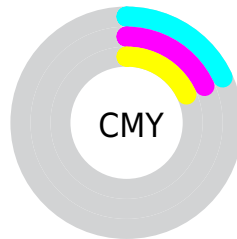
- Red (82%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 79.4202, -4.2377,
4.3151

■ 79.4202, -4.2377,
4.3151

208.7712,
-11.1473, 11.3546

■ 67.7530, -3.6164,
3.6815

104.5383, -5.5808,
5.6829

■ 56.7191, -3.0272,
3.0813

117.9330, -6.2961,
6.4117

■ 46.3593, -2.4741,
2.5178

131.8554, -7.0396,
7.1692

■ 36.7205, -1.9594,
1.9936

146.2862, -7.8103,
7.9544

■ 27.8615, -1.4864,
1.5118

161.2082, -8.6072,
8.7664

■ 19.8581, -1.0591,
1.0767

176.6056, -9.4295,

■ 12.8140, -0.6831,

9.6043

0.6938

192.4643,
-10.2764, 10.4672

■ 6.2101, -0.3299,
0.3330

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.4202, -4.2377,
4.3151

■ 79.4202, -4.2377,
4.3151

■ 77.0090, -14.0060,
10.8937

■ 82.0864, 6.2014,
-2.7106

■ 74.8582, -22.9844,
16.9448

■ 84.9901, 17.2077,
-10.1135

■ 72.9781, -31.0634,
22.3940

■ 85.7870, 20.1747,
-12.1715

■ 71.3735, -38.1412,
27.1725

■ 70.0455, -44.1356,
31.2241

■ 68.9901, -48.9931,
34.5122

■ 68.1974, -52.6989,
37.0259

■ 67.6508, -55.2844,
38.7852

■ 67.3254, -56.8358,
39.8472

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.4219, -4.2435, 4.3161



79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151



79.4219, -4.2363, 4.3184

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.4219, -4.2396, 4.3164



79.4219, -4.2371, 4.3285



79.4219, -4.2494, 4.3245

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151



79.4212, -4.2359, 4.3139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.4219, -4.2477, 4.3279



79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151



79.4219, -4.2406, 4.3302

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.4219, -4.2396, 4.3164



79.4219, -4.2349, 4.3255



79.4219, -4.2445, 4.3299



79.4219, -4.2491, 4.3208

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151



79.4219, -4.2350, 4.3206



79.4219, -4.2445, 4.3299



79.4219, -4.2490, 4.3257

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.4219, -4.2396, 4.3164

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



79.4222, -4.2384, 4.3168



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.4219, -4.2396, 4.3164

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



79.4220, -4.2393, 4.3156



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



53.0259, -45.4613, 31.8601



12.5395, -10.7440, 7.5199

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.4212, -4.2359, 4.3139

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



79.4212, -4.2362, 4.3147



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



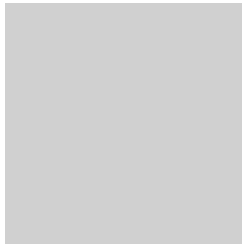
33.4289, 65.6749, -43.7232



7.9061, 15.5346, -10.3575

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

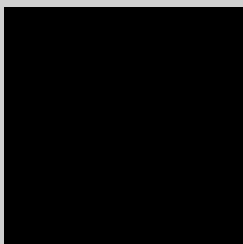
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

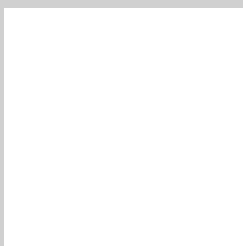
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151.



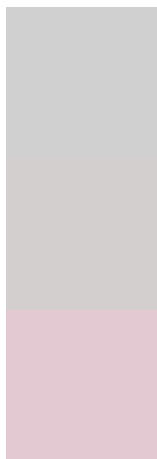
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151.

4.3151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151

Protanopia

79.4529, -2.6133, 4.8618

Deuteranopia

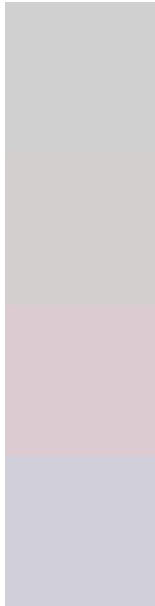
79.1882, 5.8511, 3.7336



Tritanopia

79.4469, -0.1036, -2.6206

Trichromacy



Original Color

79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151

Protanomaly

79.3596, -2.9361, 4.7469

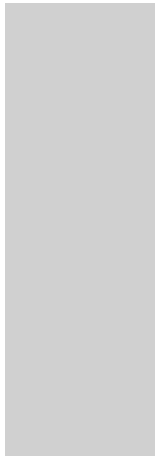
Deuteranomaly

79.3756, 1.9053, 3.8867

Tritanomaly

79.4926, -1.8412, -0.0115

Monochromacy



Original Color

79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151

Achromatopsia

79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151

Achromatomaly

79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 208, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 208, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 208, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 208, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 208, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 208, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 208, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 208, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 208, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 208,  
208) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 208, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
208, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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