

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(79.6335, -23.3125,  
-18.6148)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(79.6335, -23.3125,  
-18.6148) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(79.6898,  
-23.3523, -18.5944)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7DDEFA
RGB	125, 222, 250
RGB Percent	49%, 87%, 98%
CMY	0.5098, 0.1294, 0.0196
CMYK	0.50, 0.11, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	193°, 93%, 74%
HSV	193°, 50%, 98%
XYZ	51.8340, 63.5046, 99.9681
YIQ	196.1890, -66.8000, -11.8560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

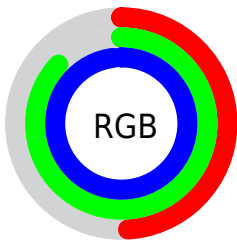
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	125, 180, 250
Decimal	8249082
CIELab	83.71, -21.27, -22.48
CIELCh	84, 30.944, 226.579
Yxy	63.5070, 0.2407, 0.2950
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286439162 (0xFF7DDEFA)
YUV	196.1890, 26.5288, -62.4328
Hunter-Lab	79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944

# Details

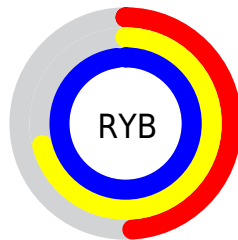
The HunterLab color **79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **66.7747, 28.8817, 24.4229**, and the grayscale version is **74.2907, -3.9640, 4.0364**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.3029, -25.7605, -1.8237**, and **57.0191, -20.1712, -17.6796** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.7664, -24.6571, -22.9821**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.8587, -21.1996, -14.0314**.

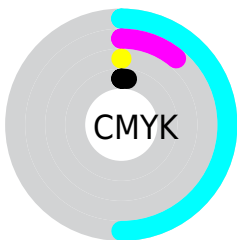
# Distribution



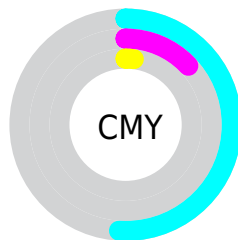
- Red (49%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



79.6898, -23.3523,  
-18.5944

79.6898, -23.3523,  
-18.5944

209.1429,  
-38.1448, -18.4047

68.0085, -21.6444,  
-18.3533

104.8335,  
-26.6996, -18.8978

56.9599, -19.9017,  
-18.0519

118.2403,  
-28.3502, -18.9684

46.5845, -18.1120,  
-17.6874

132.1743,  
-29.9912, -18.9881

36.9289, -16.2576,  
-17.2614

146.6164,  
-31.6257, -18.9595

28.0516, -14.3111,  
-16.7829

161.5492,  
-33.2565, -18.8848

20.0280, -12.2283,  
-16.2811

176.9572,

12.9608, -9.9301,

-34.8855, -18.7662

-15.8483

192.8261,  
-36.5145, -18.6055

■ 6.4074, -11.2130,  
-18.1762

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 79.6898, -23.3523,  
-18.5944

■ 79.6898, -23.3523,  
-18.5944

■ 76.7664, -24.6571,  
-22.9821

■ 82.8587, -21.1996,  
-14.0314

■ 74.0874, -25.0810,  
-27.1661

■ 86.2611, -18.2476,  
-9.3305

■ 71.6525, -24.6199,  
-31.1180

■ 89.8889, -14.5565,  
-4.5216

■ 69.4511, -23.3097,  
-34.8239

■ 93.7309, -10.1910,  
0.3675

■ 67.4447, -21.2987,  
-38.3219

■ 97.7753, -5.2159,  
5.3133

■ 67.4443, -21.2983,  
-38.3226

■ 99.8410, -6.2076,  
7.7035

# Harmonies

## Analogous

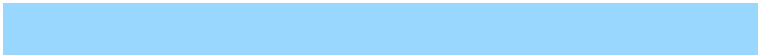
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.6913, -30.3591, -4.0033



79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944



79.6913, -10.9220, -27.6916

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.6913, -23.3526, -18.5931



79.6913, 26.1858, -2.3833



79.6913, -12.4194, 26.6344

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944



66.7747, 28.8817, 24.4229

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.6913, 2.6357, 26.9049



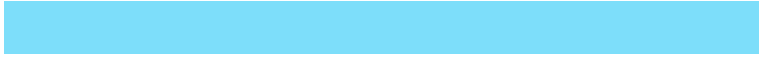
79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944



79.6913, 25.7092, 11.8646

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.6913, -23.3526, -18.5931



79.6913, 18.0837, -17.2173



79.6913, 16.8267, 21.9926



79.6913, -24.3779, 21.1679



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944



79.6913, -0.8826, -28.4890



79.6913, 16.8267, 21.9926



79.6913, -7.5750, 27.2949

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.6913, -23.3526, -18.5931



93.8660, -12.7453, -2.1418



86.6039, -51.9661, 32.0924



43.0453, -6.3258, -1.4785

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.6913, -23.3526, -18.5931



78.4952, -25.2240, -23.5336



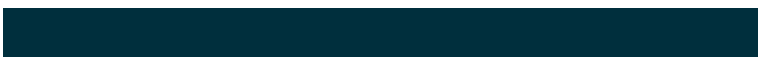
60.4570, 7.4519, -51.3140



43.4860, -4.6087, 0.2847



49.3484, -15.8308, -27.5071



15.5295, -5.5216, -7.4910



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.4563, 57.5727, -24.4629



59.9740, 70.6660, -29.2470



83.7826, -3.1893, 37.8392



41.7781, 3.0122, -0.4037



35.8738, 67.2576, -21.9545

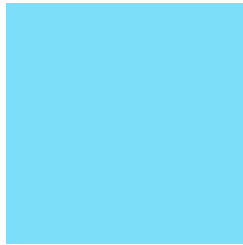


10.9895, 20.7237, -7.6571



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

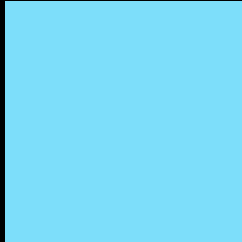
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

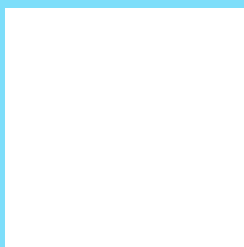
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944.



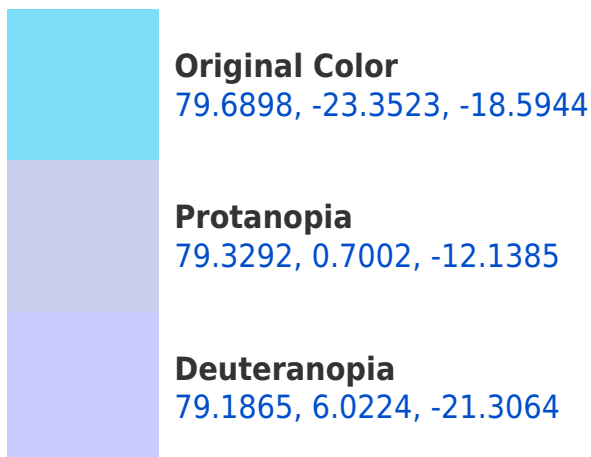
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944.

-23.3523, -18.5944.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

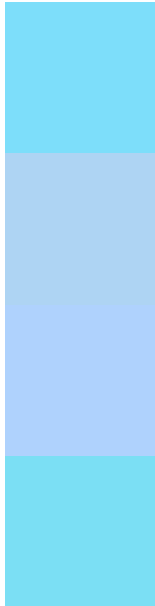




## Tritanopia

79.5385, -26.3299, -13.4832

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944

## Protanomaly

79.0928, -9.3736, -14.9913

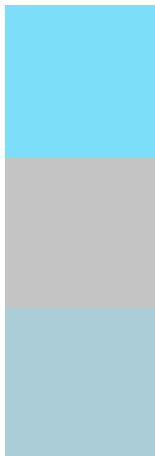
## Deuteranomaly

78.9297, -5.9297, -21.2732

## Tritanomaly

79.6982, -25.5042, -15.0085

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944

## Achromatopsia

74.2975, -3.9643, 4.0367

## Achromatomaly

75.6086, -12.3758, -4.5712

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 222, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 222, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 222, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 222, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 222, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 222, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 222, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 222, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 222, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 222,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 79.6898, -23.3523, -18.5944 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 222, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
222, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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