

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(79.6354, -6.7043,  
-3.0708)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(79.6354, -6.7043,  
-3.0708) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(79.7822, -6.7689,  
-2.8378)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4D3DF
RGB	196, 211, 223
RGB Percent	77%, 83%, 87%
CMY	0.2314, 0.1725, 0.1255
CMYK	0.12, 0.05, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	207°, 30%, 82%
HSV	207°, 12%, 87%
XYZ	59.3785, 63.6520, 78.9686
YIQ	207.8830, -12.7920, 0.5520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

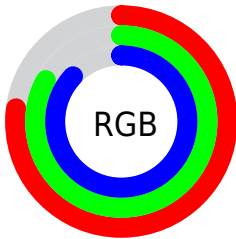
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	196, 206, 223
Decimal	12899295
CIELab	83.79, -2.67, -7.65
CIELCh	84, 8.103, 250.729
Yxy	63.6547, 0.2940, 0.3151
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291089375 (0xFFC4D3DF)
YUV	207.8830, 7.4527, -10.4214
Hunter-Lab	79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378

# Details

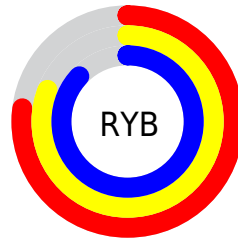
The HunterLab color  $79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $80.4891, -1.2490, 11.1046$ , and the grayscale version is  $79.3445, -4.2336, 4.3109$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99.8111, -5.9933, 5.1992$ , and  $57.1768, -5.5279, -3.2796$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $74.9068, -8.0839, -9.2426$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $84.8216, -5.0071, 3.3799$ .

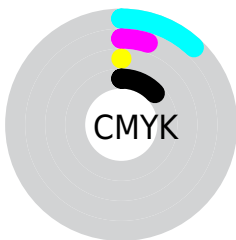
# Distribution



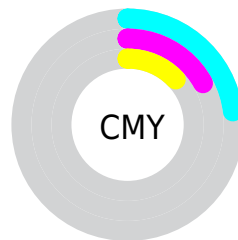
- Red (77%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 79.7822, -6.7689,  
-2.8378

■ 79.7822, -6.7689,  
-2.8378

209.2705,  
-14.6479, 1.6944

■ 68.0963, -6.0155,  
-3.1367

104.9349, -8.3566,  
-2.0967

■ 57.0427, -5.2868,  
-3.3854

118.3458, -9.1866,  
-1.6632

■ 46.6619, -4.5849,  
-3.5777

132.2839,  
-10.0404, -1.1907

■ 37.0006, -3.9103,  
-3.7075

146.7298,  
-10.9175, -0.6811

■ 28.1170, -3.2630,  
-3.7669

161.6663,  
-11.8172, -0.1363

■ 20.0864, -2.6423,  
-3.7458

177.0779,

■ 13.0114, -2.0458,

-12.7392, 0.4421

-3.6316

192.9503,  
-13.6829, 1.0528

6.4737, -2.1457,  
-4.5473

0.0000, NaN, NaN

79.7822, -6.7689,  
-2.8378

79.7822, -6.7689,  
-2.8378

74.9068, -8.0839,  
-9.2426

84.8216, -5.0071,  
3.3799

70.2060, -8.8839,  
-15.8530

90.0061, -2.8496,  
9.4232

65.6993, -9.0987,  
-22.6782

94.5194, -3.1203,  
14.3955

61.4060, -8.6501,  
-29.7207

97.6510, -8.3048,  
17.6388

■ 57.3471, -7.4575,  
-36.9718

■ 99.0494, -10.5688,  
19.0593

■ 53.5442, -5.4448,  
-44.4063

■ 50.0170, -2.5542,  
-51.9807

■ 46.7795, 1.2314,  
-59.6367

■ 44.4090, 4.7490,  
-65.7591

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.7839, -9.9761, -0.5528



79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378



79.7839, -2.8322, -3.1430

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.7839, -6.7704, -2.8365



79.7839, 3.3948, 5.6858



79.7839, -9.1917, 9.6630

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378



80.4891, -1.2490, 11.1046

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.7839, -5.6805, 11.1670



79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378



79.7839, 1.6189, 8.9466

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.7839, -6.7704, -2.8365



79.7839, 3.0891, 1.9036



79.7839, -1.7209, 10.9114



79.7839, -11.3550, 6.7074



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378



79.7839, -0.3147, -2.1692



79.7839, -1.7209, 10.9114



79.7839, -8.1328, 10.3484

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.7839, -6.7704, -2.8365



97.6006, -6.2610, 2.5595



83.0973, -15.4567, 8.4929



44.9472, -2.9732, 0.9324

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

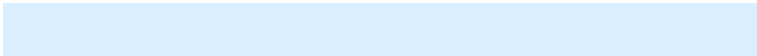


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.7839, -6.7704, -2.8365



91.1509, -8.3992, -5.5188



75.7374, -0.0070, -7.9833



38.0789, -2.9779, -0.5472



34.3873, 3.0349, -49.5326



9.9871, -0.8022, -10.7512



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.3772, 7.4566, 0.5854



87.7099, 12.2105, -0.4212



84.5536, -7.9921, 15.3404



37.1852, 2.2473, 0.6796



31.7833, 57.1906, -0.8634

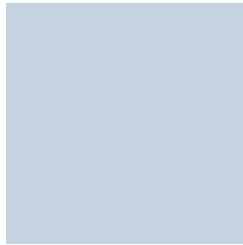


8.4744, 15.4421, -1.7294



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

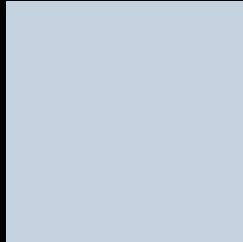
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

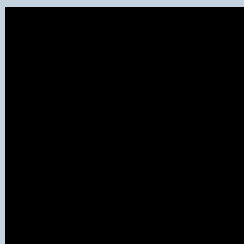
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

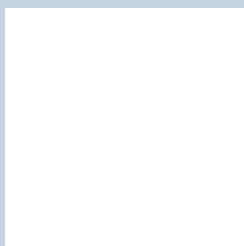
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378.



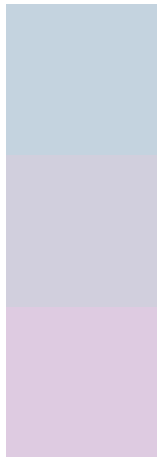
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378.

-2.8378.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378

### Protanopia

79.6250, -1.1204, -1.8917

### Deuteranopia

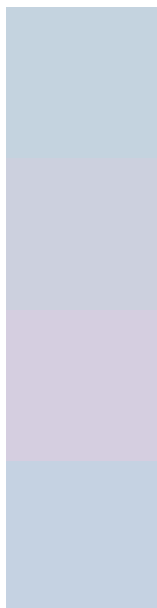
79.7983, 5.9090, -3.6521



## Tritanopia

79.6929, -5.2112, -5.0522

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378

## Protanomaly

79.5129, -3.0101, -2.5881

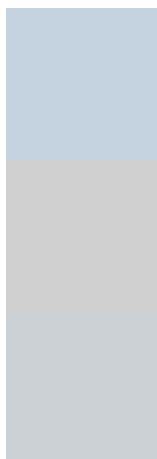
## Deuteranomaly

79.7938, 1.2176, -3.2100

## Tritanomaly

79.6583, -5.4010, -4.5632

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378

## Achromatopsia

79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151

## Achromatomaly

79.5251, -5.1396, 1.9800

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 211, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 211, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 211, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 211, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 211, 223) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 211, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 211, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 211, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 211, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 211,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 79.7822, -6.7689, -2.8378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 211, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
211, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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