

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(79.8413, 20.7977,  
8.0843)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(79.8413, 20.7977,  
8.0843) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(79.5132, 19.6799,  
7.6748)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFC0CA
RGB	255, 192, 202
RGB Percent	100%, 75%, 79%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2470, 0.2078
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.21, 0.00
HSL	350°, 100%, 88%
HSV	350°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	70.7503, 63.2235, 64.3514
YIQ	211.9770, 34.3380, 16.4660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

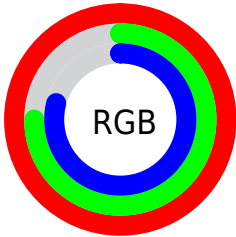
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 192, 202
Decimal	16761034
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	83.56, 24.00, 3.82
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	84, 24.302, 9.034
Yxy	63.2263, 0.3567, 0.3188
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294951114 (0xFFFFC0CA)
YUV	211.9770, -4.9187, 37.7312
Hunter-Lab	79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748

# Details

The HunterLab color **79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **94.5093, -25.6614, 3.5905**, and the grayscale version is **81.1419, -4.3295, 4.4086**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.0976, -2.1450, 3.2290**, and **56.7322, 18.5806, 6.0032** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.1349, 30.3089, 9.2481**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.4639, 9.3163, 6.5154**.

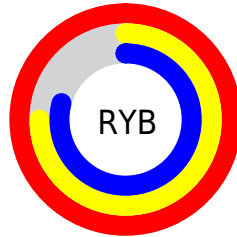
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (75%)

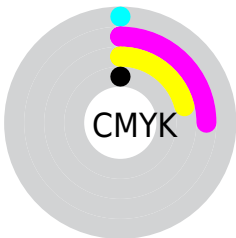
Blue (79%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (79%)

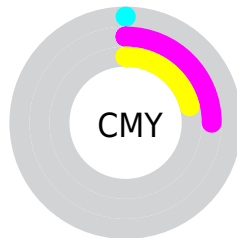


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)


Yellow (21%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 79.5132, 19.6799,  
7.6748

 79.5132, 19.6799,  
7.6748


208.8996, 21.0005,  
16.0399

 67.8412, 19.2063,  
6.8602


 104.6403, 20.3878,  
9.3784

 56.8023, 18.6488,  
6.0679


118.0391, 20.6411,  
10.2642

 46.4370, 17.9939,  
5.2992


131.9655, 20.8330,  
11.1725

 36.7925, 17.2291,  
4.5534

146.4003, 20.9678,  
12.1031

 27.9272, 16.3393,  
3.8293

161.3260, 21.0489,  
13.0555

 19.9168, 15.3064,  
3.1237


176.7271, 21.0796,

 12.8647, 14.1152,


14.0294


2.4295


192.5893, 21.0627,  
15.0243


 6.2790, 16.4819,  
2.8610


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 79.5132, 19.6799,  
7.6748


 79.5132, 19.6799,  
7.6748

 72.1349, 30.3089,  
9.2481


 87.4639, 9.3163,  
6.5154

 65.4355, 41.0640,  
11.2811

 95.8915, -0.7239,  
5.7074

 59.5498, 51.6274,  
13.7944

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

 54.6247, 61.4543,  
16.7398

■ 50.7991, 69.7706,  
19.9622

■ 48.1624, 75.7408,  
23.1843

■ 46.6983, 78.8434,  
26.0572

■ 46.2778, 79.5900,  
27.2847

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.5150, 18.3059, -3.8745



79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748



79.5150, 14.3500, 16.8709

# Triad

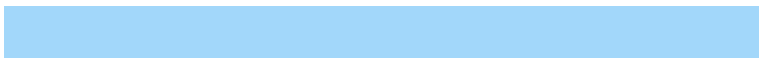
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.5150, 19.6767, 7.6761



79.5150, -18.1721, 19.4691



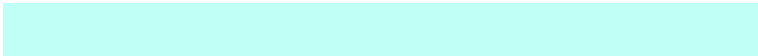
79.5150, -12.2824, -18.8402

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748



94.5093, -25.6614, 3.5905

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.5150, -21.2778, -10.6629



79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748



79.5150, -24.5365, 11.7406

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.5150, 19.6767, 7.6761



79.5150, -7.8139, 22.9894



79.5150, -25.6390, 0.8281



79.5150, -0.6161, -20.3539



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748



79.5150, 7.8921, 20.8451



79.5150, -25.6390, 0.8281



79.5150, -15.6989, -16.7276

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.5150, 19.6767, 7.6761



93.9178, 1.5532, 5.8647



80.1529, 25.3837, -20.1482



43.2123, 0.9968, 2.7337

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.5150, 19.6767, 7.6761



75.5287, 25.2806, 8.4539



85.2388, 6.9492, 17.9552



42.4665, 1.8764, 2.8013



33.4729, 57.6086, 19.4175



10.5062, 18.2031, 5.1533



# Inverse Universe

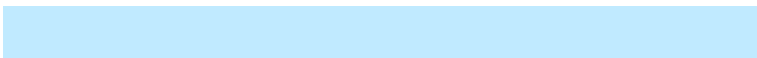
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.5150, 19.6767, 7.6761



75.5287, 25.2806, 8.4539



87.9057, -13.2916, -9.8760



42.4665, 1.8764, 2.8013



33.4729, 57.6086, 19.4175



10.5062, 18.2031, 5.1533



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

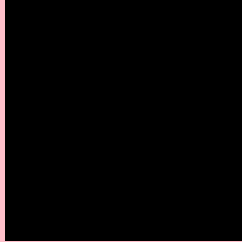
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748.



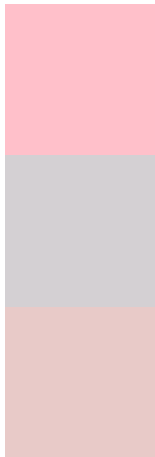
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748.

7.6748.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748

### Protanopia

79.8824, -2.4482, 3.4390

### Deuteranopia

79.7289, 5.6060, 8.5913



## Tritanopia

79.6339, 20.3039, 5.9503

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748

## Protanomaly

79.5545, 5.5027, 4.6435

## Deuteranomaly

79.4547, 10.7369, 7.9132

## Tritanomaly

79.6034, 20.1466, 6.3851

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748

## Achromatopsia

81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085

## Achromatomaly

80.4430, 3.9266, 5.6546

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 192, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 192, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 192, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 192, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 192, 202) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 192, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 192, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 192, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 192, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 192,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 79.5132, 19.6799, 7.6748 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 192, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
192, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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