

Converting Colors

HunterLab(8.0819, 14.7641,
-1.9375)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(8.0819, 14.7641, -1.9375)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(8.0958, 14.7855,
-1.9097)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E001A
RGB	46, 0, 26
RGB Percent	18%, 0%, 10%
CMY	0.8196, 1.0000, 0.8980
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.43, 0.82
HSL	326°, 100%, 9%
HSV	326°, 100%, 18%
XYZ	1.3132, 0.6554, 1.0346
YIQ	16.7180, 19.0700, 17.8380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

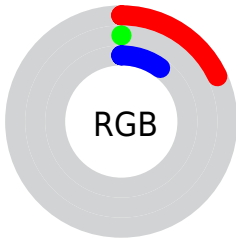
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 0, 26
Decimal	3014682
CIE _{Lab}	5.92, 25.49, -4.57
CIE _{LCh}	6, 25.897, 349.844
Yxy	0.6555, 0.4373, 0.2183
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281204762 (0xFF2E001A)
YUV	16.7180, 4.5760, 25.6803
Hunter-Lab	8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097

Details

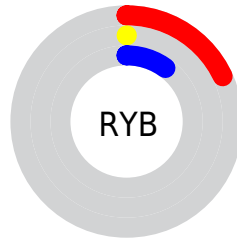
The HunterLab color **8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **14.1580, -10.8666, 5.7621**, and the grayscale version is **7.3888, -0.3943, 0.4014**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.6475, 16.7753, -1.7878**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.0958, 14.7854, -1.9094**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.7440, 12.9971, -1.8338**.

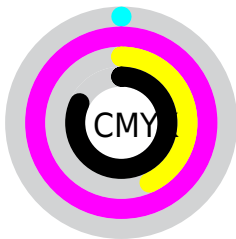
Distribution



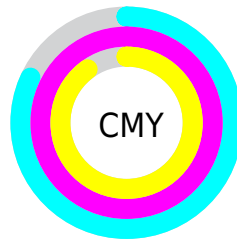
- Red (18%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.0958, 14.7855,
-1.9097

8.0958, 14.7855,
-1.9097

94.7717, 21.7974,
0.7114

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

21.7248, 16.7432,
-1.6473

0.0000, NaN, NaN

29.9450, 17.8137,
-1.4820

0.0000, NaN, NaN

39.0002, 18.7441,
-1.2481

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

48.8196, 19.5511,
-0.9544

0.0000, NaN, NaN


59.3476, 20.2490,
-0.6072


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


70.5396, 20.8498,


-0.2113


 82.3581, 21.3632,
0.2293


 8.0958, 14.7855,
-1.9097

 8.0958, 14.7855,
-1.9097


 8.0958, 14.7854,
-1.9094

 8.7440, 12.9971,
-1.8338

 9.3506, 11.5253,
-1.8249

 9.9694, 10.1592,
-1.8060

 10.6868, 8.6626,
-1.6594

 11.4938, 7.0881,
-1.4034

■ 12.3795, 5.4787,
-1.0584

■ 13.3340, 3.8631,
-0.6425

■ 14.3486, 2.2589,
-0.1704

■ 15.4159, 0.6756,
0.3462

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.0960, 10.8521, -10.4632



8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097



8.0960, 13.9730, 4.9416

Triad

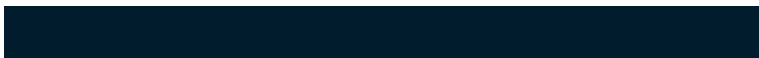
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.0960, 14.7847, -1.9094



8.0960, -5.1639, 5.6672



8.0960, -9.4211, -13.3680

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



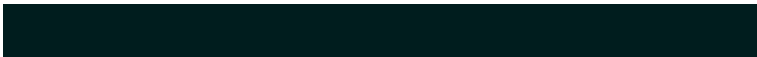
8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097



14.1580, -10.8666, 5.7621

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.0960, -13.5433, -4.4096



8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097



8.0960, -11.0855, 5.6672

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.0960, 14.7847, -1.9094



8.0960, 2.0255, 5.6672



8.0960, -14.1525, 2.7788



8.0960, -2.8903, -19.5964

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097



8.0960, 10.9118, 5.6672



8.0960, -14.1525, 2.7788



8.0960, -11.1344, -10.3672

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.0960, 14.7847, -1.9094



16.5766, 5.1834, -0.8969



5.8764, 13.4186, -22.2227



9.1904, 2.9571, -0.5185



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.0960, 14.7847, -1.9094



10.1479, 18.4688, -1.8944



7.6655, 13.2139, 4.2733



8.7353, 0.2114, 0.2507



14.9452, 27.0781, -1.8456



39.6338, 71.3612, -1.4210

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.0960, 14.7847, -1.9094



10.1479, 18.4688, -1.8944



14.5874, -8.2519, -0.4191



8.7353, 0.2114, 0.2507



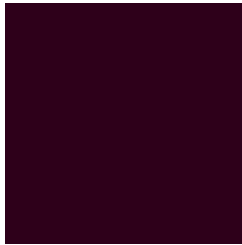
14.9452, 27.0781, -1.8456



39.6338, 71.3612, -1.4210

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

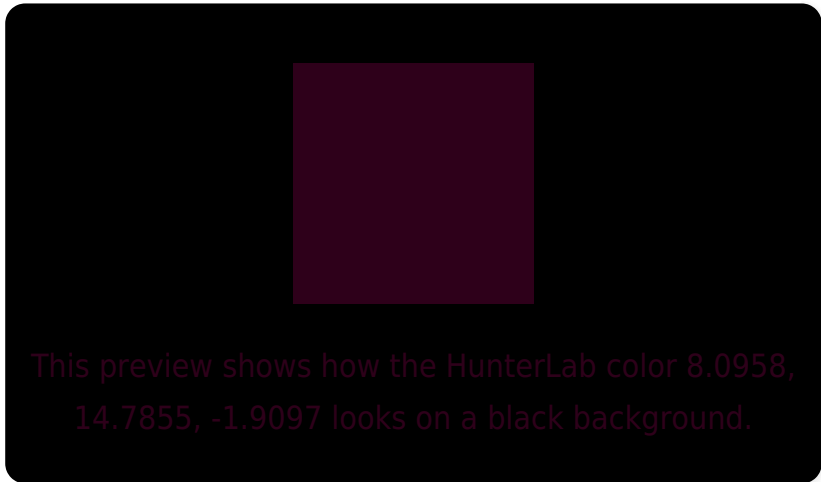
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

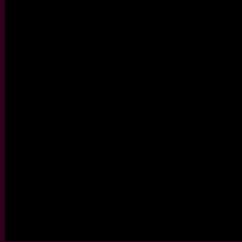
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097.

-1.9097.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

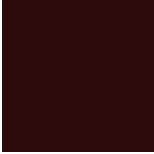
8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097

Protanopia

9.6192, 0.4078, -4.8537

Deuteranopia

9.4781, 0.3113, 0.4402



Tritanopia

8.9394, 9.3383, 3.5720

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097

Protanomaly

8.4419, 5.3568, -4.8097

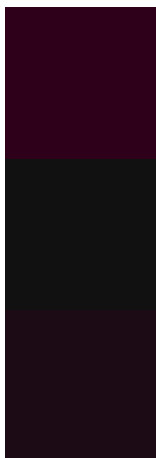
Deuteranomaly

8.5742, 5.2616, -0.9842

Tritanomaly

8.5179, 11.0965, 2.0308

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097

Achromatopsia

7.4869, -0.3995, 0.4068

Achromatomaly

7.3262, 4.8394, -0.7570

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 0, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 0, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 0, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 0, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 0, 26) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 0, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 0, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 0, 26); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 0, 26); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 0, 26) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 8.0958, 14.7855, -1.9097 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 0, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 0,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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