

Converting Colors

HunterLab(8.7472, -15.3076,
4.0924)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(8.7472, -15.3076, 4.0924)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(10.2175, -8.3787,
5.3162)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002005
RGB	0, 32, 5
RGB Percent	0%, 13%, 2%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8745, 0.9804
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.84, 0.87
HSL	129°, 100%, 6%
HSV	129°, 100%, 13%
XYZ	0.5439, 1.0440, 0.3164
YIQ	19.3540, -10.4050, -15.1810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

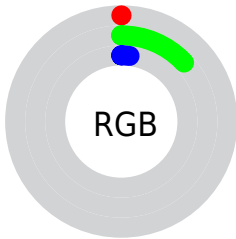
Format	Color
RYB	0, 28, 32
Decimal	8197
CIELab	9.35, -18.03, 11.60
CIELCh	9, 21.441, 147.249
Yxy	1.0440, 0.2856, 0.5482
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278198277 (0xFF002005)
YUV	19.3540, -7.0765, -16.9735
Hunter-Lab	10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162

Details

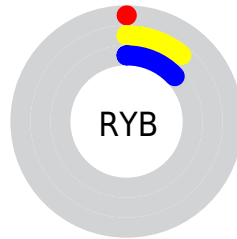
The HunterLab color **10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **6.2147, 11.9161, -5.8547**, and the grayscale version is **8.1961, -0.4373, 0.4453**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.4250, -11.5807, 7.2452**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2177, -8.3788, 5.3163**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.3469, -7.7773, 4.9725**.

Distribution



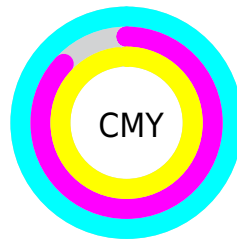
- Red (0%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (2%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Black (87%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.2175, -8.3787,
5.3162

■ 10.2175, -8.3787,
5.3162

■ 99.1644, -22.9459,
15.9583

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 24.4467, -11.7574,
7.3638

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 32.9627, -13.5067,
8.6486

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.2873, -15.1737,
9.8946

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.3555, -16.7851,
11.1187

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 63.1161, -18.3579,
12.3311


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 74.5270, -19.9039,


13.5389


 86.5531, -21.4312,
14.7468


 10.2175, -8.3787,
5.3162


 10.2175, -8.3787,
5.3162


 10.2177, -8.3788,
5.3163

 10.3469, -7.7773,
4.9725

 10.4745, -7.1916,
4.6377

 10.6034, -6.6038,
4.2700

 10.7421, -5.9768,
3.8519

 10.9021, -5.2672,
3.3954

■ 11.0834, -4.4787,
2.9035

■ 11.2861, -3.6161,
2.3798

■ 11.5097, -2.6850,
1.8278

■ 11.7540, -1.6913,
1.2510

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.2177, -4.8751, 7.1524



10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162



10.2177, -9.8219, 1.0112

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.2177, -8.3788, 5.3162



10.2177, -1.0309, -14.6654



10.2177, 10.2001, 4.5931

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162



6.2147, 11.9161, -5.8547

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2177, 11.7743, 0.0792



10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162



10.2177, 4.5584, -12.3835

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.2177, -8.3788, 5.3162



10.2177, -5.6353, -11.4383



10.2177, 9.5300, -6.2118



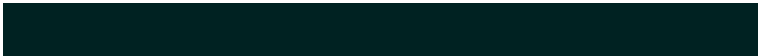
10.2177, 5.5811, 7.1524

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162



10.2177, -9.4212, -2.7610



10.2177, 9.5300, -6.2118



10.2177, 11.1393, 3.1898

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.2177, -8.3788, 5.3162



13.8676, -4.6927, 3.0752



11.2642, -4.2800, 6.8660



7.9549, -2.5953, 1.7055



54.3783, -2.9015, 2.9545



8.4820, -0.4526, 0.4608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.2177, -8.3788, 5.3162



12.5938, -10.4032, 6.7163



10.4234, -7.1089, 2.3178



6.8808, -0.8351, 0.6425



23.7204, -19.9277, 13.3697



66.7186, -56.6452, 38.8883

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.2147, 11.9161, -5.8547



7.6503, 14.6433, -7.0088



5.7595, 10.2908, 0.4069



6.6834, 0.1234, 0.0910



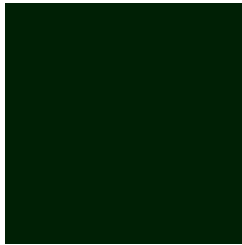
14.3737, 27.4096, -12.3719



40.3329, 76.6748, -32.8785

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.2175, -8.3787,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162

Protanopia

10.4112, -1.4361, 5.7361

Deuteranopia

10.4709, -0.0340, 5.1507



Tritanopia

10.5754, -3.4686, -1.2053

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162

Protanomaly

10.1795, -4.6667, 5.5218

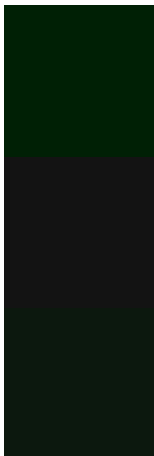
Deuteranomaly

10.0818, -3.7537, 4.9645

Tritanomaly

10.4380, -5.6983, 2.0205

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162

Achromatopsia

8.0698, -0.4306, 0.4384

Achromatomaly

8.7358, -3.8957, 2.4950

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 32, 5)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 32, 5)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 32, 5) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 32, 5) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 32, 5) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 32, 5) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 32, 5)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 32, 5); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 32, 5); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 32, 5) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.2175, -8.3787, 5.3162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 32, 5) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 32,  
5) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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