

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.0094, -1.7556,  
1.6294)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(80.0094, -1.7556,  
1.6294)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4D0D7
RGB	212, 208, 215
RGB Percent	83%, 82%, 84%
CMY	0.1686, 0.1843, 0.1569
CMYK	0.01, 0.03, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	274°, 8%, 83%
HSV	274°, 3%, 84%
XYZ	61.9729, 64.0150, 73.3798
YIQ	209.9940, 0.1370, 3.0250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

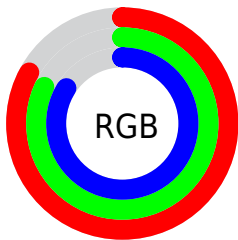
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	212, 208, 215
Decimal	13947095
CIE Lab	83.98, 2.65, -2.98
CIE LCh	84, 3.984, 311.614
Yxy	64.0178, 0.3108, 0.3211
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292137175 (0xFFD4D0D7)
YUV	209.9940, 2.4680, 1.7593
Hunter-Lab	80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294

# Details

The HunterLab color  $80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $81.8569, -6.8466, 7.0946$ , and the grayscale version is  $80.2681, -4.2829, 4.3611$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $57.2864, -1.1482, 0.8587$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $72.7346, 6.4661, -7.4752$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $87.5395, -9.8242, 10.2256$ .

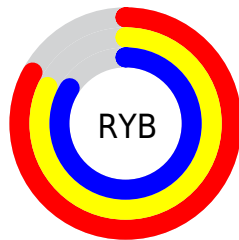
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (82%)

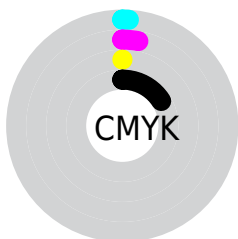
Blue (84%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (84%)

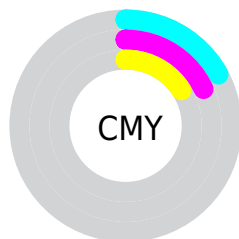


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 80.0094, -1.7556,  
1.6294

■ 80.0094, -1.7556,  
1.6294

209.5838, -7.7359,  
7.6830

■ 68.3118, -1.2601,  
1.1288

105.1839, -2.8646,  
2.7494

■ 57.2459, -0.8038,  
0.6688

118.6050, -3.4701,  
3.3618

■ 46.8519, -0.3919,  
0.2541

132.5528, -4.1079,  
4.0072

■ 37.1765, -0.0289,  
-0.1109

147.0082, -4.7766,  
4.6842

■ 28.2776, 0.2795,  
-0.4203

161.9539, -5.4748,  
5.3914

■ 20.2300, 0.5251,  
-0.6664

177.3743, -6.2014,

■ 13.1357, 0.6959,

6.1276

-0.8375

193.2553, -6.9554,  
6.8918

6.6337, 1.3838,  
-1.5003

0.0000, NaN, NaN

80.0094, -1.7556,  
1.6294

80.0094, -1.7556,  
1.6294

72.7346, 6.4661,  
-7.4752

87.5395, -9.8242,  
10.2256

65.7495, 14.8658,  
-17.2000

95.2890, -17.7589,  
18.4031

59.1067, 23.4438,  
-27.6587

97.4125, -16.8324,  
20.5999

52.8724, 32.1616,  
-38.9518

98.2567, -13.8090,  
21.5092

■ 47.1323, 40.8970,  
-51.1161

■ 98.8364, -11.7482,  
22.1300

■ 41.9946, 49.3741,  
-64.0277

■ 37.5885, 57.0739,  
-77.2477

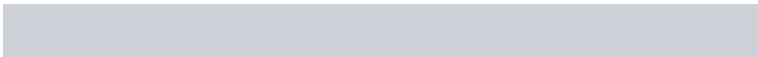
■ 34.0481, 63.1924,  
-89.8669

■ 31.4698, 66.8063,  
-100.5647

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.0111, -3.5140, 0.7666



80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294



80.0111, -0.6689, 3.2172

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.0111, -1.7575, 1.6307



80.0111, -3.0824, 7.6803



80.0111, -7.9284, 3.6308

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294



81.8569, -6.8466, 7.0946

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.0111, -7.8154, 5.4768



80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294



80.0111, -5.0301, 7.7849

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.0111, -1.7575, 1.6307



80.0111, -1.4389, 6.6977



80.0111, -6.7588, 6.9871



80.0111, -7.0692, 1.9397



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294



80.0111, -0.4747, 4.4560



80.0111, -6.7588, 6.9871



80.0111, -8.0027, 4.2543

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.0111, -1.7575, 1.6307



99.0843, -4.3438, 4.3679



80.5753, -4.5804, 2.2625



45.8619, -2.0324, 2.0453

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.0111, -1.7575, 1.6307



96.3555, -1.3564, 1.1355



80.2769, -0.8725, 2.1995



36.7529, -0.2659, 0.1582



23.4701, 52.6963, -81.7554



6.1697, 13.4346, -18.2513



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.1654, -1.4795, 3.7893



96.5890, -0.9370, 4.4003



81.6024, -7.7128, 6.5689



36.8579, -0.0778, 1.6251



30.2086, 53.3369, 7.0877

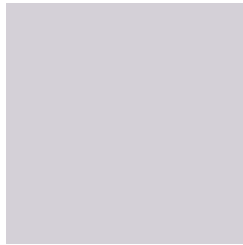


7.5287, 13.4991, 0.1675



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

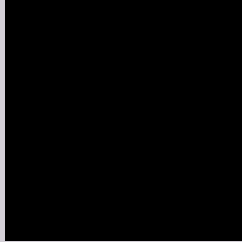
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

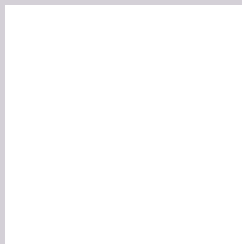
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294.



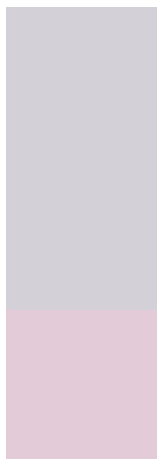
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.0094, -1.7556,

1.6294.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294

### Protanopia

79.9168, -2.0751, 1.5115

### Deuteranopia

80.0004, 5.9874, 1.2532



## Tritanopia

80.0622, 0.5129, -2.3564

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294

## Protanomaly

79.9168, -2.0751, 1.5115

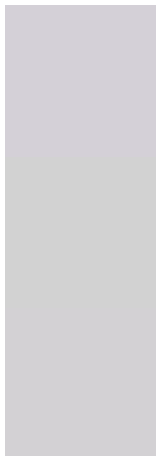
## Deuteranomaly

80.0938, 3.2492, 1.3189

## Tritanomaly

79.9619, -0.0306, -0.9340

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294

## Achromatopsia

80.2795, -4.2835, 4.3617

## Achromatomaly

80.1269, -3.1105, 3.2298

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 208, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 208, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 208, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 208, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 208, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 208, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 208, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 208, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 208, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 208,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.0094, -1.7556, 1.6294 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 208, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
208, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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