

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.0427, -7.3425,  
14.8839)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(80.0427, -7.3425,  
14.8839) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(80.1747, -7.6180,  
14.9164)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5D3BA
RGB	213, 211, 186
RGB Percent	84%, 83%, 73%
CMY	0.1647, 0.1725, 0.2706
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.13, 0.16
HSL	56°, 24%, 78%
HSV	56°, 13%, 84%
XYZ	59.5978, 64.2798, 55.7205
YIQ	208.7480, 9.2170, -7.3510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

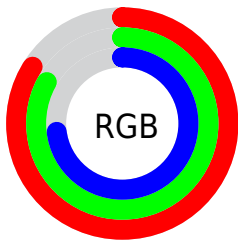
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	188, 213, 186
Decimal	14013370
CIELab	84.11, -3.56, 12.63
CIELCh	84, 13.125, 105.733
Yxy	64.2827, 0.3318, 0.3579
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292203450 (0xFFD5D3BA)
YUV	208.7480, -11.2148, 3.7290
Hunter-Lab	80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164

# Details

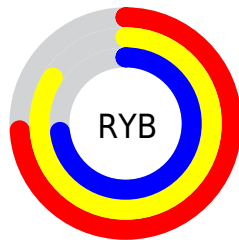
The HunterLab color **80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **71.5603, 0.0960, -8.0604**, and the grayscale version is **79.7867, -4.2572, 4.3350**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.5946, -7.5613, 11.2284**, and **57.5122, -6.3215, 12.4518** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.1611, -9.7512, 22.0528**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.2670, -5.0946, 6.7783**.

# Distribution



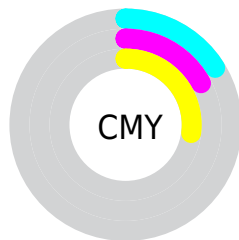
- Red (84%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 80.1747, -7.6180,  
14.9164

■ 80.1747, -7.6180,  
14.9164

209.8117,  
-15.8240, 26.4859

■ 68.4687, -6.8208,  
13.6562

■ 105.3650, -9.2888,  
17.4397

■ 57.3938, -6.0452,  
12.3890

118.7935,  
-10.1574, 18.7065

■ 46.9903, -5.2932,  
11.1093

132.7484,  
-11.0483, 19.9799

■ 37.3046, -4.5647,  
9.8072

147.2107,  
-11.9612, 21.2612

■ 28.3945, -3.8587,  
8.4679

162.1630,  
-12.8956, 22.5517

■ 20.3346, -3.1729,  
7.0666

177.5899,

■ 13.2263, -2.5021,

-13.8511, 23.8522

5.5919

193.4771,  
-14.8273, 25.1634

■ 6.7476, -2.6586,  
4.7233

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.1747, -7.6180,  
14.9164

■ 80.1747, -7.6180,  
14.9164

■ 79.1611, -9.7512,  
22.0528

■ 81.2670, -5.0946,  
6.7783

■ 78.2199, -11.4870,  
28.1789

■ 82.4331, -2.1788,  
-2.3509

■ 77.3516, -12.8308,  
33.3007

■ 83.6748, 1.1201,  
-12.4487

■ 76.5540, -13.7905,  
37.4348

■ 84.3493, 1.3305,  
-14.5019

■ 75.8243, -14.3789,  
40.6116

■ 84.8322, 0.4972,  
-13.8404

■ 75.1588, -14.6153,  
42.8776

■ 85.3169, -0.3346,  
-13.1806

■ 74.5526, -14.5263,  
44.2992

■ 85.8034, -1.1647,  
-12.5226

■ 73.9992, -14.1489,  
44.9699

■ 86.2917, -1.9931,  
-11.8662

■ 73.6180, -13.7423,  
45.1225

■ 86.7817, -2.8200,  
-11.2117

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.1765, -1.2005, 14.9846



80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164



80.1765, -12.9782, 12.1760

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.1765, -7.6201, 14.9175



80.1765, -12.7633, -4.5595



80.1765, 8.1049, 1.3996

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164



71.5603, 0.0960, -8.0604

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.1765, 4.8008, -4.3224



80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164



80.1765, -7.3183, -7.9427

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.1765, -7.6201, 14.9175



80.1765, -15.8829, 1.0962



80.1765, -0.8890, -7.8527



80.1765, 8.0178, 7.5002



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164



80.1765, -15.2867, 9.0668



80.1765, -0.8890, -7.8527



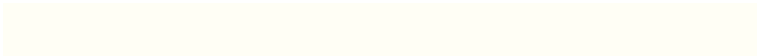
80.1765, 7.3495, -0.6417

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.1765, -7.6201, 14.9175



99.4386, -6.6967, 9.7442



72.7368, 5.4853, 6.0187



45.9568, -3.2126, 4.8729

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.1765, -7.6201, 14.9175



97.9726, -10.0344, 20.5709



79.7847, -12.2165, 14.4270



37.8886, -3.2195, 5.8256



57.5941, -10.8277, 35.2997



14.3131, -2.9151, 8.7686



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.5603, 0.0960, -8.0604



85.3804, 1.2641, -13.0646



71.9909, 4.5888, -7.4044



34.8635, -0.5156, -2.2289



17.9248, 43.0758, -115.3928

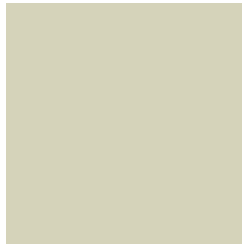


4.9654, 8.4679, -24.4862



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

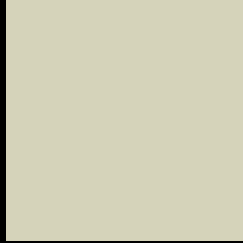
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

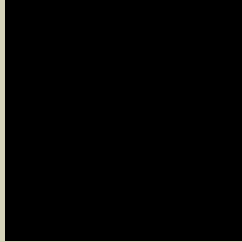
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

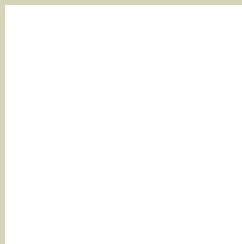
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.1747, -7.6180,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164

### Protanopia

80.1023, -4.7573, 15.3020

### Deuteranopia

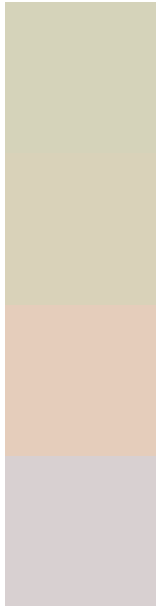
80.0306, 5.9425, 14.1716



## Tritanopia

80.2010, 2.4678, -1.6261

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164

## Protanomaly

80.2170, -5.9350, 15.4006

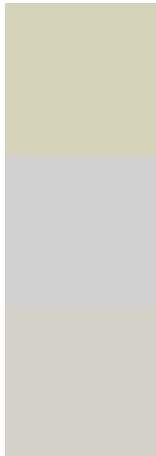
## Deuteranomaly

79.9428, 1.0241, 14.4103

## Tritanomaly

80.1961, -1.4905, 4.7938

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164

## Achromatopsia

79.8497, -4.2606, 4.3384

## Achromatomaly

80.0074, -5.7766, 8.2495

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 211, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 211, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 211, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 211, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 211, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 211, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 211, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 211, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 211, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 211,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.1747, -7.6180, 14.9164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 211, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
211, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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