

Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.1941, 11.7910,
-20.3247)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(80.1941, 11.7910,
-20.3247) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(80.0333, 11.9381,
-20.5618)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBC9FF
RGB	219, 201, 255
RGB Percent	86%, 79%, 100%
CMY	0.1412, 0.2117, 0.0000
CMYK	0.14, 0.21, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	260°, 100%, 89%
HSV	260°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	68.1500, 64.0533, 103.3793
YIQ	212.5380, -6.6060, 20.6100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

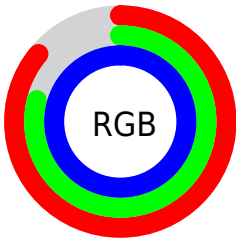
Format	Color
R _Y B	219, 201, 255
Decimal	14404095
CIE Lab	83.99, 16.51, -24.17
CIE LCh	84, 29.269, 304.342
Yxy	64.0559, 0.2893, 0.2719
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292594175 (0xFFDBC9FF)
YUV	212.5380, 20.9338, 5.6672
Hunter-Lab	80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618

Details

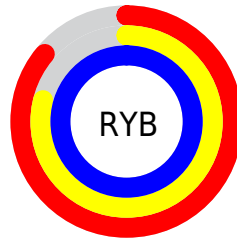
The HunterLab color $80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $96.8206, -19.6808, 25.4755$, and the grayscale version is $81.2883, -4.3373, 4.4165$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $57.3037, 11.6603, -19.7635$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $71.1573, 20.5580, -34.6228$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $89.2866, 3.6365, -7.7419$.

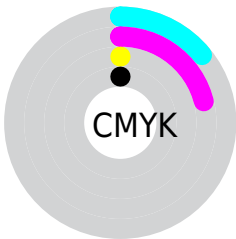
Distribution



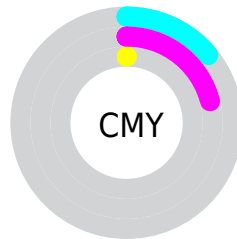
- Red (86%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

80.0333, 11.9381,
-20.5618

80.0333, 11.9381,
-20.5618

209.6166, 10.7518,
-20.8042

68.3344, 11.7940,
-20.2704

105.2100, 12.0273,
-20.9636

57.2672, 11.5783,
-19.9209

118.6321, 11.9864,
-21.0836

46.8719, 11.2805,
-19.5107

132.5809, 11.8935,
-21.1523

37.1950, 10.8894,
-19.0438

147.0373, 11.7519,
-21.1720

28.2944, 10.3904,
-18.5334

161.9840, 11.5645,
-21.1451

20.2451, 9.7636,
-18.0180

177.4053, 11.3339,

13.1487, 8.9828,

-21.0736

-17.6118

193.2872, 11.0624,
-20.9593

6.6502, 10.4639,
-19.8141

0.0000, NaN, -NF

80.0333, 11.9381,
-20.5618

80.0333, 11.9381,
-20.5618

71.1573, 20.5580,
-34.6228

89.2866, 3.6365,
-7.7419

62.7285, 29.5598,
-50.2513

98.8569, -4.4053,
4.0966

54.8517, 38.9616,
-67.7815

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

47.6696, 48.6658,
-87.4444

■ 41.3763, 58.2960,
-109.0512

■ 36.2163, 66.9529,
-131.3949

■ 32.4385, 73.1082,
-151.6524

■ 30.2508, 75.6718,
-165.4613

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.0349, -2.1696, -26.5755



80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618



80.0349, 22.2180, -7.8960

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.0349, 11.9363, -20.5595



80.0349, 8.0589, 24.6320



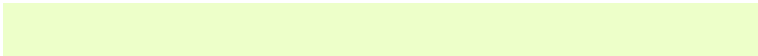
80.0349, -30.0327, 2.3385

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618



96.8206, -19.6808, 25.4755

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.0349, -27.7148, 14.9338



80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618



80.0349, -6.3584, 26.4048

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.0349, 11.9363, -20.5595



80.0349, 19.8708, 17.8253



80.0349, -19.2901, 23.1810



80.0349, -25.8589, -11.9558

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618



80.0349, 25.1557, 1.7185



80.0349, -19.2901, 23.1810



80.0349, -29.9846, 6.9077

Sweetspot

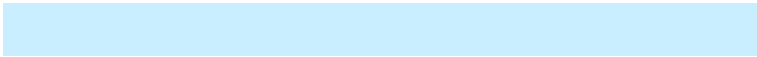
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.0349, 11.9363, -20.5595



94.2020, -0.5532, -1.5082



89.8498, -12.8386, -7.2894



43.2930, -0.0129, -1.0556

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.0349, 11.9363, -20.5595



76.5912, 15.1929, -25.7757



82.7201, 20.5964, -16.4783



42.0379, 1.0535, -2.6384



22.0321, 54.8533, -118.4959



7.2766, 17.5093, -34.4284

Inverse Universe

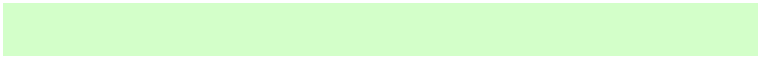
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.1565, 20.6499, -5.5247



80.3473, 25.4369, -7.3480



94.6425, -27.6797, 23.2145



42.6513, 2.8688, 0.1684



35.5728, 65.2639, -10.6905



11.1911, 20.6910, -4.5977

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

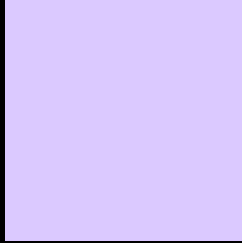
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

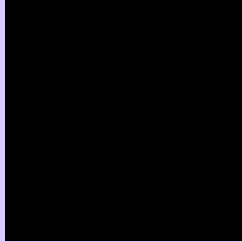
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618.



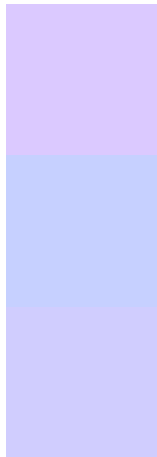
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618.

-20.5618.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618

Protanopia

80.2107, 1.8217, -20.4747

Deuteranopia

80.1426, 6.1567, -19.8774



Tritanopia

80.1558, 0.8328, -2.2327

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618

Protanomaly

80.0028, 5.7686, -20.7154

Deuteranomaly

80.2113, 7.9148, -19.7448

Tritanomaly

80.1622, 4.7783, -8.6534

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618

Achromatopsia

81.5713, -4.3524, 4.4319

Achromatomaly

81.0243, 1.0270, -3.7652

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 201, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 201, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 201, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 201, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 201, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 201, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 201, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 201, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 201, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 201,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.0333, 11.9381, -20.5618 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 201, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
201, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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