

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.1949, -1.3074,  
3.3424)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(80.1949, -1.3074,  
3.3424)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7D0D4
RGB	215, 208, 212
RGB Percent	84%, 82%, 83%
CMY	0.1569, 0.1843, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.01, 0.16
HSL	326°, 8%, 83%
HSV	326°, 3%, 84%
XYZ	62.4638, 64.3122, 71.4085
YIQ	210.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

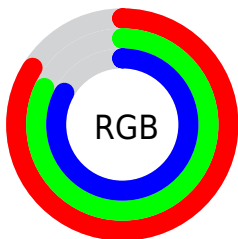
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	215, 208, 212
Decimal	14143700
CIE Lab	84.13, 3.12, -1.13
CIE LCh	84, 3.320, 340.132
Yxy	64.3150, 0.3152, 0.3245
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292333780 (0xFFD7D0D4)
YUV	210.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035
Hunter-Lab	80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424

# Details

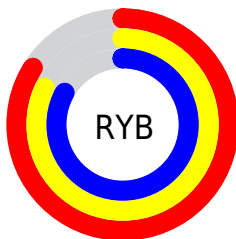
The HunterLab color  $80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $81.6796, -7.2867, 5.4658$ , and the grayscale version is  $80.5133, -4.2960, 4.3744$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $57.4623, -0.7240, 2.4824$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $73.5388, 8.3122, 0.0171$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $87.1769, -10.7360, 6.9010$ .

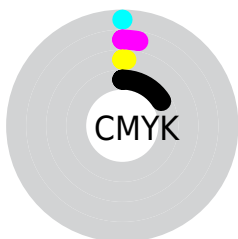
# Distribution



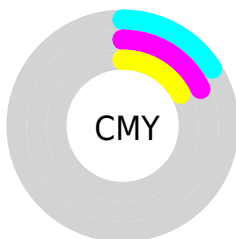
- Red (84%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 80.1949, -1.3074,  
3.3424

■ 80.1949, -1.3074,  
3.3424

209.8395, -7.1236,  
10.0187

■ 68.4878, -0.8341,  
2.7580

105.3871, -2.3752,  
4.6187

■ 57.4119, -0.4012,  
2.2097

118.8165, -2.9613,  
5.3046

■ 47.0072, -0.0141,  
1.7014

132.7723, -3.5805,  
6.0209

■ 37.3202, 0.3224,  
1.2363

147.2354, -4.2311,  
6.7662

■ 28.4088, 0.6022,  
0.8188

162.1885, -4.9119,  
7.5396

■ 20.3474, 0.8164,  
0.4545

177.6162, -5.6215,

■ 13.2373, 0.9519,

8.3400

0.1516

193.5042, -6.3591,  
9.1667

6.7614, 1.6509,  
-0.3236

0.0000, NaN, NaN

80.1949, -1.3074,  
3.3424

80.1949, -1.3074,  
3.3424

73.5388, 8.3122,  
0.0171

87.1769, -10.7360,  
6.9010

67.2567, 18.1044,  
-3.0062

94.4367, -19.9710,  
10.6371

61.4159, 27.9925,  
-5.6256

96.0408, -20.3838,  
8.0941

56.0958, 37.8167,  
-7.7060

96.3324, -18.7426,  
3.9321

■ 51.3890, 47.2884,  
-9.0763

■ 96.5336, -17.6133,  
1.0680

■ 47.3956, 55.9539,  
-9.5426

■ 44.2095, 63.2058,  
-8.9287

■ 41.8944, 68.4005,  
-7.1484

■ 40.4484, 71.1065,  
-4.2878

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.1966, -2.2498, 2.0482



80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424



80.1966, -1.1694, 4.8889

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.1966, -1.3094, 3.3437



80.1966, -4.8349, 7.2499



80.1966, -6.6696, 2.4164

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424



81.6796, -7.2867, 5.4658

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.1966, -7.3506, 3.8381



80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424



80.1966, -6.2969, 6.6153

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.1966, -1.3094, 3.3437



80.1966, -3.2137, 7.1236



80.1966, -7.2147, 5.3737



80.1966, -5.3475, 1.5055



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424



80.1966, -1.5501, 5.8501



80.1966, -7.2147, 5.3737



80.1966, -6.9806, 2.8516

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.1966, -1.3094, 3.3437



99.1532, -4.1757, 5.0029



79.9110, -2.1029, 1.5033



45.8922, -1.9585, 2.3244

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.1966, -1.3094, 3.3437



96.6361, -0.6809, 3.7284



80.0903, -1.8884, 4.8605



36.8790, 0.0368, 1.3241



30.8467, 55.6594, -2.0328



7.6834, 14.0582, -2.0126



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.1966, -1.3094, 3.3437



96.6361, -0.6809, 3.7284



81.7855, -6.7034, 3.9553



36.8790, 0.0368, 1.3241



30.8467, 55.6594, -2.0328

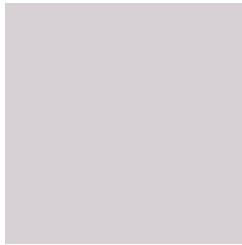


7.6834, 14.0582, -2.0126



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

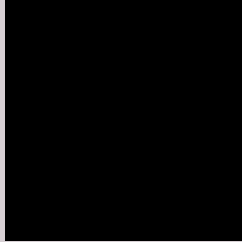
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

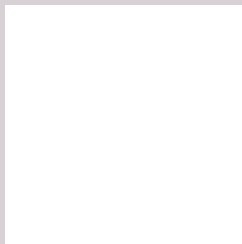
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424.



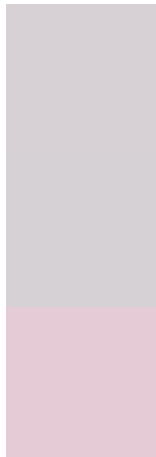
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.1949, -1.3074,

3.3424.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424

### Protanopia

80.3122, -2.4695, 3.4615

### Deuteranopia

80.1087, 6.1579, 2.8793



## Tritanopia

80.1387, 2.3233, -2.2282

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424

## Protanomaly

80.4056, -2.1472, 3.5781

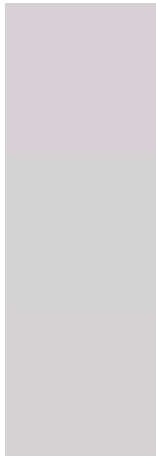
## Deuteranomaly

80.1960, 3.4034, 2.9356

## Tritanomaly

80.2116, 0.7575, -0.0983

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424

## Achromatopsia

80.7097, -4.3065, 4.3851

## Achromatomaly

80.4943, -3.4751, 4.1458

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 208, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 208, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 208, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 208, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 208, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 208, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 208, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 208, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 208, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 208,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.1949, -1.3074, 3.3424 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 208, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
208, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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