

Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.4360, -10.4234,
2.5827)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(80.4360, -10.4234,
2.5827) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(80.3432,
-10.2082, 2.3806)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3D6D6
RGB	195, 214, 214
RGB Percent	76%, 84%, 84%
CMY	0.2353, 0.1608, 0.1608
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	180°, 19%, 80%
HSV	180°, 9%, 84%
XYZ	58.6899, 64.5503, 72.9846
YIQ	208.3190, -11.3240, -4.0280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

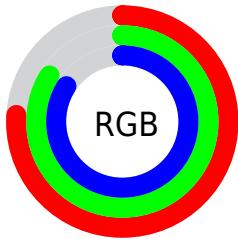
Format	Color
RYB	195, 205, 214
Decimal	12834518
CIELab	84.25, -6.35, -2.18
CIELCh	84, 6.712, 198.993
Yxy	64.5530, 0.2991, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291024598 (0xFFC3D6D6)
YUV	208.3190, 2.8007, -11.6808
Hunter-Lab	80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806

Details

The HunterLab color $80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $75.6758, 2.2503, 6.2176$, and the grayscale version is $79.5505, -4.2446, 4.3221$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99.7173, -6.3204, 5.0828$, and $57.4127, -8.3175, 1.3584$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.6787, -16.1933, 0.2580$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $82.2260, -3.6068, 4.7289$.

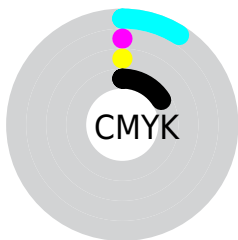
Distribution



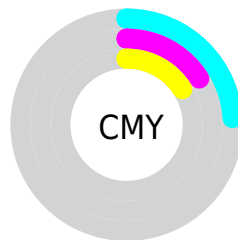
- Red (76%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 80.3432, -10.2082,
2.3806

■ 80.3432, -10.2082,
2.3806

210.0438,
-19.4289, 8.7061

■ 68.6285, -9.2719,
1.8434

105.5495,
-12.1354, 3.5688

■ 57.5445, -8.3494,
1.3449

118.9855,
-13.1242, 4.2132

■ 47.1313, -7.4406,
0.8894

132.9477,
-14.1307, 4.8896

■ 37.4352, -6.5429,
0.4808

147.4169,
-15.1549, 5.5964

■ 28.5138, -5.6520,
0.1244

162.3760,
-16.1969, 6.3325

■ 20.4413, -4.7601,
-0.1731

177.8094,

■ 13.3187, -3.8528,

-17.2566, 7.0968

-0.4012

193.7030,
-18.3340, 7.8882

■ 6.8616, -4.3971,
-0.9462

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.3432, -10.2082,
2.3806

■ 80.3432, -10.2082,
2.3806

■ 78.6787, -16.1933,
0.2580

■ 82.2260, -3.6068,
4.7289

■ 77.2302, -21.5050,
-1.6248

■ 84.3173, 3.5569,
7.2791

■ 75.9997, -26.1023,
-3.2525

■ 86.1459, 9.6783,
9.4612

■ 74.9844, -29.9570,
-4.6157

■ 86.1460, 9.6789,
9.4597

■ 74.1785, -33.0580,
-5.7111

■ 86.1461, 9.6794,
9.4582

■ 73.5722, -35.4155,
-6.5430

■ 86.1462, 9.6800,
9.4567

■ 73.1518, -37.0636,
-7.1236

■ 86.1463, 9.6805,
9.4551

■ 72.8978, -38.0642,
-7.4753

■ 86.1465, 9.6811,
9.4536

■ 72.7767, -38.5430,
-7.6424

■ 86.1466, 9.6816,
9.4521

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.3449, -10.4320, 5.5186



80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806



80.3449, -8.4169, -0.3214

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.3449, -10.2098, 2.3819



80.3449, 0.5586, 0.3067



80.3449, -3.0749, 10.0816

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806



75.6758, 2.2503, 6.2176

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.3449, -0.0808, 8.8010



80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806



80.3449, 2.0395, 3.2111

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.3449, -10.2098, 2.3819



80.3449, -2.2135, -1.5526



80.3449, 1.8036, 6.3152



80.3449, -6.3482, 9.8798

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806



80.3449, -6.5558, -1.4745



80.3449, 1.8036, 6.3152



80.3449, -2.0015, 9.8123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.3449, -10.2098, 2.3819



99.2863, -7.8273, 4.5473



79.8000, -13.2988, 10.5787



45.8480, -3.9242, 1.9961

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.3449, -10.2098, 2.3819



97.5000, -14.1454, 2.3026



77.4817, -5.5853, -1.0379



37.5604, -4.9381, 1.0582



56.5709, -29.9973, -5.9531



13.8934, -7.3668, -1.4626

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.6758, 2.2503, 6.2176



90.3960, 4.8224, 8.1419



78.4293, -2.4688, 9.2533



35.2432, 1.2464, 2.9621



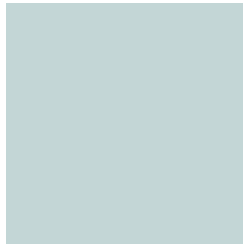
29.3958, 50.3415, 18.9933



7.2195, 12.3637, 4.6634

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

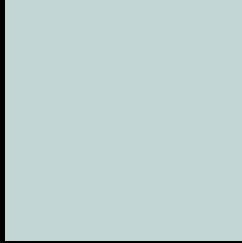
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

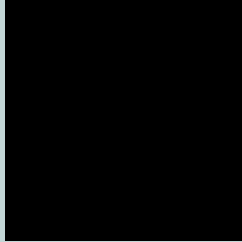
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

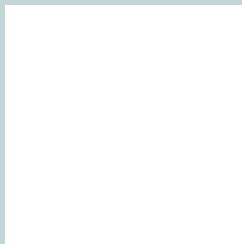
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806.



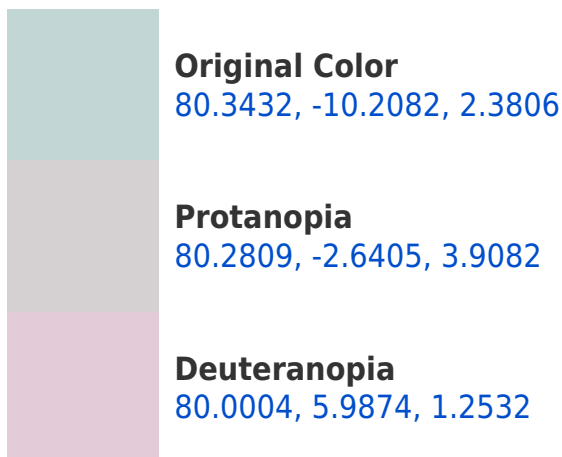
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806.

-10.2082, 2.3806.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

80.4673, -5.5573, -5.1333

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806

Protanomaly

80.2894, -5.7098, 3.3776

Deuteranomaly

79.9869, -0.2714, 1.6281

Tritanomaly

80.5237, -7.3030, -2.4345

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806

Achromatopsia

79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151

Achromatomaly

79.6510, -6.4784, 3.5807

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 214, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 214, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 214, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 214, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 214, 214) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 214, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 214, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 214, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 214, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 214,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.3432, -10.2082, 2.3806 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 214, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
214, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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