

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.5058, -29.3269,  
4.8141)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(80.5058, -29.3269,  
4.8141) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(80.6324,  
-29.5736, 4.8124)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	91E2D1
RGB	145, 226, 209
RGB Percent	57%, 89%, 82%
CMY	0.4314, 0.1137, 0.1804
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.08, 0.11
HSL	167°, 58%, 73%
HSV	167°, 36%, 89%
XYZ	50.3820, 65.0158, 70.2154
YIQ	199.8430, -42.8190, -22.4590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

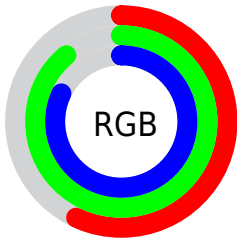
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	145, 190, 226
Decimal	9560785
CIELab	84.49, -28.50, 0.47
CIELCh	84, 28.507, 179.051
Yxy	65.0185, 0.2714, 0.3503
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287750865 (0xFF91E2D1)
YUV	199.8430, 4.5144, -48.0973
Hunter-Lab	80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124

# Details

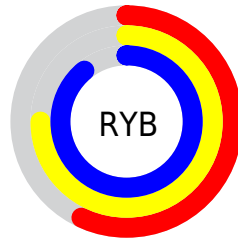
The HunterLab color  $80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `66CCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $62.4739, 27.8537, 6.5411$ , and the grayscale version is  $75.9277, -4.0513, 4.1253$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $95.4764, -21.4490, -0.2939$ , and  $57.6972, -25.1501, 3.2460$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $79.3309, -34.8521, 5.4569$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $82.1695, -23.5216, 4.4393$ .

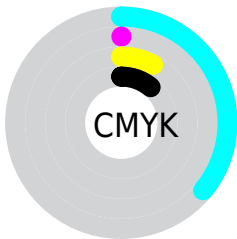
# Distribution



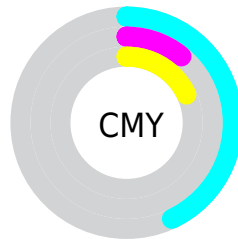
- Red (57%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 80.6324, -29.5736,  
4.8124


 80.6324, -29.5736,  
4.8124


210.4420,  
-47.1459, 12.0399

 68.9029, -27.4802,  
4.1531


 105.8661,  
-33.6326, 6.2275

 57.8032, -25.3257,  
3.5259


 119.3150,  
-35.6136, 6.9785

 47.3734, -23.0934,  
2.9337


133.2896,  
-37.5712, 7.7574

 37.6594, -20.7573,  
2.3785

147.7708,  
-39.5100, 8.5633

 28.7186, -18.2792,  
1.8632

162.7414,  
-41.4339, 9.3953

 20.6247, -15.5973,  
1.3909

178.1861,

 13.4778, -12.6040,

-43.3462, 10.2525

0.9659

194.0906,  
-45.2495, 11.1343

■ 7.0529, -12.3425,  
0.6614

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.6324, -29.5736,  
4.8124

■ 80.6324, -29.5736,  
4.8124

■ 79.3309, -34.8521,  
5.4569

■ 82.1695, -23.5216,  
4.4393

■ 78.2563, -39.3237,  
6.3580

■ 83.9380, -16.7400,  
4.3394

■ 77.4021, -42.9806,  
7.4984

■ 85.9372, -9.2888,  
4.5128

■ 76.7560, -45.8395,  
8.8527

■ 88.1625, -1.2343,  
4.9535

■ 76.2999, -47.9478,  
10.3884

■ 90.2896, 6.2905,  
5.2604

■ 76.0085, -49.3915,  
12.0644

■ 90.4415, 7.1029,  
3.0960

■ 75.9158, -49.8751,  
12.7779

■ 90.5971, 7.9342,  
0.8811

■ 90.7565, 8.7844,  
-1.3840

■ 90.9197, 9.6534,  
-3.6993

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.6340, -26.1881, 16.5161



80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124



80.6340, -26.5859, -9.1107

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.6340, -29.5746, 4.8135



80.6340, 9.2324, -21.4572



80.6340, 10.0590, 23.4615

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124



62.4739, 27.8537, 6.5411

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.6340, 20.6892, 15.8954



80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124



80.6340, 20.1894, -9.9739

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.6340, -29.5746, 4.8135



80.6340, -4.7536, -25.7588



80.6340, 24.5152, 3.9625



80.6340, -3.8590, 26.0847



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124



80.6340, -21.2559, -17.5285



80.6340, 24.5152, 3.9625



80.6340, 14.1695, 21.4836

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.6340, -29.5746, 4.8135



97.3084, -15.2134, 5.0318



80.1117, -34.7567, 28.9295



44.8761, -7.5739, 2.3172

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

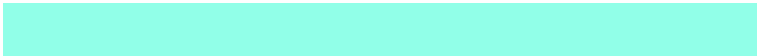


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.6340, -29.5746, 4.8135



91.3219, -38.5053, 6.0401



73.6535, -15.5361, -12.8093



39.3960, -5.5698, 2.0436



57.3547, -37.5757, 9.4267



15.1415, -9.6416, 1.8878



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.4739, 27.8537, 6.5411



66.6774, 39.9793, 8.6856



67.9719, 13.5886, 18.7544



37.0775, 1.6683, 2.2154



30.5899, 52.8214, 16.3924

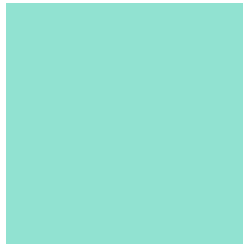


8.1343, 14.2042, 3.1323



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

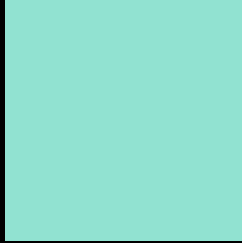
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

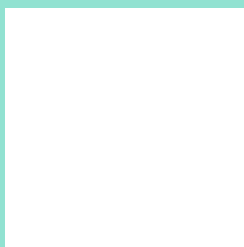
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124.



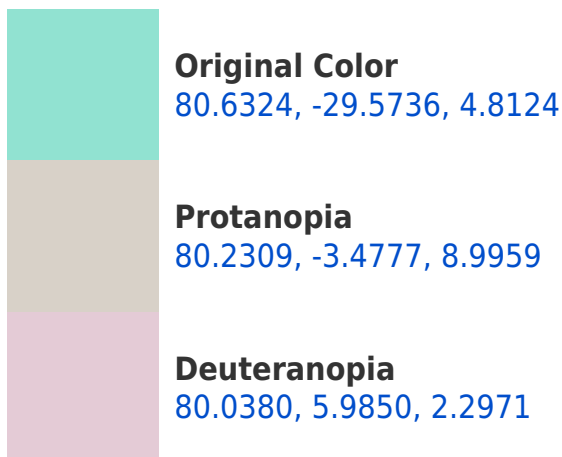
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.6324,

-29.5736, 4.8124.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

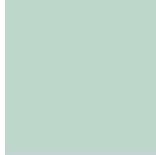
80.7155, -20.3949, -10.6053

# Trichromacy



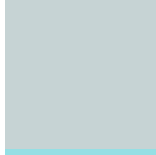
## Original Color

80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124



## Protanomaly

79.9123, -14.0556, 7.0761



## Deuteranomaly

79.5913, -8.1613, 2.5012



## Tritanomaly

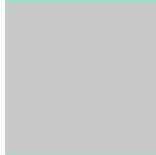
80.4775, -23.7565, -4.9009

# Monochromacy



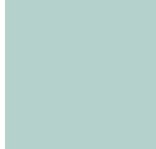
## Original Color

80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124



## Achromatopsia

75.9987, -4.0551, 4.1292



## Achromatomaly

77.2114, -13.9744, 3.9469

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 226, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 226, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 226, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 226, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 226, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 226, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 226, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 226, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 226, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 226,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.6324, -29.5736, 4.8124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 226, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
226, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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