

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.5253, -28.7932,  
6.8138)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(80.5253, -28.7932,  
6.8138) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(80.4626,  
-28.7296, 6.5182)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96E1CD
RGB	150, 225, 205
RGB Percent	59%, 88%, 80%
CMY	0.4118, 0.1176, 0.1961
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.09, 0.12
HSL	164°, 56%, 74%
HSV	164°, 33%, 88%
XYZ	50.5224, 64.7423, 67.5913
YIQ	200.2950, -38.2800, -22.1200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

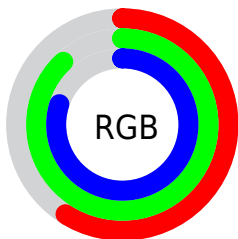
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	150, 193, 225
Decimal	9888205
CIELab	84.35, -27.52, 2.41
CIELCh	84, 27.625, 174.998
Yxy	64.7449, 0.2763, 0.3541
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288078285 (0xFF96E1CD)
YUV	200.2950, 2.3196, -44.1087
Hunter-Lab	80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182

# Details

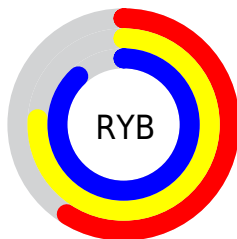
The HunterLab color  $80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `66CCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $63.8156, 25.9850, 4.4421$ , and the grayscale version is  $76.1281, -4.0620, 4.1362$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $95.8446, -20.1082, 0.1821$ , and  $57.5301, -24.3576, 4.8495$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $79.0740, -34.3987, 7.6084$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $82.0876, -22.2975, 5.6780$ .

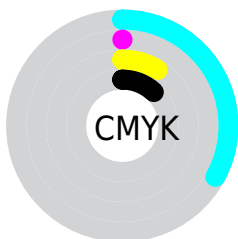
# Distribution



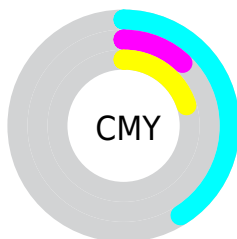
- Red (59%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 80.4626, -28.7296,  
6.5182


 80.4626, -28.7296,  
6.5182


210.2082,  
-45.9225, 14.4082

 68.7417, -26.6890,  
5.7686


 105.6802,  
-32.6916, 8.1008

 57.6513, -24.5907,  
5.0458


 119.1215,  
-34.6275, 8.9302

 47.2312, -22.4187,  
4.3515


133.0888,  
-36.5418, 9.7846

 37.5277, -20.1483,  
3.6865

147.5630,  
-38.4391, 10.6631

 28.5983, -17.7425,  
3.0512

162.5268,  
-40.3230, 11.5653

 20.5169, -15.1418,  
2.4454

177.9649,

 13.3843, -12.2415,

-42.1966, 12.4906

1.8676

193.8630,  
-44.0624, 13.4384

■ 6.9412, -12.1472,  
1.8162

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.4626, -28.7296,  
6.5182

■ 80.4626, -28.7296,  
6.5182

■ 79.0740, -34.3987,  
7.6084

■ 82.0876, -22.2975,  
5.6780

■ 77.9143, -39.2631,  
8.9308

■ 83.9436, -15.1525,  
5.0928

■ 76.9786, -43.3057,  
10.4653

■ 86.0289, -7.3598,  
4.7663

■ 76.2559, -46.5332,  
12.1846

■ 88.3381, 1.0113,  
4.6958

■ 75.7301, -48.9817,  
14.0550

■ 90.0618, 7.2178,  
3.8766

■ 75.3782, -50.7242,  
16.0362

■ 90.2574, 8.2624,  
1.0911

■ 75.2125, -51.6008,  
17.3822

■ 90.4592, 9.3372,  
-1.7751

■ 90.6670, 10.4422,  
-4.7217

■ 90.7374, 10.8157,  
-5.7176

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.4642, -24.6209, 17.3845



80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182



80.4642, -26.6571, -6.8596

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.4642, -28.7307, 6.5193



80.4642, 7.0560, -21.5905



80.4642, 11.2614, 22.2112

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182



63.8156, 25.9850, 4.4421

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.4642, 20.8059, 14.2006



80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182



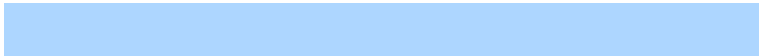
80.4642, 18.2671, -11.2388

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.4642, -28.7307, 6.5193



80.4642, -6.5656, -24.5572



80.4642, 23.4506, 2.1801



80.4642, -2.0044, 25.4325



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182



80.4642, -21.9702, -15.2735



80.4642, 23.4506, 2.1801



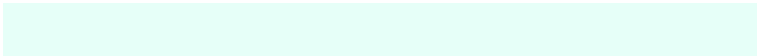
80.4642, 15.0453, 20.0612

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.4642, -28.7307, 6.5193



97.4936, -14.6091, 5.7135



80.4620, -31.4806, 27.7666



44.9519, -7.3356, 2.6727

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

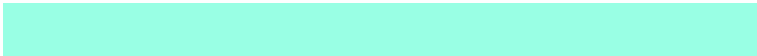


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.4642, -28.7307, 6.5193



91.5874, -37.7424, 8.3551



75.7635, -17.3545, -9.3667



39.3785, -5.6673, 2.2936



57.1110, -39.0609, 12.9375



15.0845, -9.9881, 2.7072



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.8156, 25.9850, 4.4421



68.8085, 37.5439, 5.7564



67.5092, 14.6983, 16.5140



37.0948, 1.7618, 1.9674



30.7065, 53.2523, 14.6761

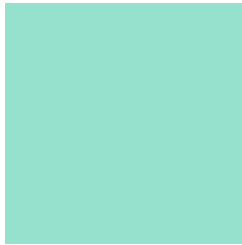


8.1745, 14.3521, 2.5459



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

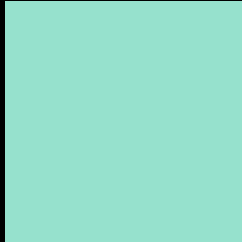
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

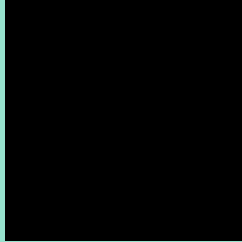
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

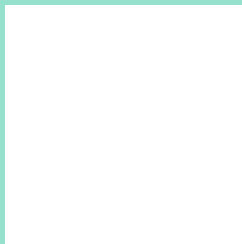
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182.



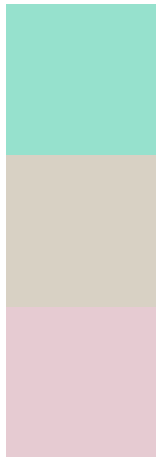
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182.

-28.7296, 6.5182.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182

### Protanopia

80.1158, -4.1077, 10.6461

### Deuteranopia

80.1174, 5.9988, 4.3508



## Tritanopia

80.3919, -18.2847, -10.4396

# Trichromacy



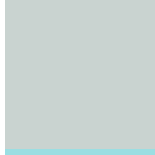
## Original Color

80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182



## Protanomaly

79.9568, -14.1311, 8.9549



## Deuteranomaly

79.7246, -7.9416, 4.6078



## Tritanomaly

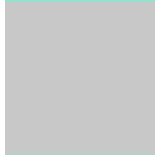
80.4376, -22.3401, -3.8608

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182



## Achromatopsia

75.9987, -4.0551, 4.1292



## Achromatomaly

77.3371, -13.5830, 4.5791

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 225, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 225, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 225, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 225, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 225, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 225, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 225, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 225, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 225, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 225,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.4626, -28.7296, 6.5182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 225, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
225, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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