

Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.5255, -1.1753,
-20.0598)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(80.5255, -1.1753,
-20.0598) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(80.6319, -1.4560,
-19.9072)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0D3FF
RGB	192, 211, 255
RGB Percent	75%, 83%, 100%
CMY	0.2470, 0.1725, 0.0000
CMYK	0.25, 0.17, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	222°, 100%, 88%
HSV	222°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	63.0825, 65.0150, 103.8321
YIQ	210.3350, -25.4480, 9.6560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

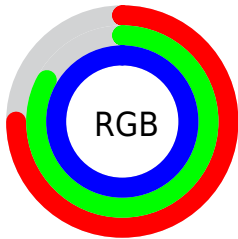
Format	Color
R _Y B	192, 207, 255
Decimal	12637183
CIE Lab	84.49, 2.99, -23.60
CIE LCh	84, 23.783, 277.214
Yxy	65.0176, 0.2720, 0.2803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290827263 (0xFFC0D3FF)
YUV	210.3350, 22.0198, -16.0798
Hunter-Lab	80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072

Details

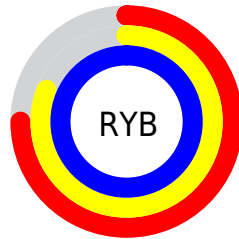
The HunterLab color $80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $92.2259, -5.1067, 24.6788$, and the grayscale version is $80.3412, -4.2868, 4.3651$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99.4383, -7.2952, 4.7359$, and $57.8874, -0.8817, -19.0661$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $73.2175, 1.0678, -31.4764$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $88.3086, -3.3804, -9.1630$.

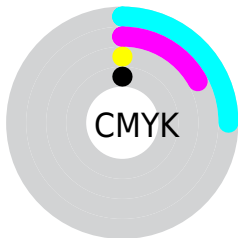
Distribution



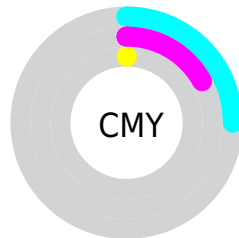
- Red (75%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



















- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072	 80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072
 210.4412, -7.3297, -19.9787	 68.9023, -0.9743, -19.6358
 105.8655, -2.5380, -20.2691	 57.8027, -0.5329, -19.3059
 119.3144, -3.1310, -20.3694	 47.3729, -0.1368, -18.9144
 133.2889, -3.7567, -20.4187	 37.6590, 0.2093, -18.4641
 147.7701, -4.4137, -20.4194	 28.7182, 0.4996, -17.9660
 162.7407, -5.1006, -20.3738	 20.6243, 0.7256, -17.4531
 178.1854, -5.8162,	 13.4775, 0.8746,

-20.2838

-17.0250

194.0898, -6.5596,
-20.1515

7.0525, 1.4687,
-18.4766

0.0000, NaN, -NF

80.6319, -1.4560,
-19.9072

80.6319, -1.4560,
-19.9072

73.2175, 1.0678,
-31.4764

88.3086, -3.3804,
-9.1630

66.1013, 4.3297,
-44.0519

96.2110, -4.8093,
0.8986

59.3373, 8.4918,
-57.8203

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

52.9932, 13.7399,
-72.9547

■ 47.1555, 20.2574,
-89.5413

■ 41.9318, 28.1574,
-107.4408

■ 37.4434, 37.3446,
-126.0812

■ 35.3775, 42.5220,
-136.0116

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.6335, -12.8497, -17.9807



80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072



80.6335, 9.7794, -14.6164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.6335, -1.4574, -19.9049



80.6335, 14.4352, 16.3070



80.6335, -24.0483, 12.2575

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072



92.2259, -5.1067, 24.6788

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.6335, -17.4877, 19.6622



80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072



80.6335, 4.6074, 21.7567

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.6335, -1.4574, -19.9049



80.6335, 19.2889, 7.0348



80.6335, -7.1170, 22.8909



80.6335, -25.4668, 1.6506

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072



80.6335, 15.5257, -8.1028



80.6335, -7.1170, 22.8909



80.6335, -22.3901, 15.1554

Sweetspot

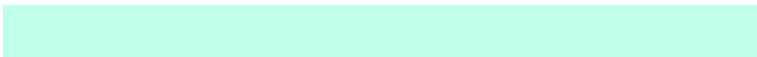
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.6335, -1.4574, -19.9049



94.3785, -4.5202, -1.3576



94.1955, -27.4517, 8.0660



43.4417, -2.0544, -0.9049

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.6335, -1.4574, -19.9049



76.6718, -0.2031, -25.9185



75.9571, 12.0228, -26.8332



42.7445, -1.9335, -1.7832



26.0136, 29.4671, -96.1257



9.1697, 6.4379, -25.3588

Inverse Universe

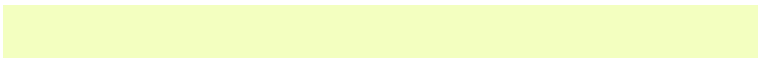
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.7897, 21.1029, 3.7389



75.8579, 26.9532, 3.7484



97.1910, -18.7627, 29.1371



42.5174, 2.1498, 2.0761



33.7803, 58.7447, 14.8913



10.6275, 18.6496, 3.3806

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

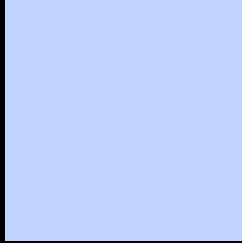
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

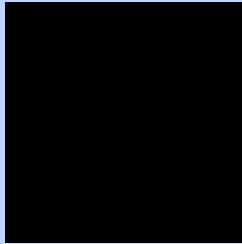
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.6319, -1.4560,

-19.9072.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072

Protanopia

80.6909, 1.7340, -18.5302

Deuteranopia

80.4814, 5.8359, -20.0024



Tritanopia

80.6175, -9.6495, -6.6398

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072

Protanomaly

80.7804, 0.5513, -19.0348

Deuteranomaly

80.5533, 2.9849, -19.9458

Tritanomaly

80.7485, -6.9936, -10.8962

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072

Achromatopsia

80.2795, -4.2835, 4.3617

Achromatomaly

80.1752, -3.6014, -3.8680

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 211, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 211, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 211, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 211, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 211, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 211, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 211, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 211, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 211, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 211,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.6319, -1.4560, -19.9072 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 211, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
211, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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