

Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.5263, -60.4305,
48.5620)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(80.5263, -60.4305,
48.5620) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(80.6409,
-60.5149, 48.6311)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	64F000
RGB	100, 240, 0
RGB Percent	39%, 94%, 0%
CMY	0.6078, 0.0588, 0.9999
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 1.00, 0.06
HSL	95°, 100%, 47%
HSV	95°, 100%, 94%
XYZ	36.4157, 65.0295, 10.6327
YIQ	170.7800, -6.4000, -104.3200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

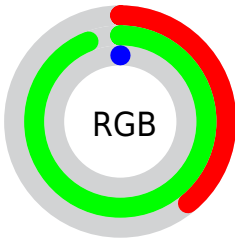
Format	Color
RYB	0, 240, 140
Decimal	6615040
CIELab	84.50, -70.04, 81.17
CIELCh	85, 107.210, 130.788
Yxy	65.0323, 0.3249, 0.5802
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284805120 (0xFF64F000)
YUV	170.7800, -84.1945, -62.0741
Hunter-Lab	80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311

Details

The HunterLab color **80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF33**. The color can be described as dark saturated chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **34.4548, 77.2588, -119.2828**, and the grayscale version is **64.0665, -3.4184, 3.4809**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.5866, -50.9306, 47.9095**, and **58.1953, -49.9025, 34.9861** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.6418, -60.5197, 48.6316**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.2198, -58.0350, 48.3990**.

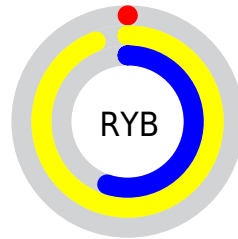
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (94%)

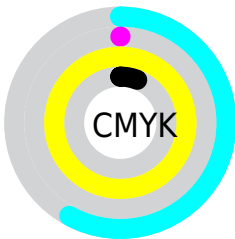
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (55%)

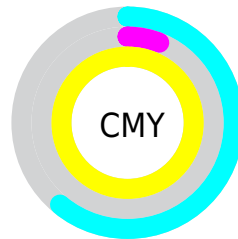


Cyan (58%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

80.6409, -60.5149,
48.6311

80.6409, -60.5149,
48.6311

210.4538,
-95.0319, 89.3426

68.9110, -56.0230,
43.3246

105.8755,
-68.9604, 58.6526

57.8109, -51.2975,
37.7972

119.3248,
-72.9670, 63.4063

47.3806, -46.2848,
32.0471

133.2997,
-76.8574, 68.0133

37.6661, -40.9091,
26.3662

147.7813,
-80.6475, 72.4895

28.7247, -35.0624,
20.1073

162.7523,
-84.3501, 76.8490

20.6301, -28.5874,
14.4411

178.1973,

13.4825, -23.5944,

-87.9759, 81.1041

9.4378

194.1021,
-91.5340, 85.2655

■ 7.0585, -12.3523,
4.9409

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.6409, -60.5149,
48.6311

■ 80.6409, -60.5149,
48.6311

■ 80.6418, -60.5197,
48.6316

■ 81.2198, -58.0350,
48.3990

■ 81.9306, -54.9275,
47.4972

■ 82.7905, -51.1193,
45.7251

■ 83.8076, -46.5871,
42.9909

■ 84.9867, -41.3280,
39.2399

■ 86.3307, -35.3550,
34.4460

■ 87.8406, -28.6939,
28.6069

■ 89.5157, -21.3800,
21.7392

■ 91.3539, -13.4556,
13.8750

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.6426, -22.4532, 53.3089



80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311



80.6426, -79.5604, 30.1536

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.6426, -60.5163, 48.6314



80.6426, -35.0865, -150.5589



80.6426, 121.7060, 20.4626

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311



34.4548, 77.2588, -119.2828

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.6426, 115.7823, -34.3231



80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311



80.6426, 15.6003, -159.9184

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.6426, -60.5163, 48.6314



80.6426, -67.7072, -87.6886



80.6426, 73.3591, -108.4008



80.6426, 87.9168, 45.4385

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311



80.6426, -82.8177, 3.0499



80.6426, 73.3591, -108.4008



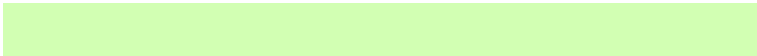
80.6426, 124.4750, 5.7067

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.6426, -60.5163, 48.6314



94.0798, -30.8226, 30.7217



61.0635, 25.6108, 38.0744



43.1995, -15.6954, 15.4978

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.6426, -60.5163, 48.6314



86.3701, -64.9035, 52.0846



78.9771, -67.4932, 46.9857



42.4005, -6.0441, 6.2351



59.7255, -44.5176, 36.0232



17.3914, -12.1563, 10.5037

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.4548, 77.2588, -119.2828



36.8624, 82.7138, -128.0059



48.6770, 93.9728, -50.8393



39.6034, 1.8216, -2.0956



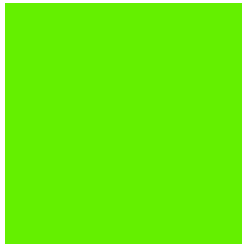
25.6457, 57.3476, -87.5237



7.7808, 17.0069, -23.5151

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

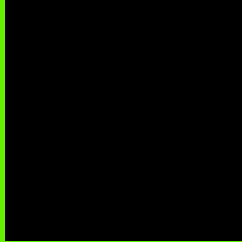
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311.

-60.5149, 48.6311.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311

Protanopia

79.9538, -11.2385, 49.0704

Deuteranopia

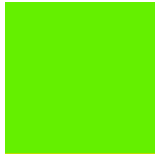
79.6920, 4.4358, 40.0236



Tritanopia

80.3303, -23.3721, -12.3322

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311



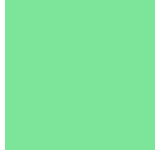
Protanomaly

78.9162, -33.2647, 48.0455



Deuteranomaly

78.1749, -25.4269, 44.0471



Tritanomaly

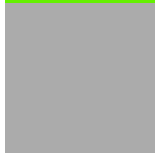
79.1351, -43.5664, 25.4206

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311



Achromatopsia

63.8154, -3.4050, 3.4672



Achromatomaly

68.2669, -30.1025, 28.9733

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 240, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 240, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 240, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 240, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 240, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 240, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 240, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 240, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 240, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 240,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.6409, -60.5149, 48.6311 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 240, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
240, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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