

Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.5341, -30.1504,
27.7459)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(80.5341, -30.1504,
27.7459) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(80.3911,
-30.0202, 27.7306)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | AFE096 |
| RGB | 175, 224, 150 |
| RGB Percent | 69%, 88%, 59% |
| CMY | 0.3137, 0.1215, 0.4118 |
| CMYK | 0.22, 0.00, 0.33, 0.12 |
| HSL | 100°, 54%, 73% |
| HSV | 100°, 33%, 88% |
| XYZ | 49.8399, 64.6273, 38.7016 |
| YIQ | 200.9130, -5.4500, -33.4020 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

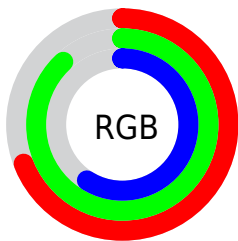
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| RYB | 150, 224, 199 |
| Decimal | 11526294 |
| CIELab | 84.29, -29.10, 31.24 |
| CIELCh | 84, 42.694, 132.961 |
| Yxy | 64.6301, 0.3254, 0.4219 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289716374 (0xFFAFE096) |
| YUV | 200.9130, -25.1001, -22.7257 |
| Hunter-Lab | 80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306 |

Details

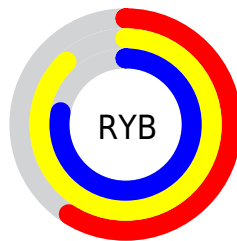
The HunterLab color $80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CC99$. A complement of this color would be $62.7204, 26.6088, -27.5535$, and the grayscale version is $76.4947, -4.0816, 4.1561$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96.4798, -20.7219, 23.5937$, and $57.7258, -25.9486, 23.2477$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.9638, -36.3323, 32.7902$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $81.9962, -23.0310, 21.7540$.

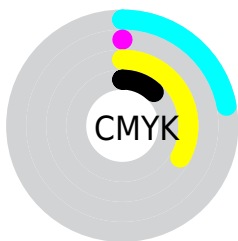
Distribution



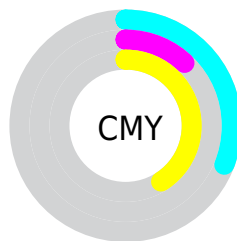
- Red (69%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (12%)





- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80.3911, -30.0202,
27.7306


 80.3911, -30.0202,
27.7306


210.1098,
-47.8276, 46.6147

 68.6740, -27.8942,
25.4323


 105.6020,
-34.1408, 32.1499

 57.5874, -25.7038,
23.0525


 119.0401,
-36.1499, 34.2918

 47.1714, -23.4324,
20.5697


133.0044,
-38.1341, 36.3998

 37.4723, -21.0532,
17.9530

147.4756,
-40.0985, 38.4802

 28.5477, -18.5265,
15.1595

162.4366,
-42.0470, 40.5381

 20.4717, -15.7883,
12.1758

177.8719,

 13.3451, -12.7383,

-43.9829, 42.5776

9.3416

193.7673,
-45.9090, 44.6022

■ 6.8937, -12.0640,
4.8256

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.3911, -30.0202,
27.7306

■ 80.3911, -30.0202,
27.7306

■ 78.9638, -36.3323,
32.7902

■ 81.9962, -23.0310,
21.7540

■ 77.7098, -41.9226,
36.9123

■ 83.7718, -15.4073,
14.8913

■ 76.6296, -46.7649,
40.0994

■ 85.7159, -7.2039,
7.1882

■ 75.7197, -50.8463,
42.3770

■ 87.8242, 1.5235,
-1.3024

■ 74.9740, -54.1728,
43.8001

■ 89.8357, 9.3619,
-6.9192

■ 74.3832, -56.7740,
44.4623

■ 90.4400, 11.3622,
-6.0946

■ 74.0520, -58.2138,
44.6114

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.3928, -13.1583, 33.5475



80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306



80.3928, -39.3975, 14.8450

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.3928, -30.0220, 27.7314



80.3928, -15.7958, -41.7376



80.3928, 38.9994, 12.5294

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306



62.7204, 26.6088, -27.5535

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.3928, 38.1065, -7.7229



80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306



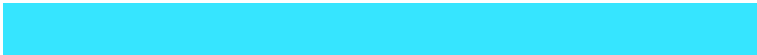
80.3928, 4.9721, -42.8233

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.3928, -30.0220, 27.7314



80.3928, -31.7814, -26.4776



80.3928, 25.1414, -29.1457



80.3928, 27.4685, 26.4132

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306



80.3928, -40.8014, 2.3648



80.3928, 25.1414, -29.1457



80.3928, 40.1744, 6.3366

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.3928, -30.0220, 27.7314



97.6740, -15.0959, 14.7018



76.4761, -2.0401, 24.7178



45.0444, -7.5948, 7.3691

0.0000, NaN, NaN



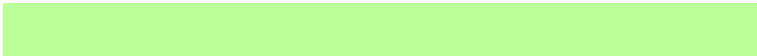
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.3928, -30.0220, 27.7314



91.8925, -40.1542, 36.4761



78.9779, -34.9751, 22.7050



39.4475, -5.8507, 5.7078



56.5458, -44.2011, 34.0694



15.0476, -10.9663, 9.0803

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.7204, 26.6088, -27.5535



67.3076, 39.0017, -41.1808



65.1619, 32.9231, -16.4915



37.0023, 1.9229, -1.8219



26.2314, 56.8639, -75.6211



7.2495, 15.4100, -18.5331

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

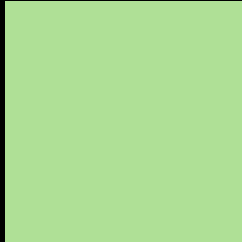
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

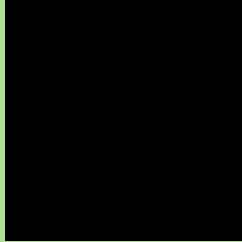
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.3911,

-30.0202, 27.7306.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306

Protanopia

80.2731, -7.5939, 29.8425

Deuteranopia

80.0602, 5.9639, 26.4718



Tritanopia

80.3455, -9.0618, -6.4392

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306



Protanomaly

80.0538, -16.3404, 28.9020



Deuteranomaly

79.5443, -8.2206, 26.4077



Tritanomaly

80.2959, -17.6723, 7.9093

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306



Achromatopsia

76.4250, -4.0778, 4.1523



Achromatomaly

77.5789, -13.8571, 13.7383

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 224, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 224, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 224, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 224, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 224, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 224, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 224, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 224, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 224, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 224,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.3911, -30.0202, 27.7306 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 224, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
224, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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