

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.5406, 7.1289,  
18.7473)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(80.5406, 7.1289,  
18.7473) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(80.5406, 7.1289,  
18.7473)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5CAB2
RGB	245, 202, 178
RGB Percent	96%, 79%, 70%
CMY	0.0392, 0.2078, 0.3020
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.27, 0.04
HSL	21°, 77%, 83%
HSV	21°, 27%, 96%
XYZ	66.8126, 64.8679, 51.1188
YIQ	212.1210, 33.3320, 1.6520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

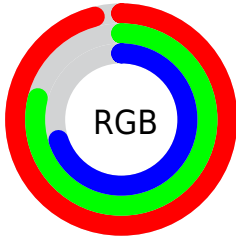
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 215, 178
Decimal	16108210
CIE Lab	84.42, 11.74, 17.69
CIE LCh	84, 21.233, 56.418
Yxy	64.8709, 0.3655, 0.3549
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294298290 (0xFFF5CAB2)
YUV	212.1210, -16.8217, 28.8349
Hunter-Lab	80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473

# Details

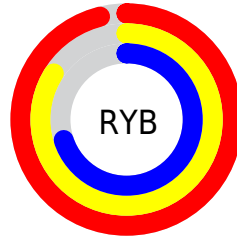
The HunterLab color  $80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $82.3216, -12.4513, -11.7094$ , and the grayscale version is  $81.2540, -4.3355, 4.4147$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99.3582, -8.8632, 14.6183$ , and  $57.7511, 7.2101, 15.7931$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $75.4763, 12.3374, 22.8792$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $85.8502, 2.3288, 14.1359$ .

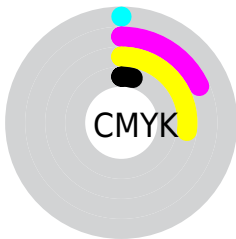
# Distribution



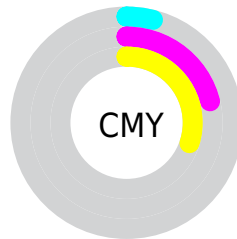
- Red (96%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 80.5406, 7.1289,  
18.7473

 80.5406, 7.1289,  
18.7473

210.3159, 4.3044,  
32.2331

 68.8160, 7.2007,  
17.2176

 105.7659, 6.8094,  
21.7647

 57.7213, 7.2123,  
15.6618

119.2107, 6.5760,  
23.2601

 47.2967, 7.1536,  
14.0703

133.1813, 6.2970,  
24.7519

 37.5884, 7.0153,  
12.4276

147.6587, 5.9753,  
26.2428

 28.6537, 6.7849,  
10.7103

162.6257, 5.6132,  
27.7347

 20.5666, 6.4448,  
8.8810

178.0668, 5.2128,

 13.4274, 5.9696,

29.2296

7.1863

193.9678, 4.7760,  
30.7287

6.9929, 6.9448,  
4.8950

0.0000, NaN, NaN

80.5406, 7.1289,  
18.7473

80.5406, 7.1289,  
18.7473

75.4763, 12.3374,  
22.8792

85.8502, 2.3288,  
14.1359

70.6811, 17.9824,  
26.4460

91.3738, -2.0834,  
9.1113

66.1904, 24.0623,  
29.3561

97.0913, -6.1437,  
3.7329

62.0412, 30.5481,  
31.5112

99.0720, -8.5792,  
4.2791

■ 58.2731, 37.3658,  
32.8198

■ 54.9253, 44.3785,  
33.2222

■ 52.0314, 51.3667,  
32.7480

■ 51.3380, 53.1588,  
32.5648

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.5425, 14.5108, 12.4395



80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473



80.5425, -3.0417, 21.2352

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.5425, 7.1260, 18.7485



80.5425, -23.4059, 5.5701



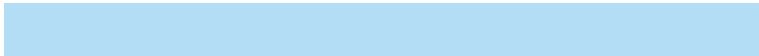
80.5425, 4.8422, -14.6987

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473



82.3216, -12.4513, -11.7094

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.5425, -5.5543, -17.1408



80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473



80.5425, -21.5321, -4.6001

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.5425, 7.1260, 18.7485



80.5425, -20.3801, 14.2639



80.5425, -15.1261, -13.2368



80.5425, 13.1457, -6.9312



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473



80.5425, -9.9074, 20.6601



80.5425, -15.1261, -13.2368



80.5425, 1.4613, -16.2092

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.5425, 7.1260, 18.7485



95.2288, -1.8825, 9.8999



75.1690, 26.8472, -7.4713



43.6487, -0.5584, 4.9568

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.5425, 7.1260, 18.7485



81.2205, 10.5244, 22.1616



90.5623, -9.8958, 28.0552



41.7782, -0.5422, 4.7339



37.9947, 38.1586, 24.0802

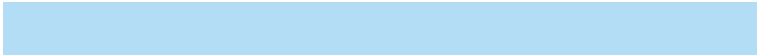


12.0664, 9.2302, 7.5968

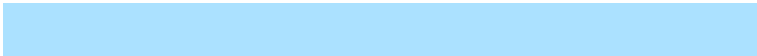


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.3216, -12.4513, -11.7094



83.4450, -14.0512, -16.0490



72.1430, 4.4796, -26.4632



42.0721, -3.7565, -0.2721



41.0535, -4.3191, -41.9895



12.9431, -2.4891, -10.8046



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

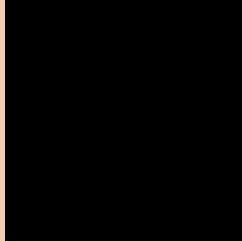
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.5406, 7.1289,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473

### Protanopia

80.5250, -5.0151, 16.9460

### Deuteranopia

80.6107, 5.8618, 18.7953



## Tritanopia

80.5144, 16.3220, 4.0306

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473

## Protanomaly

80.4890, -0.5059, 17.3859

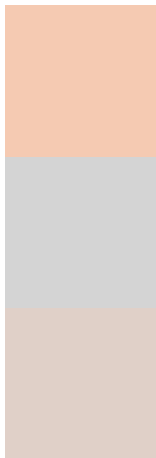
## Deuteranomaly

80.7213, 6.2323, 18.9124

## Tritanomaly

80.6061, 12.9784, 9.7031

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473

## Achromatopsia

81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085

## Achromatomaly

80.7026, -0.2886, 9.5784

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 202, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 202, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 202, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 202, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 202, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 202, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 202, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 202, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 202, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 202,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.5406, 7.1289, 18.7473 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 202, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
202, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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