

Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.6936, -16.6366,
5.3419)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(80.6936, -16.6366,
5.3419) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(80.5833,
-16.2060, 4.9890)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8DAD1
RGB	184, 218, 209
RGB Percent	72%, 85%, 82%
CMY	0.2784, 0.1451, 0.1804
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.04, 0.15
HSL	164°, 31%, 79%
HSV	164°, 16%, 85%
XYZ	56.3473, 64.9367, 69.8859
YIQ	206.8080, -17.3750, -10.0070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

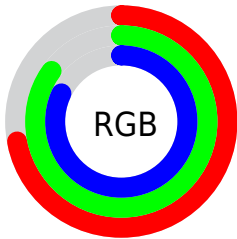
Format	Color
RYB	184, 204, 218
Decimal	12114641
CIELab	84.45, -12.95, 0.67
CIELCh	84, 12.967, 177.027
Yxy	64.9394, 0.2948, 0.3397
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290304721 (0xFFB8DAD1)
YUV	206.8080, 1.0807, -20.0026
Hunter-Lab	80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890

Details

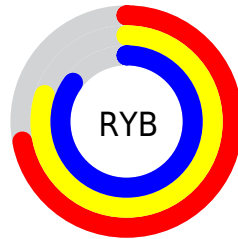
The HunterLab color **80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **72.8275, 9.0282, 3.9578**, and the grayscale version is **78.9112, -4.2105, 4.2874**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.6232, -10.1589, 3.7173**, and **57.7808, -13.4628, 3.5483** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.8483, -22.9343, 5.5913**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.5430, -8.8434, 4.6381**.

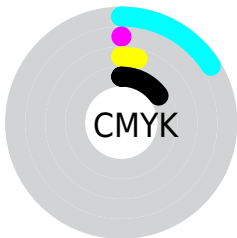
Distribution



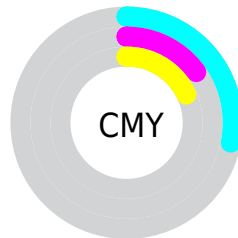
- Red (72%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (15%)





- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80.5833, -16.2060,
4.9890

 80.5833, -16.2060,
4.9890


210.3745,
-27.8615, 12.2841

 68.8563, -14.9353,
4.3207


 105.8124,
-18.7516, 6.4212

 57.7593, -13.6579,
3.6838


119.2591,
-20.0290, 7.1802

 47.3323, -12.3691,
3.0812


133.2316,
-21.3126, 7.9668

 37.6213, -11.0602,
2.5150

147.7108,
-22.6037, 8.7801

 28.6838, -9.7179,
1.9876

162.6795,
-23.9034, 9.6192

 20.5935, -8.3203,
1.5019

178.1222,

 13.4508, -6.8279,

-25.2125, 10.4834

1.0616

194.0248,
-26.5317, 11.3719

■ 7.0208, -8.4119,
0.7793

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.5833, -16.2060,
4.9890

■ 80.5833, -16.2060,
4.9890

■ 78.8483, -22.9343,
5.5913

■ 82.5430, -8.8434,
4.6381

■ 77.3355, -28.9647,
6.4382

■ 84.7176, -0.9081,
4.5336

■ 76.0466, -34.2502,
7.5216

■ 87.1021, 7.5304,
4.6707

■ 74.9781, -38.7578,
8.8264

■ 87.8844, 10.4982,
2.7879

■ 74.1230, -42.4751,
10.3312

■ 88.0740, 11.5032,
0.0903

■ 73.4697, -45.4142,
12.0084

■ 88.2693, 12.5364,
-2.6831

■ 73.0015, -47.6167,
13.8247

■ 88.4705, 13.5978,
-5.5321

■ 72.6948, -49.1614,
15.7398

■ 88.6709, 14.6532,
-8.3646

■ 72.5901, -49.7149,
16.5889

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.5850, -14.3520, 10.4901



80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890



80.5850, -14.9565, -1.1058

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.5850, -16.2075, 4.9902



80.5850, 1.3537, -6.7317



80.5850, 2.4905, 13.5861

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890



72.8275, 9.0282, 3.9578

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.5850, 6.9320, 9.5174



80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890



80.5850, 6.2615, -2.2355

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.5850, -16.2075, 4.9902



80.5850, -4.9403, -8.1765



80.5850, 8.3329, 3.7780



80.5850, -3.6660, 15.2046

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890



80.5850, -12.5072, -4.6397



80.5850, 8.3329, 3.7780



80.5850, 4.2408, 12.4759

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.5850, -16.2075, 4.9902



98.7147, -10.0543, 5.5246



80.5932, -17.5956, 15.9916



45.5888, -4.9521, 2.5646

0.0000, NaN, NaN



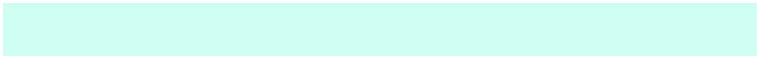
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.5850, -16.2075, 4.9902



95.4682, -22.3158, 6.1819



78.3460, -10.6859, -2.1095



38.4287, -5.5185, 2.2295



56.2013, -38.3780, 12.6004



14.3535, -9.4717, 2.5062

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.8275, 9.0282, 3.9578



84.1441, 14.5652, 4.6977



74.8586, 3.4887, 10.2714



36.2048, 1.7061, 1.9284



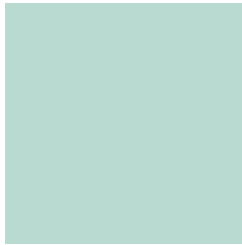
30.2100, 52.3862, 14.4775



7.7810, 13.6712, 2.3460

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

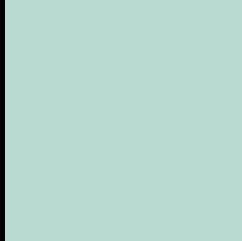
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

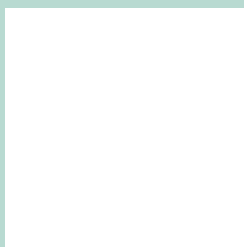
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890.



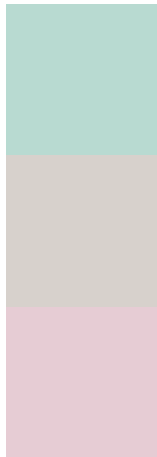
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890.

-16.2060, 4.9890.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890

Protanopia

80.2544, -3.1602, 7.1932

Deuteranopia

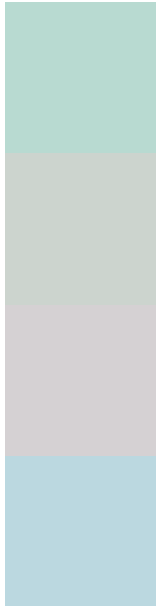
80.4750, 5.8054, 3.7997



Tritanopia

80.6960, -9.3715, -6.5320

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890

Protanomaly

80.2375, -7.8581, 6.1563

Deuteranomaly

80.2809, -2.6405, 3.9082

Tritanomaly

80.6588, -11.6820, -2.3410

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890

Achromatopsia

78.9912, -4.2148, 4.2917

Achromatomaly

79.5517, -8.5517, 4.3942

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 218, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 218, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 218, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 218, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 218, 209) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 218, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 218, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 218, 209); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 218, 209); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 218, 209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.5833, -16.2060, 4.9890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 218, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
218, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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