

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.7504, 4.0889,  
-19.6349)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(80.7504, 4.0889,  
-19.6349) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(80.8152, 3.8707,  
-19.5432)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDD0FF
RGB	205, 208, 255
RGB Percent	80%, 82%, 100%
CMY	0.1961, 0.1843, 0.0000
CMYK	0.20, 0.18, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	236°, 100%, 90%
HSV	236°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	65.7828, 65.3110, 103.7469
YIQ	212.4610, -16.8750, 13.9810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

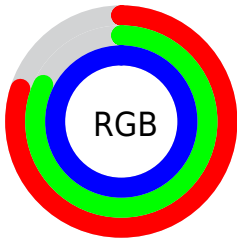
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 208, 255
Decimal	13488383
CIE Lab	84.65, 8.47, -23.28
CIE LCh	85, 24.771, 289.986
Yxy	65.3135, 0.2801, 0.2781
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291678463 (0xFFCDD0FF)
YUV	212.4610, 20.9717, -6.5433
Hunter-Lab	80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432

# Details

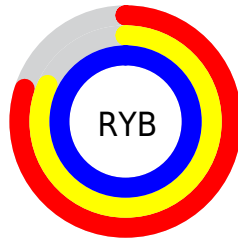
The HunterLab color  $80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be  $97.6154, -11.6109, 24.8647$ , and the grayscale version is  $81.2582, -4.3357, 4.4149$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $58.0280, 4.0424, -18.7607$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $71.5259, 9.3545, -34.1856$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $90.4570, -1.0386, -6.2896$ .

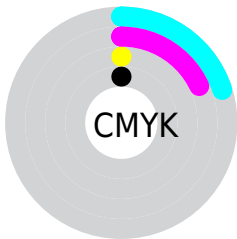
# Distribution



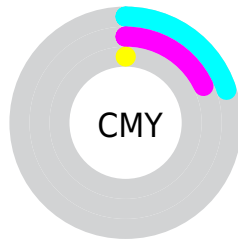
- Red (80%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 80.8152, 3.8707,  
-19.5432

■ 80.8152, 3.8707,  
-19.5432

210.6936, -0.0902,  
-19.5250

■ 69.0763, 4.0955,  
-19.2822

106.0663, 3.2682,  
-19.8842

■ 57.9668, 4.2665,  
-18.9626

119.5233, 2.9008,  
-19.9743

■ 47.5265, 4.3762,  
-18.5809

133.5057, 2.4925,  
-20.0134

■ 37.8012, 4.4167,  
-18.1394

147.9944, 2.0457,  
-20.0041

■ 28.8482, 4.3777,  
-17.6482

162.9724, 1.5624,  
-19.9486

■ 20.7408, 4.2444,  
-17.1378

178.4241, 1.0443,

■ 13.5786, 3.9946,

-19.8490

-16.7016

194.3355, 0.4929,  
-19.7072

■ 7.1710, 4.7617,  
-17.9436

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 80.8152, 3.8707,  
-19.5432

■ 80.8152, 3.8707,  
-19.5432

■ 71.5259, 9.3545,  
-34.1856

■ 90.4570, -1.0386,  
-6.2896

■ 62.6538, 15.5955,  
-50.6484

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 54.2992, 22.8137,  
-69.4450

■ 46.6052, 31.2442,  
-91.0928

■ 39.7799, 41.0129,  
-115.7780

■ 34.1151, 51.8009,  
-142.4940

■ 29.9647, 62.2654,  
-167.6426

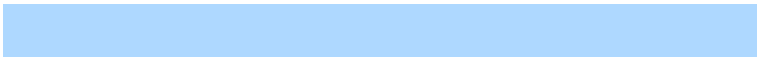
■ 27.5764, 69.8827,  
-185.1935

■ 27.5145, 70.0858,  
-185.6859

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.8168, -8.3601, -20.8413



80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432



80.8168, 14.4704, -11.3255

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.8168, 3.8691, -19.5408



80.8168, 11.3463, 19.7086



80.8168, -26.1698, 8.1884

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432



97.6154, -11.6109, 24.8647

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.8168, -21.5300, 17.4866



80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432



80.8168, -0.1918, 23.4535

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.8168, 3.8691, -19.5408



80.8168, 18.9618, 11.6693



80.8168, -12.1888, 22.7054



80.8168, -25.2260, -3.6163



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432



80.8168, 18.9576, -3.6272



80.8168, -12.1888, 22.7054



80.8168, -25.2226, 11.6782

# Sweetspot

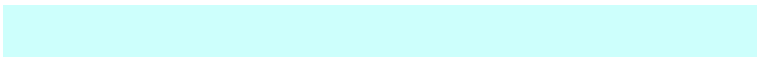
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.8168, 3.8691, -19.5408



94.0095, -2.6943, -1.7863



95.6591, -21.0054, 1.6672



43.1942, -1.1096, -1.1993

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.8168, 3.8691, -19.5408



76.6884, 6.1984, -25.7804



81.9518, 12.2233, -17.7339



41.8959, -0.5026, -2.8500



20.0578, 49.9473, -132.8924



6.7113, 13.7847, -38.1456



# Inverse Universe

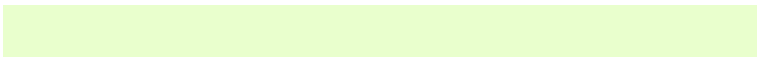
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.3537, 13.5807, 9.1509



79.8797, 18.0184, 10.1174



96.5960, -20.2991, 23.7143



42.4320, 1.6906, 3.2944



33.3678, 57.2192, 20.9739



10.4404, 17.9598, 6.1236



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

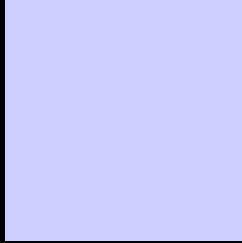
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

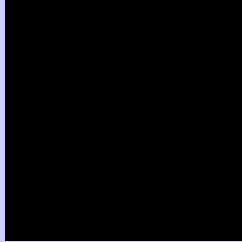
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432.

-19.5432.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432

### Protanopia

80.7703, 2.1627, -19.6393

### Deuteranopia

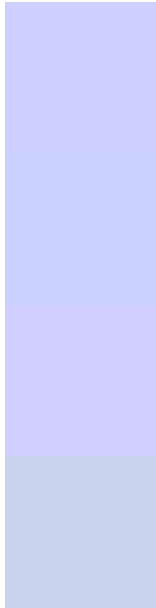
80.9613, 5.9068, -19.2923



## Tritanopia

80.6371, -4.9646, -4.9033

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432

## Protanomaly

80.8563, 2.4549, -19.5073

## Deuteranomaly

80.7809, 5.3015, -19.5687

## Tritanomaly

80.8196, -2.1057, -9.5770

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432

## Achromatopsia

81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085

## Achromatomaly

81.0835, -1.9016, -3.7408

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 208, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 208, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 208, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 208, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 208, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 208, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 208, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 208, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 208, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 208,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.8152, 3.8707, -19.5432 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 208, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
208, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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