

Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.8457, 1.3810,
1.4483)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(80.8457, 1.3810, 1.4483)
contains.

HunterLab(80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(80.8637, 1.3659,
1.2182)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCD0DA
RGB	220, 208, 218
RGB Percent	86%, 82%, 85%
CMY	0.1372, 0.1843, 0.1451
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.01, 0.14
HSL	310°, 15%, 84%
HSV	310°, 5%, 86%
XYZ	64.7260, 65.3894, 75.5397
YIQ	212.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

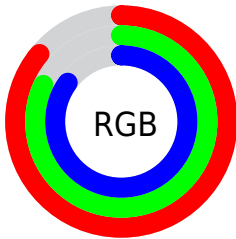
Format	Color
R _Y B	220, 208, 218
Decimal	14471386
CIE Lab	84.69, 5.91, -3.46
CIE LCh	85, 6.849, 329.675
Yxy	65.3922, 0.3147, 0.3180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292661466 (0xFFDCD0DA)
YUV	212.7280, 2.5991, 6.3775
Hunter-Lab	80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182

Details

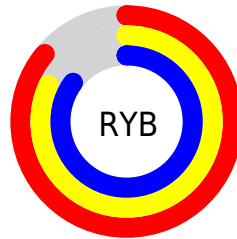
The HunterLab color $80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $83.2173, -9.9793, 7.6596$, and the grayscale version is $81.4435, -4.3456, 4.4250$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $58.0989, 1.8142, 0.4714$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $74.3020, 12.3252, -4.9429$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $87.7888, -9.3593, 7.4149$.

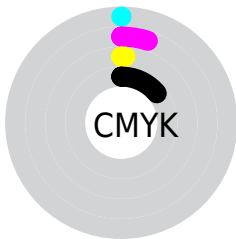
Distribution



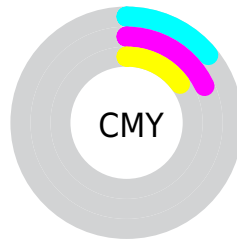
- Red (86%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 80.8637, 1.3659,
1.2182

■ 80.8637, 1.3659,
1.2182

210.7605, -3.4860,
7.1338

■ 69.1225, 1.7096,
0.7359

106.1195, 0.5400,
2.3039

■ 58.0104, 2.0061,
0.2950

119.5787, 0.0676,
2.9001

■ 47.5672, 2.2485,
-0.0995

133.5632, -0.4419,
3.5298

■ 37.8390, 2.4305,
-0.4431

148.0539, -0.9866,
4.1916

■ 28.8827, 2.5437,
-0.7300

163.0338, -1.5648,
4.8840

■ 20.7717, 2.5758,
-0.9518

178.4875, -2.1749,

■ 13.6054, 2.5087,

5.6059

-1.0966

194.4007, -2.8157,
6.3562

■ 7.2021, 3.1919,
-1.5981

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.8637, 1.3659,
1.2182

■ 80.8637, 1.3659,
1.2182

■ 74.3020, 12.3252,
-4.9429

■ 87.7888, -9.3593,
7.4149

■ 68.1579, 23.4758,
-11.0092

■ 95.0236, -19.8365,
13.6086

■ 62.5045, 34.6963,
-16.8718

■ 96.1214, -20.7289,
13.1400

■ 57.4260, 45.7570,
-22.3602

■ 96.2291, -20.1220,
11.5961

53.0155, 56.2761,
-27.2263

96.3389, -19.5037,
10.0234

49.3666, 65.7020,
-31.1485

96.4509, -18.8741,
8.4218

46.5563, 73.3680,
-33.7784

96.5650, -18.2332,
6.7913

44.6189, 78.6607,
-34.8453

96.6812, -17.5809,
5.1320

43.5149, 81.2864,
-34.2944

96.7996, -16.9173,
3.4438

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.8654, -1.0784, -1.1526



80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182



80.8654, 2.2788, 4.3666

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.8654, 1.3639, 1.2196



80.8654, -4.2822, 10.3396



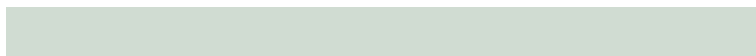
80.8654, -9.8853, 1.2828

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182



83.2173, -9.9793, 7.6596

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.8654, -10.7120, 4.4368



80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182



80.8654, -7.5096, 9.5880

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.8654, 1.3639, 1.2196



80.8654, -1.0135, 9.5553



80.8654, -9.8494, 7.4596



80.8654, -7.5724, -1.1151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182



80.8654, 1.8880, 6.4544



80.8654, -9.8494, 7.4596



80.8654, -10.3445, 2.2938

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.8654, 1.3639, 1.2196



98.3537, -2.7763, 3.9563



79.9900, -1.5044, -0.9256



45.5405, -1.3433, 1.8642

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.8654, 1.3639, 1.2196



94.3107, 3.6738, 0.2682



80.6746, 0.3303, 3.9384



36.9635, 1.6925, -0.0344



33.1037, 62.8191, -26.1122



8.4857, 16.1999, -7.4467

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.8654, 1.3639, 1.2196



94.3107, 3.6738, 0.2682



83.4002, -8.9667, 5.0477



36.9635, 1.6925, -0.0344



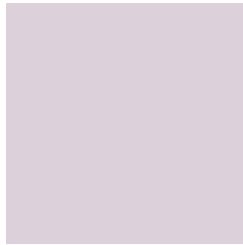
33.1037, 62.8191, -26.1122



8.4857, 16.1999, -7.4467

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

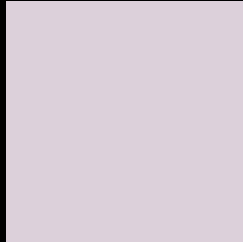
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

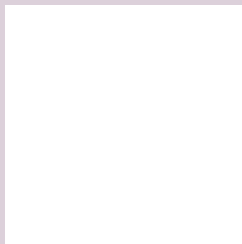
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182.

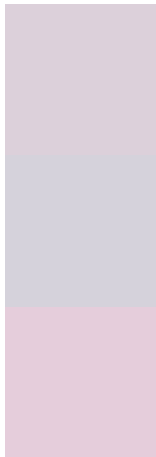


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.8637, 1.3659,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182

Protanopia

80.8417, -1.7642, 0.6319

Deuteranopia

80.8920, 6.1312, 0.8317



Tritanopia

80.8242, 3.1058, -1.3540

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182

Protanomaly

80.8173, -0.2830, 0.6280

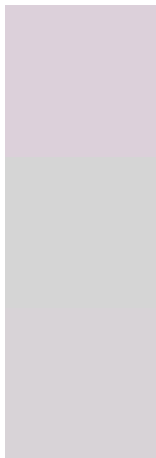
Deuteranomaly

80.8862, 4.5869, 0.7976

Tritanomaly

80.7578, 2.7481, -0.4114

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182

Achromatopsia

81.5713, -4.3524, 4.4319

Achromatomaly

81.2981, -2.0175, 3.1740

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 208, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 208, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 208, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 208, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 208, 218) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 208, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 208, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 208, 218); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 208, 218); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 208, 218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.8637, 1.3659, 1.2182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 208, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
208, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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