

Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.9078, -1.1543,
-3.0621)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(80.9078, -1.1543,
-3.0621) contains.

HunterLab(80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(80.8907, -1.1299,
-2.9132)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3D2E2
RGB	211, 210, 226
RGB Percent	83%, 82%, 89%
CMY	0.1725, 0.1765, 0.1137
CMYK	0.07, 0.07, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	244°, 22%, 85%
HSV	244°, 7%, 89%
XYZ	63.6380, 65.4331, 81.2273
YIQ	212.1230, -4.5400, 5.1880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

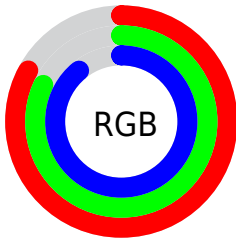
Format	Color
R _Y B	211, 210, 226
Decimal	13882082
CIE Lab	84.71, 3.34, -7.76
CIE LCh	85, 8.443, 293.277
Yxy	65.4358, 0.3026, 0.3111
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292072162 (0xFFD3D2E2)
YUV	212.1230, 6.8414, -0.9849
Hunter-Lab	80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132

Details

The HunterLab color $80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $86.6344, -7.6244, 11.5201$, and the grayscale version is $81.1677, -4.3309, 4.4100$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $58.1250, -0.5320, -3.4933$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $72.1986, 4.1224, -14.5273$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $89.8520, -6.0676, 7.7813$.

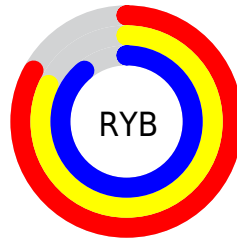
Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (82%)

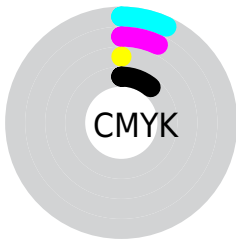
Blue (89%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (89%)

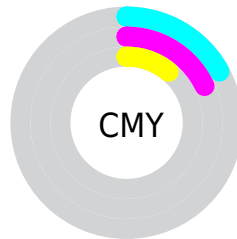


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 80.8907, -1.1299,
-2.9132

■ 80.8907, -1.1299,
-2.9132

210.7976, -6.8865,
1.6157

■ 69.1481, -0.6643,
-3.2121

106.1491, -2.1827,
-2.1722

■ 58.0345, -0.2395,
-3.4612

119.6094, -2.7619,
-1.7391

■ 47.5898, 0.1389,
-3.6541

133.5950, -3.3743,
-1.2669

■ 37.8599, 0.4663,
-3.7848

148.0869, -4.0184,
-0.7577

■ 28.9018, 0.7363,
-3.8458

163.0679, -4.6928,
-0.2134

■ 20.7888, 0.9401,
-3.8272

178.5226, -5.3963,

■ 13.6203, 1.0644,

0.3645

-3.7164

194.4368, -6.1279,
0.9746

■ 7.2193, 1.6282,
-4.1212

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.8907, -1.1299,
-2.9132

■ 80.8907, -1.1299,
-2.9132

■ 72.1986, 4.1224,
-14.5273

■ 89.8520, -6.0676,
7.7813

■ 63.8152, 9.7975,
-27.3562

■ 98.9778, -10.6566,
17.7019

■ 55.8037, 16.0268,
-41.7812

■ 99.1318, -10.1133,
17.8732

■ 48.2519, 22.9708,
-58.2776

■ 41.2881, 30.7844,
-77.3439

■ 35.1008, 39.4989,
-99.2170

■ 29.9585, 48.7141,
-123.0859

■ 26.1933, 57.0995,
-145.7288

■ 24.0542, 62.4891,
-161.4362

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.8924, -5.2560, -3.5334



80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132



80.8924, 2.1987, -0.2856

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.8924, -1.1317, -2.9118



80.8924, 0.5238, 10.2742



80.8924, -12.1208, 5.2900

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132



86.6344, -7.6244, 11.5201

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.8924, -10.6397, 8.8271



80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132



80.8924, -3.3809, 11.6091

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.8924, -1.1317, -2.9118



80.8924, 3.1679, 7.3560



80.8924, -7.4608, 11.0930



80.8924, -11.5461, 1.3347

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132



80.8924, 3.4925, 2.1803



80.8924, -7.4608, 11.0930



80.8924, -11.8479, 6.5647

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.8924, -1.1317, -2.9118



97.9251, -4.2036, 2.9860



85.5295, -9.2483, 2.6627



45.3521, -1.9709, 1.4379

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.8924, -1.1317, -2.9118



91.7707, -0.7276, -4.5869



81.6188, 1.3551, -1.9514



36.4470, 0.0359, -2.5727



17.8984, 48.1532, -124.1047



4.8643, 12.7940, -31.4586

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.2807, 3.5359, -0.5696



93.5875, 5.3615, -1.4968



85.9242, -10.1298, 10.6937



37.3097, 2.9138, -1.0882



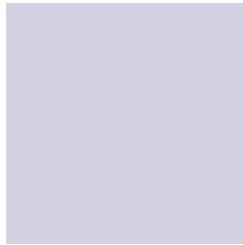
34.5549, 67.0363, -38.6012



9.1224, 17.7357, -10.4882

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

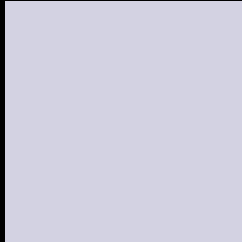
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

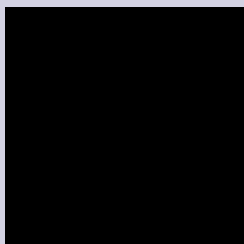
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132.



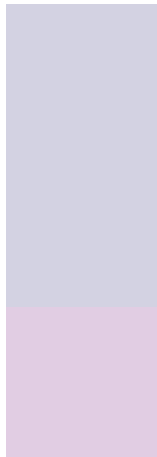
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132.

-2.9132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132

Protanopia

80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132

Deuteranopia

80.7566, 6.2117, -3.4846



Tritanopia

80.9247, -0.9448, -3.3955

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132

Protanomaly

80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132

Deuteranomaly

80.8624, 3.5052, -3.3969

Tritanomaly

80.9247, -0.9448, -3.3955

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132

Achromatopsia

81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085

Achromatomaly

80.9909, -2.9514, 1.7982

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 210, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 210, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 210, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 210, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 210, 226) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 210, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 210, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 210, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 210, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 210,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 80.8907, -1.1299, -2.9132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 210, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
210, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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