

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(80.9250, 0.1770,  
5.6344)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(80.9250, 0.1770, 5.6344)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(81.0765, -0.0259,  
5.8462)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DED1D1
RGB	222, 209, 209
RGB Percent	87%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.1294, 0.1804, 0.1804
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.06, 0.13
HSL	0°, 16%, 85%
HSV	0°, 6%, 87%
XYZ	64.4333, 65.7340, 69.6136
YIQ	212.8870, 7.7480, 2.7560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

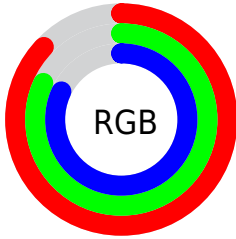
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	222, 209, 209
Decimal	14602705
CIE Lab	84.86, 4.49, 1.60
CIE LCh	85, 4.764, 19.663
Yxy	65.7369, 0.3225, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292792785 (0xFFDED1D1)
YUV	212.8870, -1.9163, 7.9921
Hunter-Lab	81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462

# Details

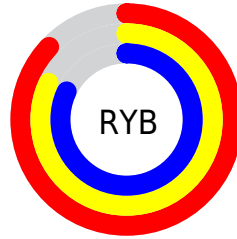
The HunterLab color  $81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $84.3035, -8.6318, 3.1931$ , and the grayscale version is  $81.5297, -4.3502, 4.4297$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $58.3307, 0.6625, 4.4344$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $73.8714, 7.9823, 8.0147$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $88.6420, -7.7021, 3.8185$ .

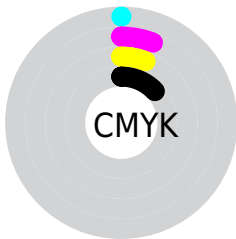
# Distribution



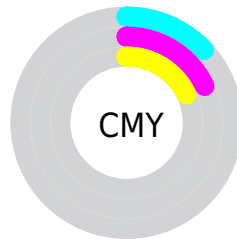
- Red (87%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 81.0765, -0.0259,  
5.8462

■ 81.0765, -0.0259,  
5.8462

211.0534, -5.3827,  
13.4697

■ 69.3245, 0.3855,  
5.1334

106.3525, -0.9787,  
7.3614

■ 58.2009, 0.7536,  
4.4493

119.8211, -1.5106,  
8.1593

■ 47.7456, 1.0719,  
3.7964

133.8147, -2.0775,  
8.9832

■ 38.0043, 1.3349,  
3.1760

148.3142, -2.6776,  
9.8326

■ 29.0338, 1.5355,  
2.5896

163.3027, -3.3095,  
10.7065

■ 20.9070, 1.6634,  
2.0386

178.7645, -3.9717,

■ 13.7230, 1.7029,

11.6044

1.5238

194.6857, -4.6632,  
12.5257

■ 7.3366, 2.2727,  
1.3051

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.0765, -0.0259,  
5.8462

■ 81.0765, -0.0259,  
5.8462

■ 73.8714, 7.9823,  
8.0147

■ 88.6420, -7.7021,  
3.8185

■ 67.0854, 16.3482,  
10.3309

■ 96.5122, -15.0772,  
1.9116

■ 60.8007, 25.0455,  
12.7940

■ 97.0926, -15.6025,  
1.7823

■ 55.1173, 33.9649,  
15.3742

■ 50.1536, 42.8500,  
17.9941

■ 46.0392, 51.2375,  
20.5074

■ 42.8931, 58.4548,  
22.6974

■ 40.7858, 63.7686,  
24.3234

■ 39.6875, 66.7150,  
25.2285

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.0783, 0.1663, 3.6377



81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462



81.0783, -1.3826, 7.6243

# Triad

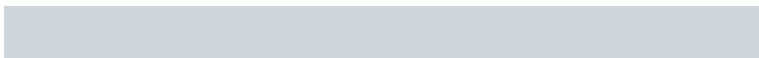
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.0783, -0.0280, 5.8475



81.0783, -7.7487, 7.1486



81.0783, -5.1403, 0.0663

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462



84.3035, -8.6318, 3.1931

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.0783, -7.2368, 1.0654



81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462



81.0783, -8.7314, 5.1814

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.0783, -0.0280, 5.8475



81.0783, -5.8465, 8.3606



81.0783, -8.5450, 2.9524



81.0783, -2.8032, 0.2570



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462



81.0783, -2.7529, 8.3442



81.0783, -8.5450, 2.9524



81.0783, -5.8961, 0.2752

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.0783, -0.0280, 5.8475



98.2170, -3.5253, 5.9120



81.4896, 2.2058, -0.0294



45.4804, -1.6726, 2.7241

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.0783, -0.0280, 5.8475



93.8304, 1.0691, 7.1368



83.0602, -3.3858, 8.0626



37.6660, 0.6195, 2.9288



30.3733, 52.0059, 19.6263



7.9980, 13.6871, 5.1679



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.3035, -8.6318, 3.1931



98.3703, -11.0438, 3.3997



82.2716, -5.3172, 0.7987



39.6271, -4.6134, 1.3143



58.4327, -30.9671, -6.1867

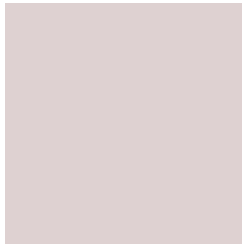


15.3847, -8.1538, -1.6279



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

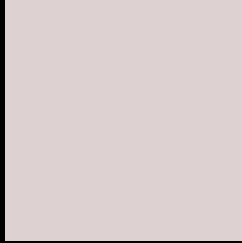
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

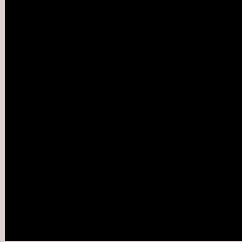
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

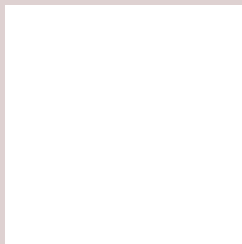
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.0765, -0.0259,

5.8462.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462

### Protanopia

81.1422, -2.8677, 5.3969

### Deuteranopia

81.0182, 5.9841, 5.4072



## Tritanopia

81.1176, 4.0976, -0.9706

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462

## Protanomaly

81.0258, -1.6998, 5.2816

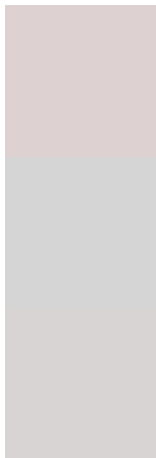
## Deuteranomaly

80.9035, 4.0749, 5.2399

## Tritanomaly

81.1552, 2.3577, 1.5899

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462

## Achromatopsia

81.5713, -4.3524, 4.4319

## Achromatomaly

81.5103, -3.0452, 4.8656

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 209, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 209, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 209, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 209, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 209, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 209, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 209, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 209, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 209, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 209,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 81.0765, -0.0259, 5.8462 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 209, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
209, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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